

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PREPARED BY:

Finance Department

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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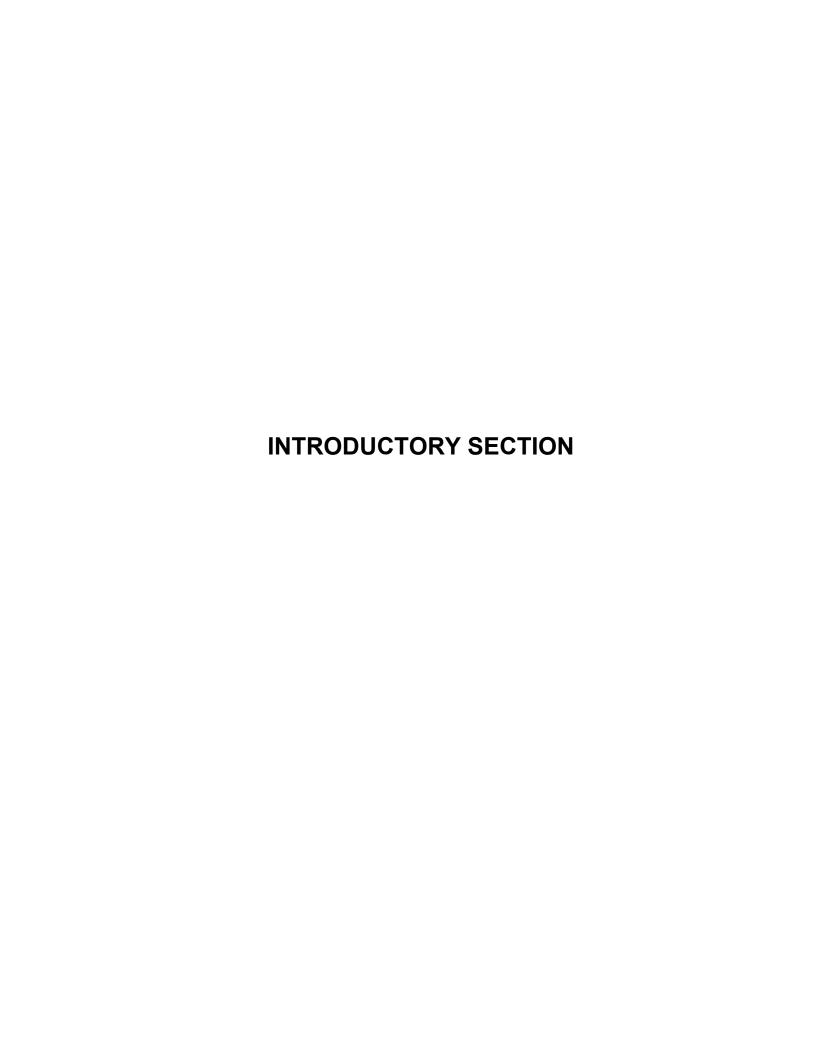
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Macon-Bibb County Finance Office 700 Poplar Street Room 307 Macon, Georgia 31201 Phone: (478) 751-7240

Christy W. Iuliucci Finance Director Karen McDuffie
Assistant Finance Director

February 15, 2022

Fax: (478) 751-7252

Honorable Members of the Macon-Bibb County Board of Commissioners and Citizens of Macon-Bibb County, Georgia:

State law requires all local governments publish a complete set of financial statements within six months of the close of each fiscal year. This report is to be based on accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue Macon-Bibb County, Georgia's (the "County") Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

This financial report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County, and it is complete and reliable in all material respects, to the best of my knowledge and belief. All disclosures necessary to enable interested citizens to gain a reasonable understanding of the County's financial activities have been included. As management, we assume full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Mauldin & Jenkins L.L.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance the financial statements in this report are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion of the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and that they are fairly presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the County was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Single Audit section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the County.

GAAP requires management provide a Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"), which includes a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis, to accompany the basic financial statements. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors, and this letter of transmittal should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

On April 20, 2012, Act 625 was signed into law by the Governor of Georgia to create and incorporate a new consolidated government under the name of Macon-Bibb County, subject to the approval by the voters of both the City of Macon and Bibb County, Georgia. The voters approved creating a new consolidated government on July 30, 2012, and a new Macon-Bibb County government became effective January 1, 2014.

Macon-Bibb County is located in the central part of the state, approximately 80 miles south of Atlanta on Interstate 75. As a consolidated entity, the government is considered both a City and County. The government serves a population of approximately 155,000, making it the fourth largest city in the state of Georgia. Macon-Bibb County is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

The Macon-Bibb County Board of Commission is the legislative branch of the government and consists of the Mayor (serving as Chair of the Commission and Chief Executive Officer of the government) and nine (9) Commissioners elected by districts. The Board of Commissioners is responsible for guiding policies by passing ordinances and resolutions, adopting the budget, confirming department heads, and making appointments to agencies and authorities within the County. A County Manager is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the County.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. The Commission holds public hearings on the proposed budget and adopts a final budget no later than June 30, which is the close of the County's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund (e.g., general), function (e.g., public works) and department (e.g., engineering). All departments and agencies funded by the County are required to submit a request for appropriations to the government's Budget Officer each year.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

Local Economy

Macon is strategically located at the intersection of I-75 and I-16, has two major railroad lines, is home to the largest rail switching center on the East Coast and benefits from a growing regional airport.

Gifted with an expansive historic district, the city's central business district is redeveloping in ways attractive to tourists and people looking to relocate in a walkable, bikeable, urban setting. Providing additional bicycle and pedestrian access to the only natural greenway trail in Middle Georgia will be a key to sustaining growth within the urban core. Already, the investment made by the local government has led to private investment opening new businesses, revitalizing older buildings, and attracting new development. Developments include the reopening of the legendary Capricorn Sound Studios, Macon Rock Climbing Gym, more than 50 restaurants, 678 loft units, and more bars and music venues to fill out the vibrant urban core. The first boutique hotel in the urban core is a Marriot Flagship - Hotel 45.

Downtown Macon is a vibrant hub of activity. The Georgia Sports Hall of Fame, Historic Douglass Theatre, Tubman African American Museum, Hargray Capitol Theater, Grand Opera House, and City Auditorium and Centreplex anchor the downtown entertainment district.

Two large hospital systems, Atrium Healthcare and Piedmont, service the middle Georgia community and draw annually more than 600,000 people from more than 50 miles away for medical services. Four institutions of Higher Education bring more than 10,000 students into the County.

Large employers include Amazon, Dean Baldwin Painting, Irving Consumer Products, YKK, GEICO, Tractor Supply, Tyson Foods and Kumho Tire. Since 2017, this represented 2 million square feet in new construction, \$1.3 billion in private investments, and 2,500 new jobs.

The County participates with the Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority and the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority to provide tax abatements to foster economic development. To compensate local jurisdictions for the taxes that would normally be paid, these projects provided payment in lieu of tax for FY 2021 of \$12.6 million. Some of these include Kumho Tire, Irving Tissue and Mr. Chips.

Irving Tissue began doubling its capacity during FY 2021 after initially opening their \$470 million dollar tissue plant in Macon, Georgia in 2019. Irving Tissue produces premium household store brand paper products for many of North America's top retailers, in addition to some of the top-selling tissue brands in the marketplace. It is part of Irving Consumer Products, one of North America's leading manufacturers of household paper and baby diaper products. Irving Tissue's \$470 million dollar plant is located on Allen Road in the Sofkee Industrial Park and employs more than 200 people. The newest phase of the project represents an additional \$400 million dollar investment, adding another 150 jobs.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The voters of the County have passed two major financial boosts for the community. First, they passed a Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("SPLOST") in 2011, which began in 2012 to provide funding that would start major capital projects and pay off debt that would otherwise be paid from General Fund revenues. In 2016, the voters approved continuing the SPLOST penny collection for capital projects in the amount of \$280 million. In order to continue the forward momentum, Commissioners approved \$35 million in bond funding to continue project progress prior to the penny collection, which began in April 2018. Collection of this SPLOST will continue until the quarter that the State Revenue Commissioner determines that the tax has raised equal to or greater than \$280 million.

Included in the 2018 SPLOST are: recreation center improvements; millions of dollars for economic development; an airport runway extension; funding to attack blight in our neighborhoods; public safety equipment; road and bridge construction improvements and repairs; a courthouse addition; stormwater improvements; closure of the landfill; and more.

As health care costs impact financial planning, in 2018 the County established a health care committee to amend and rebid the health care plan in order to achieve savings. The health care committee continues to review current and projected health care expenses to monitor and proactively address trends that could substantially impact the County. An emphasis has been placed on the employee wellness program to boost employees' overall health and reduce chronic illnesses and their costs.

In 2020, the County issued \$21.77 million in revenue bonds to provide funding for the acquisition, renovation, construction, furnishing and equipping of the City Hall Annex Hotel in downtown Macon, and for the renovation of Rosa Parks Square, which is adjacent to the Hotel. The hotel and park are expected to draw visitors and events that will benefit the public and the local economy.

Relevant Financial Policies

The County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to both protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits to be derived, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Budgetary control is maintained at the department level. No increase in the overall budget can be made without the approval of the Board of Commissioners and amendment to the budget. Unencumbered appropriations in the annual operating budget lapse at fiscal year-end.

Major Initiatives

The focus of the Macon-Bibb County Strategic Plan, developed under the oversight of the newly elected Mayor Lester L Miller, is focused on the Mayor's belief that "Together, we can make sure everyone has the opportunity to thrive right here in our hometown."

The Strategic Plan was developed over a four-month process with a diverse group of community members participating in various work sessions to create a "Blueprint for a Renewed Macon-Bibb". Five focus areas emerged: Public Safety; Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion; Recreation and Tourism; Economic Development; and Education and Workforce Development.

Additionally, the voters of the County were afforded the opportunity to vote for a second penny of sales tax known as Other Local Option Sales Tax ("OLOST") which is anticipated to generate \$32 million annually and provide property tax relief.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association ("GFOA") has awarded Macon-Bibb County a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") for Fiscal Year 2020 (FY20). According to GFOA, the Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition in the area of governmental accounting and financial reporting, and its attainment represents a significant accomplishment by a government and its management.

The County's ACFR was judged by an impartial panel to meet the high standards of the program, which includes demonstrating a constructive "spirit of full disclosure" to clearly communicate its financial story. It was developed by the Macon-Bibb County Finance Department working with a team from Mauldin & Jenkins, Certified Public Accountants and Consultants.

In addition, the County also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, an operations guide, a financial plan and a communication device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department, Budget and Strategic Planning, and the Office of the Mayor. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the Board of Commissioners for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the oversight of Macon-Bibb County's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Christy W. Iuliucci, CPA

Christy W. Juliucci

Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Macon-Bibb County Georgia

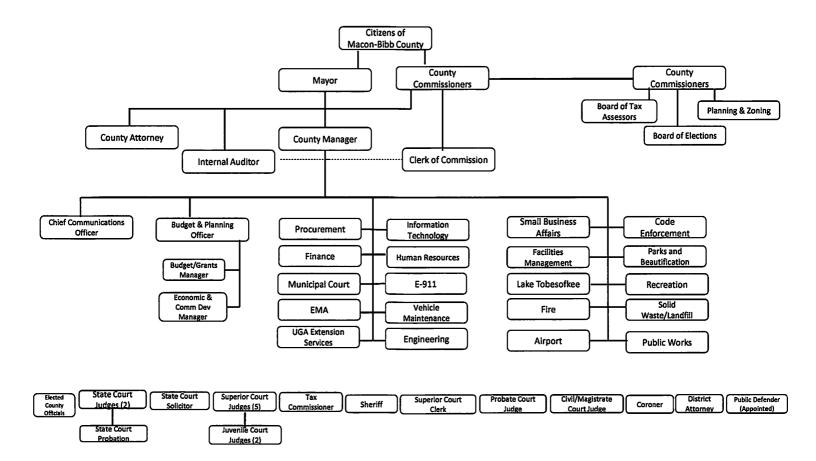
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART JUNE 30, 2021



LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS **JUNE 30, 2021**

Titles Names

Mayor Lester Miller Seth Clark Mayor Pro-Tem Commissioner Valerie Wynn Commissioner Paul Bronson Commissioner Mallory Jones Elaine Lucas Commissioner Bill Howell Commissioner Raymond Wilder Commissioner Commissioner Al Tillman Commissioner Virgil Watkins

Constitutional Officers:

Probate Court Judge Sarah Harris Sheriff **David Davis** Superior Court Clerk Erica Woodford Tax Commissioner Wade McCord

Elected Officials: Civil and Magistrate Judge

Coroner

District Attorney Public Defender State Court Judge State Court Judge

Chief Superior Court Judge

State Court Solicitor General

Superior Court Judge Superior Court Judge Superior Court Judge Superior Court Judge

Administrative: County Manager

Assistant to County Manager - Budget/Strategic Planning

Assistant to County Manager - Public Affairs

Director of Human Resources

Director of Finance County Attorney Interim Fire Chief Director of F-911

Emergency Management Director Director of Code Enforcement Director of Facilities Management

Director of Recreation

Director of Vehicle Maintenance

Economic and Community Development Manager

Director of Parks and Beautification

Chief Information Officer Municipal Court Clerk Director of Public Works Director of Engineering Director of Solid Waste

Director of Small Business Affairs

Municipal Court Judge Clerk of the Commission

Airport Manager Internal Auditor **Elections Supervisor** Pam White Colbert **Howard Simms** Leon Jones Anita Howard Rick Waller Jeffrey Hanson Sharell Lewis Rebecca Grist

Connie Williford Marsh David Mincey III Philip Raymond Jeffery O'Neal Monroe

Dr. Keith Moffett Julie Moore Chris Floore Derrick T. Jordan Christy W. Iuliucci

Shane Fdwards

Shandel Graham

Interim

Spencer Hawkins J.T. Ricketson Robert Ryals Robert Walker Timothy Keith Butler Wanzina Jackson Michael Glisson Reginald A. Brown LaTonya Slaughter Timothy Wilder Charles Brooks Interim Charise Stephens Crystal Jones Janice Ross

Doug Faour

Stephanie Jones

Jeanetta Watson

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners of Macon-Bibb County, Georgia Macon, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Macon-Bibb County**, **Georgia** (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority, the Middle Georgia Regional Library, the Macon-Bibb County Board of Health, the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority, the Macon-Bibb County Convention and Visitors Bureau, the Macon-Bibb County Planning and Zoning Commission, or the Development Authority of Bibb County, which represent 81.7% of the assets, 75.8% of net position, and 64.4% of revenues of Macon-Bibb County, Georgia's component units as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority, the Middle Georgia Regional Library, the Macon-Bibb County Board of Health, the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority, the Macon-Bibb County Convention and Visitors Bureau, the Macon-Bibb County Planning and Zoning Commission, and the Development Authority of Bibb County is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our report and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison information for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 16, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, as of July 1, 2020. This significantly changed the accounting for the County's activities previously reported as agency funds. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 15 and the schedules of changes in the County's net pension liabilities and related ratios for the respective pension plans, the schedules of County contributions for the respective pension plans, the schedules of pension investment returns for the respective pension plans, the schedule of changes in the County's net other post-employment benefit liability and related ratios, the schedule of County contributions for the other post-employment benefit plan, and the schedule of investment returns for the other post-employment benefit plan on pages 117 through 128 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated §48-8-121 and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the County.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 15, 2022, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Macon-Bibb County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia February 15, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2021

As management of Macon-Bibb County, Georgia (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i – iv of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows as of June 30, 2021
- Total net position for governmental activities was \$71.3 million.
- Total net position for business-type activities was \$38.6 million.
- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, fund balance for the General Fund increased \$11.6 million to \$44,748,284. Unassigned fund balance increased from \$25,113,098 in FY 2020 to \$36,771,234 in FY 2021. Assigned fund balance totaled \$7.7 million, including \$5.6 million assigned for working capital.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") serves as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The statements within the first component consist of government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's overall financial status in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statements within the second component consist of fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the County government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements provide the third component of the basic financial statements. The notes provide descriptions of policies underlying the amounts displayed in the financial statements, additional detail or explanations concerning amounts displayed in the financial statements, and additional information on items that do not meet the criteria for recognition and so are not reflected in the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances. These two statements include the: 1) statement of net position, and 2) statement of activities.

The statement of net position presents information on the County's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during FY 2021. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, judicial, public safety, public works, housing and development, health and welfare, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities are Lake Tobesofkee Recreation, Solid Waste, Airport, Coliseum, Mulberry Street Parking Garage, and Bowden Golf Course.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Macon-Bibb County Government (known as the primary government), but also the component units of Macon-Bibb County. Financial information for the component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. Data for the component units is combined into a single aggregated presentation. Additional information for all component units can be found in the combining statements on pages 171 – 174 of this report.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16 – 19 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the County government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Macon-Bibb County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the County can be divided into three (3) categories: 1) governmental funds, 2) proprietary funds, and 3) fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Macon-Bibb County maintains thirty-three (33) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, American Rescue Plan Grant Fund, Capital Improvements Fund and Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("SPLOST") 2018 Project Fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other twenty-nine (29) governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining fund statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, special revenue funds and debt service fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 – 28 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for Lake Tobesofkee Recreation, Solid Waste, Airport, Coliseum, Mulberry Street Parking Garage and Bowden Golf Course. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. Internal service funds are used to account for the County's Group Insurance and Vehicle Maintenance Funds. The costs of these services have been allocated between the governmental activities and the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Solid Waste Fund and Airport Fund. Data from the other enterprise funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. The two internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated column in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining fund statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29 – 33 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government, such as the pension plan and other post-employment benefit plan for Macon-Bibb County employees. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Individual fund data for the fiduciary funds is provided in the form of both combining statements and individual fund statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 34 and 35 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 36 – 116 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Summary of Net Position

	Governmental Activities			ss-type vities	Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets Total Assets	\$ 222,548,703 317,605,485 540,154,188	\$ 150,799,756 331,134,261 481,934,017	\$ 25,523,005 42,890,156 68,413,161	\$ 22,291,425 36,206,984 58,498,409	\$ 248,071,708 360,495,641 608,567,349	\$ 173,091,181 367,341,245 540,432,426		
Deferred Outflows	44,963,766	50,741,297	866,125	1,037,831	45,829,891	51,779,128		
Long-Term Liabilities Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	423,258,901 63,465,063 486,723,964	389,524,451 20,177,178 409,701,629	27,985,265 2,646,162 30,631,427	28,068,256 1,882,771 29,951,027	451,244,166 66,111,225 517,355,391	417,592,707 22,059,949 439,652,656		
Deferred Inflows Net Position: Net investment in	27,032,730	42,299,131	44,542	105,889	27,077,272	42,405,020		
capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	228,149,255 81,080,968 (237,868,963)	247,974,382 71,550,352 (238,850,180)	42,890,156	35,884,703 - (6,405,379)	271,039,411 81,080,968 (242,155,802)	283,859,085 71,550,352 (245,255,559)		
Total Net Position	\$ 71,361,260	\$ 80,674,554	\$ 38,603,317	\$ 29,479,324	\$ 109,964,577	\$ 110,153,878		

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Macon-Bibb County's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$109,964,577 at the close of FY 2021.

By far the largest portion of the County's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., infrastructure, land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and vehicles); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Macon-Bibb County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of the County's net position, \$81.1 million, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

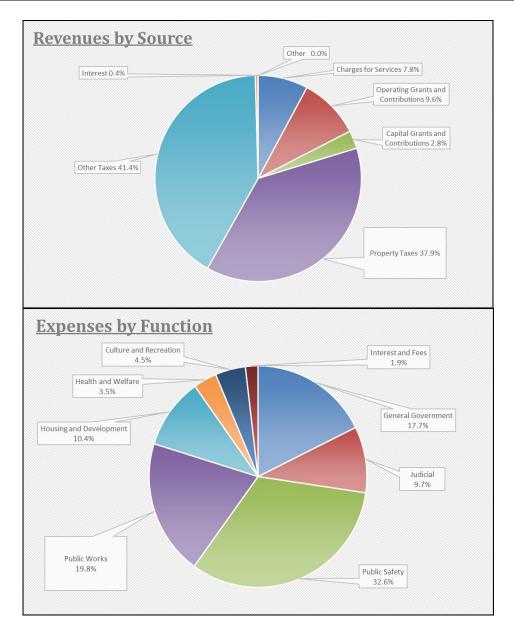
The remaining balance represents unrestricted net position. At the end of the 2021 fiscal year, the County's unrestricted net position was a deficit of \$242.1 million, a decrease of \$3.1 million from the deficit for fiscal year 2020. The deficit in unrestricted net position in the governmental activities of \$237.9 million is the result of the net increase in the net pension liability, net OPEB liability, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB. The County contributes to the Employees' Retirement Program Pension Trust Fund based on the actuarially determined contribution. The County contributes to the OPEB Trust Fund on a pay-as you-go basis.

The County's net position decreased by \$189,301 through current operations. Governmental activities resulted in a decrease in net position of approximately \$9.3 million; business-type activities resulted in an increase in net position of approximately \$9.1 million. The following table was derived from the government-wide Statement of Activities and reflects how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year.

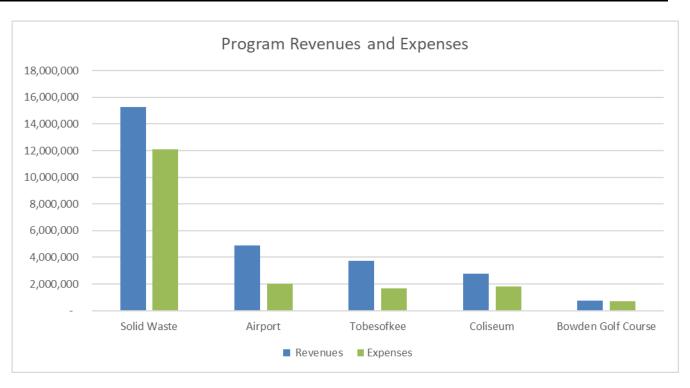
Summary of Changes	in Net Position
--------------------	-----------------

	Governmental			ess-type			
		/ities		vities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 20,232,446	\$ 26,760,425	\$ 17,239,517	\$ 15,119,117	\$ 37,471,963	\$ 41,879,542	
Operating grants and							
contributions	24,812,153	15,365,314	-	-	24,812,153	15,365,314	
Capital grants and	- 040 000	4 704 400			= 040 000	4.704.400	
contributions	7,312,899	4,761,162	-	-	7,312,899	4,761,162	
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	97,921,816	92,185,293	-	-	97,921,816	92,185,293	
Other taxes	106,938,826	100,905,274	-	=	106,938,826	100,905,274	
Interest	1,048,405	1,862,529	55,097	89,236	1,103,502	1,951,765	
Other	95,759	199,411			95,759	199,411	
Total revenues	258,362,304	242,039,408	17,294,614	15,208,353	275,656,918	257,247,761	
Expenses:							
General government	45,620,684	46,001,471	-	=	45,620,684	46,001,471	
Judicial	24,909,844	25,790,404	-	-	24,909,844	25,790,404	
Public safety	84,141,693	86,548,435	-	-	84,141,693	86,548,435	
Public works	51,119,379	18,465,317	-	-	51,119,379	18,465,317	
Housing and development	26,776,098	12,541,149	-	-	26,776,098	12,541,149	
Health and welfare	8,957,912	7,928,696	_	=	8,957,912	7,928,696	
Culture and recreation	11,581,834	14,586,119	_	=	11,581,834	14,586,119	
Interest and fees on long-term debt	4,804,847	4,495,129	_	-	4,804,847	4,495,129	
Recreation facility	, , , -	-	1,644,955	1,610,685	1,644,955	1,610,685	
Solid waste	_	_	11,810,152	14,920,486	11,810,152	14,920,486	
Airport	_	_	1,944,078	1,800,262	1,944,078	1,800,262	
Coliseum	_	_	1,829,234	1,743,025	1,829,234	1,743,025	
Bowden Golf Course	<u>-</u>	_	705,509	875,510	705,509	875,510	
Total expenses	257,912,291	216,356,720	17,933,928	20,949,968	275,846,219	237,306,688	
Increase (decrease) in							
net position before							
Transfers	450,013	25,682,688	(639,314)	(5,741,615)	(189,301)	19,941,073	
Transfers	(9,763,307)	(4,797,452)	9,763,307	4,797,452	· · · · ·	-	
Change in net position	(9,313,294)	20,885,236	9,123,993	(944,163)	(189,301)	19,941,073	
Net Position, Beginning	80,674,554	59,789,318	29,479,324	30,423,487	110,153,878	90,212,805	
Net Position, Ending	\$ 71,361,260	\$ 80,674,554	\$ 38,603,317	\$ 29,479,324	\$ 109,964,577	\$ 110,153,878	

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the County's net position by \$9.3 million. Total revenues of \$258 million in fiscal year 2021 represents an increase of \$16.3 due to an increase in operating grants and contributions of \$10.6 million, an increase in capital grants and contributions of \$2.5 million, and an increase in both property taxes and other taxes totaling \$10.5 million. These increases were partially offset by a \$6.5 million decrease in charges for services. Expenses increased by \$41.5 million (19.2%) due to increases in Public Works (\$32.6 million) and Housing and Development (\$14.2 million). The governmental activities transferred \$9.7 million in capital assets to the business-type activities in fiscal year 2021.



Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$9.1 million. A 13.7% increase in revenues and a 14.4% decrease in expenses contributed to the \$5.1 million increase in total net position before transfers for the County's business-type activities. Charges for services in the business-type activities increased \$2.1 million (14.0%) from fiscal year 2020. Total business-type expenses decreased \$3 million (14.4%) from fiscal year 2020 mostly due to landfill closure cost estimates. The governmental activities transferred \$9.7 million in capital assets to the business- type activities in fiscal year 2021.



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's individual funds, not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the County uses to track specific sources of funding and spending for purposes. Some funds are required by State law and/or by bond covenants. The Board of Commissioners establishes other funds to control and manage money for purposes (like the purchase or construction of major capital facilities within the County) or to show that it is properly using certain grants and taxes (like the 1-cent SPLOST).

Governmental Funds. Most of the County's basic services are included here, such as judicial, public safety, public works, housing and development, health and welfare, culture and recreation and general administration. These focus on: 1) cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of each fiscal year.

General Fund

The main operating fund for the County, the General Fund, is used to account for all governmental financial resources not restricted by state or federal laws, local ordinances, or other externally imposed requirements. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was approximately \$36.7 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 21% of General Fund expenditures and transfers out. Total fund balance increased \$11.5 million, as compared to an increase of \$14.1 million in fiscal year 2020. This increase in operating results is attributable to \$4 million (4%) of personal services savings compared to budget due to position vacancies. Another \$2.3 million of budget savings was attributable to purchased/ contracted services. The \$8.6

million of expenditure budget savings plus \$1.1 million of revenues over budget led to the increase to total fund balance.

Total fund balance for the General Fund at the end of fiscal year 2021 is \$44.7 million. In the fiscal year 2021 budget, \$7.6 million is assigned to supplement the operating budget. The remaining balance, approximately \$36.7 million, is available for emergencies, maintenance of facilities and infrastructure, and other governmental activities at the discretion of the Mayor and Commission.

General Fund Budget Highlights

In FY 2021, the General Fund's adopted revenue budget was significantly reduced due to conservative estimates related to the economic impact of the Coronavirus expecting to utilize \$5.6 million in fund balance by the end of the fiscal year. Total General Fund revenue for the year, \$181.2 million, was \$25.3 million more than the final budget. However, this is only a \$10.7 million increase over the prior year resulting from additional property and sales tax revenue.

Total General Fund expenditures for fiscal year 2021 were \$157.9 million resulting in a positive budget variance of \$10.1 million. Personal services were \$3.9 million less than budgeted due to position vacancies. Purchased/contracted services were \$2.3 million less than budgeted.

Positive variances beyond the expectations for FY 2021 resulted in an increase in fund balance of \$11.5 million. During the year, supplemental budget adjustments were made utilizing a portion of these savings. The largest area was related to pre-funding of debt for FY 2022.

Other Major Governmental Funds

Voters approved a SPLOST in 2016 with collections beginning in April 2018 (SPLOST 2018 Fund). In FY 2017, the County issued \$35 million in General Obligation SPLOST debt to provide funds for capital outlay projects defined in the SPLOST resolution. SPLOST revenue for FY 2021 totaled \$35.9 million. Expenditures totaled \$30.7 million in FY 2020 and \$31.0 million in FY 2021. Significant project expenditures in FY 2021 included the following:

- Public Works \$8.6 million \$5.6 million resulting from various Stormwater Management projects.
- Culture and Recreation \$7.5 million \$2.4 million was related to the capital improvements at the Lake Tobesofkee Ranger Station; other significant improvements were for the Coliseum, Freedom Park and Central City Park.
- Economic Development \$4.6 million significant improvements were made to Booker T. Washington Center and Robert Train Memorial Center.
- \$8.9 million debt service for SPLOST and previously incurred debt.

The SPLOST 2018 Fund ended the fiscal year with a total fund balance of \$45 million.

The American Rescue Plan Grant Fund is used to account for grant funds awarded to the County as part of the State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund under the American Rescue Plan. The Macon-Bibb County Commission will begin allocating the \$37 million funding received during FY 2021 to mitigate the negative impact to tourism and food programs, housing support, and community violence intervention.

The Capital Improvements Fund accounts for the purchase or construction/ improvements of major capital items and facilities within the County. Expenditures for FY 2021 were \$28.7 million. Significant project expenditures in FY 2021 included the following:

- \$9 million in project costs related to the \$21.7 of Macon-Bibb Urban Development Authority Bonds for the City Hall Hotel Annex Project which were funds to finance costs of certain Macon-Bibb Urban Development Authority projects related to the acquisition, renovation, construction, furnishing and equipping of the City Hall Annex Hotel (or Hotel 45).
- \$13 million in project costs related to the \$24 million of Macon-Bibb Urban Development Authority Bonds
 which were funds to finance the Energy Savings Project. The two-year construction phase project
 addresses the needs of our facilities to include improvements to lighting, building automation systems,
 telecommunications, and HVAC needs.

Proprietary Funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. At the end of the current fiscal year, Enterprise Fund net investment in capital assets and unrestricted net position were \$42.8 million and (\$3.6 million), respectively. The total increase in net position was \$9.1 million. The major proprietary funds are the Solid Waste Fund and the Airport Fund. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities on page 10 of this report.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021, amounted to \$360,495,641 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, dam, roads, highways, and bridges.

Summary of Capital Accord

			Summary	Of Ca	apitai Assets					
			(net c	f depi	reciation)					
	Govern	men	tal		Busine	ss-typ	oe			
	Activ	/ities			Activ	vities		To	tal	
	2021		2020		2021		2020	2021		2020
Land	\$ 52,531,394	\$	50,674,383	\$	7,639,561	\$	7,639,561	\$ 60,170,955	\$	58,313,944
Earthen Dam	-		-		2,625,294		2,625,294	2,625,294		2,625,294
Construction in Process	41,165,430		38,491,082		7,508,599		1,118,939	48,674,029		39,610,021
Buildings and Improvements	107,540,930		109,040,144		10,149,245		10,946,004	117,690,175		119,986,148
Land Improvements	26,384,199		19,845,594		5,967,485		6,188,023	32,351,684		26,033,617
Dam Improvements	-		-		567,144		634,012	567,144		634,012
Machinery, Equipment										
and Furniture	10,154,616		11,910,568		2,618,442		1,432,368	12,773,058		13,342,936
Vehicles	6,124,430		6,166,660		1,823,825		1,356,937	7,948,255		7,523,597
Infrastructure	73,704,486		95,005,830		3,990,561		4,265,846	77,695,047		99,271,676
Total	\$ 317,605,485	\$	331,134,261	\$	42,890,156	\$	36,206,984	\$ 360,495,641	\$	367,341,245

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the capital asset schedules in the notes to the financial statements on pages 70 - 72 of this report.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental activities had outstanding general obligation sales tax bond debt totaling \$29,567,077; tax allocation district bond debt totaling \$4,130,000; revenue bond debt totaling \$98,664,198; capital lease debt \$144,181; certificates of participation debt totaling \$13,452,000;

and a note payable to component unit of \$835,437. The governmental activities revenue bond debt represents revenue bond debt issued by various authorities and guaranteed by the taxing power of the government through contracts. The County's business-type activities had landfill post-closure liability of \$24.5 million.

Summary of Outstanding Debt

	Governmental		Busine	ss-type			
	Activ	ities	Activ	vities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
General obligation							
sales tax bonds	\$ 29,567,077	\$ 33,224,682	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,567,077	\$ 33,224,682	
Tax allocation bonds	4,130,000	4,410,000	-	-	4,130,000	4,410,000	
Revenue bonds	98,664,198	69,770,299	-	-	98,664,198	69,770,299	
Other contractual							
obligations	144,181	239,446	-	322,281	144,181	561,727	
Certificates of							
participation	13,452,000	13,452,000	-	-	13,452,000	13,452,000	
Note payable to							
component unit	835,437	991,175	-	-	835,437	991,175	
Compensated absences							
liability	7,847,543	7,688,983	131,055	149,291	7,978,598	7,838,274	
Claims payable	10,740,784	11,150,003	-	-	10,740,784	11,150,003	
Landfill post-closure	-	-	24,570,000	23,690,000	24,570,000	23,690,000	
Net pension liability	116,612,160	109,206,166	3,284,210	3,906,684	119,896,370	113,112,850	
Net post-employment							
benefit liability	141,265,521	139,391,697			141,265,521	139,391,697	
Total	\$ 423,258,901	\$ 389,524,451	\$ 27,985,265	\$ 28,068,256	\$ 451,244,166	\$ 417,592,707	

The County maintains an "A1" rating from Moody's and an "AA-" rating from Standard & Poor's Corporation for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10% of the assessed value of all taxable property (tax digest) within said county. The current debt limitation for the County is \$448,420,053 based upon total assessed values of \$4,744,547,949 with \$26,120,000 of general obligation sales tax bonds outstanding, \$4,130,000 of tax allocation bonds outstanding, \$3,867,615 restricted for debt service of the sales tax bonds and \$347,743 restricted for debt service of the tax allocation bonds. The County's financial policies provide an additional debt limitation. The ratio of General Fund plus SPLOST Fund debt service as a percentage of General Fund and SPLOST Fund revenues should not exceed 15%. The FY 2021 debt service limit of \$32.5 million is based on General Fund and SPLOST Fund revenues totaling \$217 million.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements on pages 72 – 82 of this report.

Economic Factors

The Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority ("MBCIA") is the lead agency for attracting new business investment, encouraging the expansion of existing industries and improving the quality of life in the Macon-Bibb County area. MBCIA has generated more than \$1.3 billion in private investments, created 2,500 new jobs from industries that include Amazon, Irving Consumer Products, Tyson Foods, Nichiha Fiber Cement and Kumho Tires Georgia.

On July 24, 2021 the FFD GA Holdings, LLC ("FFD") was selected by the Georgia Access to Medical Cannabis Commission to build a state-of-the-art, GMP-certified medical cannabis cultivation and production facility in Macon-Bibb County, Georgia.

The facility will be located on more than 10 acres of land in the Ocmulgee East Industrial Park, which is owned by the MBCIA. Construction of the new facility is expected to invest \$30-50 million in the local economy, and FFD has guaranteed a majority will be spent with local and minority businesses. Site preparation and construction should begin in the coming weeks. Once operational, FFD will employ nearly 100 well-paying jobs in high, medium, and low skill jobs while offering healthcare, employee-sponsored retirement plans, and very competitive salaries.

Dean Baldwin Painting marked the official start of operations and welcomed the first aircraft, a B767 freighter, to the newly constructed aircraft painting facility at the Middle Georgia Regional Airport ("MGRCA"). The extension of the runway will allow for larger airplanes to utilize the MGRA and is currently included in the five-year CIP for funding through the FAA.

The unemployment rate for the County in June 2020 was 7.7% and has fallen to 2.9% in November 2021. Efforts of the MBCIA, Macon-Bibb County Government, and Bibb County School District have led the way in maintaining job opportunities in the County.

Next Year's Budget

The FY 2022 General Fund budget passed with no property tax increase. The FY 2022 budget was created amid a global pandemic, which had significant economic impact around the world. The American Rescue Plan Act provided \$37,932,344 in federal funding to respond to the public health emergency, address negative economic impacts in the community, and provide support to the disproportionately impacted communities. This support allowed us to maintain staffing levels. FY 2022 budget focuses on maintaining infrastructure, supporting public safety through a longevity bonus, and focusing on cleaning up and beautifying areas throughout the County.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Macon-Bibb County, Georgia's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 700 Poplar Street, P.O. Box 247, Macon, Georgia 31202.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

		Primary Government		
	Governmental	Business-type	_	Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
ASSETS	A 00.077.000	A 405.050	¢ 04.540.005	¢ 00.074.740
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 23,077,936 184,556,165	\$ 1,465,959 5,446,418	\$ 24,543,895 190,002,583	\$ 22,371,746 2,103,012
Receivables, net of allowance:	104,550,105	5,440,410	190,002,363	2,103,012
Taxes	6,080,938	_	6,080,938	_
Special assessments	1,208	-	1,208	_
Accounts	1,394,884	8,639,132	10,034,016	893,013
Accrued interest	50,648	-	50,648	25,075
Lease receivable	-	-	<u>-</u>	393,203
Loan receivable	-	-	-	1,729,573
Due from other governments	12,467,447	-	12,467,447	4,182,669
Due from primary government	-	-	-	835,437
Earnest money	(2.2.4.2.2.7)	-	-	5,000
Internal balances	(9,949,617)	9,949,617	-	747.700
Inventories	-	- 04.070	-	747,790
Prepaid items	573,097	21,879	594,976	416,833
Restricted cash Long-term loans receivable	1,034,554	-	1,034,554	1,672,442
Net pension asset	1,034,334		1,034,334	145,483
Fair value of interest-rate swap	3,261,443		3,261,443	143,403
Capital assets, non-depreciable	93,696,824	17,773,454	111,470,278	46,293,494
Capital assets, depreciable (net of accumulated depreciation)	223,908,661	25,116,702	249,025,363	45,772,551
Total assets	540,154,188	68,413,161	608,567,349	127,587,321
	040,104,100	00,410,101	000,007,043	127,007,021
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES OPEB	9,306,345		9,306,345	1,015,837
Pensions	35,657,421	866.125	36,523,546	2,521,577
Total deferred outflows of resources	44,963,766	866,125	45,829,891	3,537,414
	11,000,100	000,120	10,020,001	0,007,111
LIABILITIES	12 006 706	0 477 404	46 004 407	0.400.007
Accounts payable Checks issued in excess of bank balance	13,806,726	2,477,401	16,284,127	2,182,027 68,298
Retainage payable	1,133,425	-	1,133,425	00,290
Accrued liabilities	5,234,681	133,511	5,368,192	843,080
Accrued interest payable	604,412	-	604,412	-
Due to other governments	-	_	-	30,172
Security deposits	303,574	4,000	307,574	94,298
Unearned revenue	42,382,245	31,250	42,413,495	134,507
Line of credit	-	-	-	581,018
Non-current liabilities				
Due within one year:				
Claims payable	1,234,784	-	1,234,784	-
Direct borrowings	97,928	-	97,928	-
Bonds payable	10,852,181	-	10,852,181	3,170,353
Notes payable	4 000 000	-	4 000 000	451,213
Workers compensation claims	1,898,000	04.556	1,898,000	- 204 704
Compensated absences	4,057,971	84,556	4,142,527	321,781
Due to component unit Due in more than one year:	160,808	-	160,808	-
Direct borrowings	46,253	_	46,253	_
Certificates of participation	13,452,000	_	13,452,000	_
Bonds payable	121,509,094	_	121,509,094	26,274,982
Notes payable		_		5,121,206
Straight line lease liability	_	_	-	98,244
Net pension liability	116,612,160	3,284,210	119,896,370	12,174,303
Landfill closure/post-closure	, , , <u>-</u>	24,570,000	24,570,000	-
Workers compensation claims	7,608,000	-	7,608,000	-
Post-employment benefit liability	141,265,521	-	141,265,521	4,254,693
Componented absonage	3,789,572	46,499	3,836,071	_
Compensated absences		40,400		
Due to component unit	674,629	-	674,629	179,974

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Fair value of effective hedge	\$ 3,261,443	\$ -	\$ 3,261,443	\$ -
OPEB	12,494,308	-	12,494,308	1,582,232
Pensions	11,276,979	44,542	11,321,521	422,732
Total deferred inflows of resources	27,032,730	44,542	27,077,272	2,004,964
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	228,149,255	42,890,156	271,039,411	58,138,735
Restricted for:				
Debt service	25,337,298	-	25,337,298	-
Grant programs	1,030,465	-	1,030,465	-
Capital projects	48,270,284	-	48,270,284	1,500,731
Community and economic development	1,997,402	-	1,997,402	1,293,024
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	5,198,736
Program loans	-	-	-	545,135
Prior year program income	-	-	-	1,534,332
Debt covenants	-	-	-	1,859,967
Public safety	3,571,576	-	3,571,576	-
Victim assistance and court programs	873,943	-	873,943	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(237,868,963)	(4,286,839)	(242,155,802)	3,068,962
Total net position	\$ 71,361,260	\$ 38,603,317	\$ 109,964,577	\$ 73,139,622

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Prog	gram Revenues Operating		Capital
		(Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	C	ontributions
Primary government:							
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 45,620,684	\$	8,454,410	\$	9,982,094	\$	-
Judicial	24,909,844		2,327,094		1,600,984		-
Public safety	84,141,693		7,161,699		412,102		40,740
Public works	51,119,379		272,841		7,836,529		7,272,159
Housing and development	26,776,098		1,680,583		4,971,134		-
Health and welfare	8,957,912		-		-		-
Culture and recreation	11,581,834		335,819		9,310		-
Interest on long-term debt	4,804,847		-		-		-
Total governmental activities	\$ 257,912,291	\$	20,232,446	\$	24,812,153	\$	7,312,899
Business-type activities							
Tobesofkee Recreation Fund	\$ 1,644,955	\$	794,269	\$	-	\$	-
Solid Waste Fund	11,810,152		14,794,371		_		_
Airport Fund	1,944,078		1,004,555		-		-
Coliseum Fund	1,829,234		201,800		-		-
Bowden Golf Course Fund	705,509		444,522		_		_
Total business-type activities	\$ 17,933,928	\$	17,239,517	\$	-	\$	-
Component units:							
Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority	\$ 6,842,228	\$	1,660,626	\$	300,000	\$	3,481,637
Middle Georgia Regional Library	4,001,165		75,869		4,028,551		-
Macon-Bibb County Transit Authority	9,614,357		1,122,251		6,730,132		4,723,509
Macon-Bibb County Board of Health	5,077,914		2,846,755		2,546,883		432,639
Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority	4,233,955		4,119,114		285,305		778,857
Macon-Bibb Convention and Visitors Bureau	1,884,432		26,156		277,885		· -
Macon-Bibb Planning and Zoning Commission	2,087,529		933,623		328,393		-
Development Authority of Bibb County	7,197		· -		, <u>-</u>		-
Macon-Bibb County Land Bank Authority	602,633		-		1,217,405		-
Total component units	\$ 34,351,410	\$	10,784,394	\$	15,714,554	\$	9,416,642

General revenues:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Hotel/motel taxes

Alcoholic beverage taxes

Recording intangible taxes

Real estate transfer tax

Franchise taxes

Insurance premium tax

Financial institution taxes

Payments in lieu of taxes

Interest and penalties on delinquent taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Unrestricted investment earnings

Payment from Macon-Bibb County

Other revenues

Gain on sale of capital assets

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year Net position, end of year

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

	Primary Government		
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units
(27,184,180)	\$ -	\$ (27,184,180)	\$
(20,981,766)	Ψ	(20,981,766)	Ψ
	-		
(76,527,152)	-	(76,527,152)	
(35,737,850)	-	(35,737,850)	
(20,124,381)	-	(20,124,381)	
(8,957,912)	-	(8,957,912)	
(11,236,705)	-	(11,236,705)	
(4,804,847)		(4,804,847)	
(205,554,793)		(205,554,793)	
-	(850,686)	(850,686)	
-	2,984,219	2,984,219	
-	(939,523)	(939,523)	
-	(1,627,434)	(1,627,434)	
-	(260,987)	(260,987)	
-	(694,411)	(694,411)	
-	-	-	(1,399,96
-	-	-	103,25
_	-	-	2,961,53
_	_	_	748,36
_	_	_	949,32
_	_	_	(1,580,39
_	_	_	* ' '
•	-	-	(825,51
-	-	-	(7,19
			614,77 1,564,18
			1,001,10
97,921,816	-	97,921,816	
70,565,046	-	70,565,046	
4,171,722	-	4,171,722	
2,571,895	-	2,571,895	
1,386,737	-	1,386,737	
410,416	_	410,416	
12,204,838	_	12,204,838	
12,511,162		12,511,162	
243,446	_	243,446	
,	-	,	2 400 40
314,049	-	314,049	3,496,40
2,559,515	-	2,559,515	159,92
1 0/19 /05	- 55,097	1 102 502	
1,048,405	55,097	1,103,502	95,48 5,742,24
05.750	-	-	5,743,34
95,759	-	95,759	161,90 513,35
(9,763,307)	9,763,307	-	513,35
196,241,499	9,818,404	206,059,903	10,170,39
(9,313,294)	9,123,993	(189,301)	11,734,57
80,674,554	29,479,324	110,153,878	61,405,04
71,361,260	\$ 38,603,317	\$ 109,964,577	\$ 73,139,62

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS		General Fund	R	American escue Plan Grant Fund		SPLOST 2018 Fund	lm	Capital provements Fund
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,135,871	\$		\$	451,338	\$	6,263,516
Investments	Ψ	71,693,601	Ψ	37,933,163	Ψ	46,039,042	Ψ	3,352,179
Receivables, net of allowance:		7 1,000,001		07,500,100		40,000,042		0,002,170
Taxes		5,406,656		_		_		_
Special assessments		1,208		_		_		
Accounts		917,519		_		30,000		2,500
Accrued interest		50,648		_		-		2,000
Due from other governments		3,704,596		_		3,284,368		
Due from other funds		493,084		_		-		1,900,000
Prepaid items		326,652		_		_		-,000,000
Long-term receivables, net of allowance		-		_		_		_
Total assets	\$	86,729,835	\$	37,933,163	\$	49,804,748	\$	11,518,195
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	<u> </u>	00,723,003	<u> </u>	07,000,100	Ψ	40,004,740		11,010,130
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	5,052,883	\$	-	\$	4,098,683	\$	130,749
Retainage payable		· · ·		-		536,460		· -
Deposits payable		303,574		-		-		-
Accrued payroll deductions		3,507,144		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		21,796,004		-		-		-
Advances from other funds		6,604,610		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		20,665		37,932,455				-
Total liabilities		37,284,880		37,932,455		4,635,143		130,749
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - taxes		4,612,846		_		_		_
Jnavailable revenue - housing and development loans		-		_		_		-
Jnavailable revenue - grants		3,147		_		_		-
Jnavailable revenue - special assessments		1,208		-		-		
Unavailable revenue - other		79,470		-		-		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,696,671		_		_		_
FUND BALANCES		.,,				-		
Non-spendable:								
Prepaid items		326,652		_		_		_
Restricted for:		020,002						
Debt service		_		_		3,790,095		_
Grant programs		_		708		-		_
Capital outlay		_		-		41,379,510		33,123
Public safety		_		_		-		-
Victim assistance		_		_		_		_
Court programs		_		_		_		-
Community development		_		_		_		-
Committed for:								
Law enforcement		-		_		-		_
Assigned for:								
Capital outlay		-		-		-		11,354,323
Working capital		5,600,000		-		-		-
Recreation		249,800		-		-		-
Purchases on order		1,800,598		-		-		-
Jnassigned (deficit)		36,771,234						-
Total fund balances		44,748,284	_	708		45,169,605		11,387,446
								-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								

- 67,373 1,01	7,934 0,938 1,208 7,392 0,648 7,775
- 67,373 1,01	1,208 7,392 0,648 7,775 4,488
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0,648 7,775 4,488
- 5	7,775 4,488
5,468,811 12,45	
13,631,404 16,02- 246,445 57	
,	4,554
\$ 50,737,017 \$ 236,72	2,958
\$ 3,598,246 \$ 12,886 596,965 1,13	0,561 3,425
- 30	3,574
	1,675 8,993
492,901 22,28	8,905
- 6,60- 4,429,125 42,38	4,610 2 245
9,350,761 89,33	
0,000,101	0,000
171,530 4,78	4,376
	4,554 8,359
	1,208
	9,470
4,761,296 9,45	7,967
5,257 33	1,909
21,547,203 25,33	7.298
1,029,757 1,03	0,465
6,857,651 48,27 3,571,576 3,57	0,284 1,576
	6,173
	7,770
1,997,402 1,99	7,402
	2,352
32,014 11,38 - 5,60	6,337 0,000
	9,800
	0,598
(2,912,195) 33,85 36,624,960 137,93	
\$ 50,737,017 \$ 236,72	

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Total fund equity per balance sheet of governmental funds	\$ 137,931,003
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds due to the following:	
Capital assets Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Cost of the assets Accumulated depreciation	837,277,393 (519,839,423)
Deferred outflows of resources	
Deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These deferred outflows of resources relate to the County's pension plans and OPEB plans.	44,554,280
Revenues	
Some of the government's revenues will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	9,457,967
Internal service funds	
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management and health insurance services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.	
Total net position of internal service funds Plus amount attributable to business-type activities	6,536,595 619,410
Deferred inflows of resources	
Deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay for current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These deferred inflows related to the County's pension plans and OPEB plans.	(23,758,425)
Long-term liabilities	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position.	
Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of the following:	
Bonds payable	(132,361,275)
Certificates of participation Direct borrowings	(13,452,000) (144,181)
Workers' compensation payable	(9,506,000)
Net pension liability	(115,454,751)
Net OPEB liability	(141,265,521)
Compensated absences Note payable - due to component unit	(7,793,963) (835,437)
Accrued interest payable	(604,412)
Total adjustments	(66,569,743)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Total net position of governmental activities

71,361,260

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund	American Rescue Plan Grant Fund	SPLOST 2018 Fund	Capital Improvements Fund
REVENUES				
Taxes:	Ф 00 050 004	Φ.	•	•
Property taxes	\$ 96,359,331	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sales taxes	35,967,687	-	35,808,457	-
Hotel/Motel taxes	-	-	-	-
Alcoholic beverage taxes	2,571,895	-	-	-
Intangible taxes	1,386,737	-	-	-
Real estate transfer tax	410,416	-	-	-
Franchise taxes	12,204,838	-	-	-
Financial gross receipts tax	243,446	-	-	-
Payments in lieu of taxes	314,049	-	-	-
Insurance premium tax	12,511,162	-	-	-
Interest and penalties	2,559,515	-	-	-
Licenses and permits	4,650,364	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	2,271,941	-	-	6,354
Charges for services	6,374,999	-	-	50,000
Fines and forfeitures	1,651,709	-	-	-
Investment earnings	(237,266)	708	33,712	22,488
Rent	1,657,439	-	, <u>-</u>	20,913
Other revenue	314,671	-	60,000	, <u>-</u>
Total revenues	181,212,933	708	35,902,169	99,755
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	38,108,773	-	-	-
Judicial	18,242,921	-	-	-
Public safety	76,076,275	-	-	-
Public works	5,426,930	-	_	-
Housing and development	4,393,716	-	_	-
Health and welfare	7,057,090	-	_	-
Culture and recreation	6,852,219	-	_	-
Capital outlay	-	_	22,181,486	28,738,315
Debt service:			22,101,400	20,700,010
Principal	1,181,854	_	6,140,000	_
Interest and other charges	584,616	_	2,731,541	_
Bond issuance costs	304,010		2,731,341	485,240
Total expenditures	157,924,394		31,053,027	29,223,555
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	23,288,539	708	4,849,142	(29,123,800)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	10,566	-	-	56,462
Issuance of bonds	-	-	-	33,880,449
Insurance recoveries	95,759	-	-	-
Transfers in	6,242,794	-	-	4,185,705
Transfers out	(18,048,035)		(40,480)	(1,104,462)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(11,698,916)		(40,480)	37,018,154
Net change in fund balances	11,589,623	708	4,808,662	7,894,354
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	33,158,661		40,360,943	3,493,092
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 44,748,284	\$ 708	\$ 45,169,605	\$ 11,387,446

Nonmajor Governmental	
Funds	Totals
\$ 1,757,024	\$ 98,116,355
ψ 1,737,02 4 -	71,776,144
4,171,722	4,171,722
-	2,571,895
-	1,386,737
-	410,416
-	12,204,838
-	243,446 314,049
-	12,511,162
_	2,559,515
-	4,650,364
25,625,829	27,904,124
4,333,637	10,758,636
709,006	2,360,715
1,198,383	1,018,025
469,678	2,148,030
1,251,311 39,516,590	1,625,982 256,732,155
00,010,000	200,102,100
0.000.050	40 007 405
8,098,352 6,363,303	46,207,125 24,606,224
3,381,746	79,458,021
-	5,426,930
2,531,785	6,925,501
1,900,822	8,957,912
3,215,099	10,067,318
14,421,480	65,341,281
1,019,203	8,341,057
1,682,722	4,998,879
1,075	486,315
42,615,587	260,816,563
(3,098,997)	(4,084,408)
-	67,028
-	33,880,449
-	95,759
13,818,031	24,246,530
(7,438,628)	(26,631,605)
6,379,403	31,658,161
3,280,406	27,573,753
33,344,554	110,357,250
\$ 36,624,960	\$ 137,931,003

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances, total governmental funds	\$ 27,573,753
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities differ from amounts reported in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances due to the following:	
Net OPEB Liability	
To recognize change in liability resulting from contributions after the measurement date and OPEB expense.	3,453,125
Capital Assets Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
Total capital outlays	27,610,239
Total depreciation	(16,089,011)
The net effect of the disposal of capital assets is to decrease net position	(25,096,074)
Long-term debt The issuance of bonds and similar long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, and thus contributes to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The amount of the items that make up these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:	
Debt issued or incurred	(33,880,449)
Principal repayments and refundings:	
Direct borrowings	95,265
Notes payable - due to component unit	155,738
Bonds payable	8,090,054
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The adjustments for these items are as follows:	
Compensated absences	(177,786)
Workers' compensation	402,000
Accrued interest on debt	(153,754)
Amortization of bond premium	834,101
Net pension liability To recognize change in liability resulting from contributions after the measurement date and pension expense.	(4,321,607)
Revenues Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year-end, they are not considered available revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows related to revenues increased by this amount during the fiscal period.	1,461,507
Internal service funds Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of risk management and health insurance services to individual funds. The net revenue or loss is reported with governmental activities.	
Net loss of internal service funds	680,623
Portion of net loss allocated to business-type activities	48,982
Total adjustments	(36,887,047)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (9,313,294)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Post			Variance
	Budg Original	get Final	Actual	with Final Budget
REVENUES		T mai	Hotaar	Tilla Baagot
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 85,484,042	\$ 85,484,042	\$ 96,359,331	\$ 10,875,289
Sales taxes	26,191,395	26,311,192	35,967,687	9,656,495
Alcoholic beverage taxes	2,423,000	2,423,000	2,571,895	148,895
Intangible taxes	771,000	771,000	1,386,737	615,737
Real estate transfer tax	251,000	251,000	410,416	159,416
Franchise taxes	11,806,180	11,806,180	12,204,838	398,658
Financial gross receipts tax	346,000	346,000	243,446	(102,554
Payments in lieu of taxes	323,000	323,000	314,049	(8,951
Insurance premium tax	10,834,880	12,434,880	12,511,162	76,282
Interest and penalties	1,724,000	1,724,000	2,559,515	835,515
Licenses and permits	3,457,300	3,457,300	4,650,364	1,193,064
Intergovernmental	1,517,000	1,562,000	2,271,941	709,941
Charges for services	5,603,425	5,683,425	6,374,999	691,574
Fines and forfeitures	1,393,650	1,393,650	1,651,709	258,059
Interest earned on investments	104,000	104,000	(237,266)	(341,266
Rent	1,569,455	1,569,455	1,657,439	87,984
Other revenue	205,818	205,818	314,671	108,853
Total revenues	154,005,145	155,849,942	181,212,933	25,362,991
General government: Board of commissioners	435 953	448 926	391 672	57 254
Board of commissioners	435,953	448,926	391,672	57,254
Mayor's office	322,215	396,243	379,071	17,172
Clerk of commission	211,477	268,393	263,260	5,133
County manager	1,218,231	1,401,427	1,317,952	83,475
Board of elections	950,645	1,855,066	1,794,580	60,486
General services	250,000	250,000	232,978	17,022
Finance office	1,574,954	1,770,271	1,688,420	81,851
Risk management	808,250	808,250	525,612	282,638
Internal audit	243,356	270,573	263,561	7,012
Tax assessors	2,108,361	2,307,908	2,247,816	60,092
Tax commissioner	3,325,481	3,762,779	3,529,770	233,009
Purchasing	203,895	270,257	185,183	85,074
Records management	67,077	72,427	63,589	8,838
County attorney	1,645,010	2,799,726	2,788,950	10,776
Human resources	1,141,251	1,450,200	1,290,549	159,651
Facilities management	8,890,421	9,360,372	8,494,927	865,445
Information and technology	5,255,311	5,989,308	5,032,724	956,584
Small business affairs	188,280	199,578	196,021	3,557
General administrative fees	389,524	395,882	395,882	-
Other general government	561,500	561,500	526,256	35,244
Contributions to OPEB Trust	6,500,000	6,500,000	6,500,000	

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	D.	dget				Variance with
	 Original	ugei	Final		Actual	Final Budget
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)						
Current (Continued)						
Judicial:						
Superior Court	\$ 1,570,213	\$	1,729,868	\$	1,566,066	\$ 163,802
Public defender	2,984,962		2,977,712		2,974,291	3,421
Clerk of Superior Court	2,095,155		2,367,428		2,323,964	43,464
District attorney	3,189,301		3,535,835		3,309,898	225,937
Grand jury	29,976		29,976		12,842	17,134
Juvenile Court	1,220,877		1,318,936		1,161,829	157,107
State Court judge	1,218,011		1,262,988		1,066,692	196,296
State Court probation	942,137		1,030,292		980,838	49,454
State Court solicitor	991,180		1,076,148		1,049,507	26,641
Magistrate Court	438,122		487,207		477,775	9,432
Civil Court	1,490,355		1,632,669		1,550,753	81,916
Probate Court	893,504		1,027,280		1,022,924	4,356
Municipal Court	726,994		804,101		745,542	58,559
Total judicial	 17,790,787		19,280,440		18,242,921	 1,037,519
Public safety:						
Sheriff	48,594,325		50,190,675		47,041,553	3,149,122
Fire	26,545,740		27,815,590		27,133,935	681,655
Coroner	546,196		792,930		784,073	8,857
Animal welfare	701,801		735,189		700,316	34,873
Emergency management	 409,265		417,655		416,398	 1,257
Total public safety	 76,797,327		79,952,039		76,076,275	 3,875,764
Public works:						
Public works	4,482,963		4,873,269		4,111,221	762,048
Engineering	1,231,334		1,413,094		1,315,709	97,385
Total public works	 5,714,297		6,286,363		5,426,930	859,433
Health and welfare:						
Health	980,000		1,080,000		1,075,709	4,291
Welfare	2,934,326		2,934,326		2,932,326	2,000
Community service	3,052,000		3,052,000		3,049,055	2,945
Total health and welfare	 6,966,326		7,066,326		7,057,090	9,236
Culture and recreation:						
Recreation	4,639,740		5,195,650		4,521,188	674,462
Parks and beautification	2,471,277	_	2,715,148	_	2,331,031	384,117
Total culture and recreation	 7,111,017		7,910,798		6,852,219	1,058,579

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	В	udget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)				
Current (Continued)				
Housing and development:				
Extension service	\$ 315,822	\$ 326,285	\$ 239,055	\$ 87,230
Business development services	1,726,555	1,965,739	1,953,545	12,194
Industrial and urban development	2,201,775	2,201,775	2,201,116	659
Total housing and development	4,244,152	4,493,799	4,393,716	100,083
Total current expenditures	154,915,098	166,128,851	156,157,924	9,970,927
Debt service:				
Principal	1,182,240	1,181,860	1,181,854	6
Interest and other charges	727,306	727,686	584,616	143,070
Total debt service	1,909,546	1,909,546	1,766,470	143,076
Total expenditures	156,824,644	168,038,397	157,924,394	10,114,003
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(2,819,499)	(12,188,455)	23,288,539	35,476,994
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	5,000	5,000	10,566	5,566
Insurance recoveries	170,000	170,000	95,759	(74,241)
Transfers in	187,855	5,922,348	6,242,794	320,446
Transfers out	(3,125,356)	(18,353,814)	(18,048,035)	305,779
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,762,501)	(12,256,466)	(11,698,916)	557,550
Net change in fund balances	(5,582,000)	(24,444,921)	11,589,623	36,034,544
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	33,158,661	33,158,661	33,158,661	
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 27,576,661	\$ 8,713,740	\$ 44,748,284	\$ 36,034,544

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Waste und		Airport Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total		overnmental Activities - ernal Service Funds
Assets										
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1.064.962	\$	57.597	\$	343.400	\$	1.465.959	\$	1.193.012
Investments	*	4,939,948	Ψ	-	Ψ	506,470	Ψ	5,446,418	Ψ	6,958,231
Receivables, net of allowance for		1,000,010				000,170		0,110,110		0,000,201
uncollectibles accounts	;	8,562,229		64,839		12,064		8,639,132		377,492
Due from other governments		-		- ,		-		-		9,672
Due from other funds	:	2,900,000		400,000		670,000		3,970,000		2,300,000
Prepaid expenses		-		21,879		-		21,879		-
Total current assets	1	7,467,139		544,315		1,531,934		19,543,388		10,838,407
Non-current assets										
Advances to other funds		6,604,610		-		-		6,604,610		-
Capital assets:										
Land		73,126		6,301,662		1,264,772		7,639,560		80,132
Construction in progress		-		3,362,585		4,146,015		7,508,600		-
Earthen dam		-		-		2,625,294		2,625,294		-
Land improvements		-		6,297,254		3,425,052		9,722,306		-
Dam improvements		-		-		2,084,004		2,084,004		-
Buildings		133,131		10,926,106		15,598,088		26,657,325		808,943
Building improvements		-		-		941,458		941,458		-
Machinery, equipment and										
furniture		1,514,597		909,650		5,758,569		8,182,816		266,262
Vehicles		8,650,214		336,743		594,760		9,581,717		198,342
Infrastructure		2,097,678		4,743,176	_	356,307	_	7,197,161		-
1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2		2,468,746		32,877,176		36,794,319		82,140,241		1,353,679
Less accumulated depreciation		8,490,202)		(11,157,015)		(19,602,868)		(39,250,085)		(1,186,164)
		3,978,544		21,720,161	-	17,191,451		42,890,156		167,515
Total non-current assets	1	0,583,154		21,720,161		17,191,451		49,494,766		167,515
Total assets	2	8,050,293		22,264,476		18,723,385		69,038,154		11,005,922
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Pensions		496,552		-		369,573		866,125		409,486
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	496,552	\$		\$	369,573	\$	866,125	\$	409,486

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	s	olid Waste Fund			-	vernmental Activities - ernal Service Funds		
Liabilities					 	 		
Current liabilities								
Current liabilities payable from								
current assets:								
Accounts payable	\$	2,180,652	\$	123,848	\$ 172,901	\$ 2,477,401	\$	926,165
Accrued payroll deductions		65,002		-	68,509	133,511		39,192
Accrued benefits payable		-		-	-	-		1,454,821
Security deposits		-		4,000	-	4,000		-
Unearned revenue		-		-	31,250	31,250		-
Claims payable		-		-	-	-		1,234,784
Compensated absences								
payable		39,461		-	45,095	84,556		34,570
Due to other funds		-		-	5,583	 5,583		-
Total current liabilities		2,285,115		127,848	 323,338	 2,736,301		3,689,532
Non-current liabilities								
Compensated absences								
payable		21,700		-	24,799	46,499		19,010
Net pension liability		1,692,405		-	1,591,805	3,284,210		1,157,409
Landfill closure/post-closure		24,570,000		-	, , , <u>-</u>	24,570,000		
Total non-current liabilities		26,284,105		-	1,616,604	27,900,709		1,176,419
Total liabilities		28,569,220		127,848	1,939,942	30,637,010		4,865,951
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Pensions		21,587		-	22,955	44,542		12,862
Total deferred inflows of resources		21,587		-	22,955	44,542		12,862
Net Position (Deficit)								
Net investment in capital assets		3,978,544		21,720,161	17,191,451	42,890,156		167,515
Unrestricted .		(4,022,506)		416,467	(61,390)	(3,667,429)		6,369,080
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(43,962)	\$	22,136,628	\$ 17,130,061	39,222,727	\$	6,536,595
	Adjus	stment to reflect	the cor	solidation of				
	in	ternal service fu	nd activ	ities related to				
	eı	nterprise funds				(619,410)		
		-				\$ 38,603,317		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	s	Solid Waste Fund		Airport Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total		overnmental Activities - ernal Service Funds
Operating revenues	•	44704074	•	4 004 555	•	4 050 074	•	47 450 707	•	4 404 777
Charges for sales and services Intergovernmental revenue	\$	14,794,371	\$	1,004,555	\$	1,359,871	\$	17,158,797	\$	1,434,777 19,552,113
Other revenues		-		-		80,720		80,720		19,552,115
Total operating revenues		14,794,371		1,004,555		1,440,591		17,239,517		20,986,890
rotal operating revenues		14,794,371		1,004,555		1,440,591		17,239,517		20,966,690
Operating expenses										
Administration and other costs		10,525,495		1,336,374		3,207,577		15,069,446		3,336,255
Depreciation		359,796		602,274		969,938		1,932,008		18,600
Claims and judgments		· -		· -		· -		· · · · -		17,688,965
Total operating expenses		10,885,291		1,938,648		4,177,515		17,001,454		21,043,820
Operating income (loss)		3,909,080		(934,093)		(2,736,924)		238,063		(56,930)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)										
Interest earned on investments		31.335		7,168		16,594		55.097		72,883
Landfill closure/post-closure costs		(880,000)		-,				(880,000)		,000
Interest expense		(3,492)		_		_		(3,492)		-
Total non-operating revenues		(+, ++-)						(=, -==)		
(expenses)		(852,157)		7,168		16,594		(828,395)		72,883
Income (loss) before										
contributions and transfers		3,056,923		(926,925)		(2,720,330)		(590,332)		15,953
Capital contributions		467,221		3,482,644		4,028,367		7,978,232		64,670
Transfers in		_		400,000		1,764,977		2,164,977		600,000
Transfers out		(319,902)		(60,000)				(379,902)		-
Total transfers		(319,902)		340,000		1,764,977		1,785,075		600,000
Change in net position		3,204,242		2,895,719		3,073,014		9,172,975		680,623
Net position (deficit), beginning of year		(3,248,204)		19,240,909		14,057,047				5,855,972
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$	(43,962)	\$	22,136,628	\$	17,130,061			\$	6,536,595
	Adjus	stment to reflect	the cor	nsolidation of						
		ternal service fu								
	e	nterprise funds.						(48,982)		
							\$	9,123,993		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Solid Waste Fund		Airport Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING										
ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Receipts from other funds	\$	14,599,685	\$	984,358 -	\$	1,519,397	\$	17,103,440	\$	1,132,325 18,011,842
Payments for claims and services Payments to employees Payments to suppliers		(1,486,121) (8,876,066)		(1,260,924)		(1,391,497) (1,774,627)		(2,877,618) (11,911,617)		(19,242,569) (863,490) (826,728)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		4,237,498		(276,566)		(1,646,727)		2,314,205		(1,788,620)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Transfers from other funds		-		400,000		1,764,977		2,164,977		600,000
Transfers to other funds		-		(60,000)		-		(60,000)		-
Change in due to/from other funds		(2,997,222)		(100,000)		(196,772)		(3,293,994)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities		(2,997,222)		240,000		1,568,205		(1,189,017)		600,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Purchase of capital assets		(633,449)		(3,499)		-		(636,948)		-
Principal payments on direct borrowings		(322,281)		-		-		(322,281)		-
Interest payments on bonds/leases		(11,341)						(11,341)		-
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(967,071)		(3,499)				(970,570)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES										
(Purchases) sales of investments Interest received		(3,239) 31,335		- 7,168		206,431 16,594		203,192 55,097		606,276 72,883
Net cash provided by investing activities		28,096		7,168		223,025		258,289		679,159
Change in cash and cash equivalents		301,301		(32,897)		144,503		412,907		(509,461)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		763,661		90,494		198,897		1,053,052		1,702,473
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,064,962	\$	57,597	\$	343,400	\$	1,465,959	\$	1,193,012

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

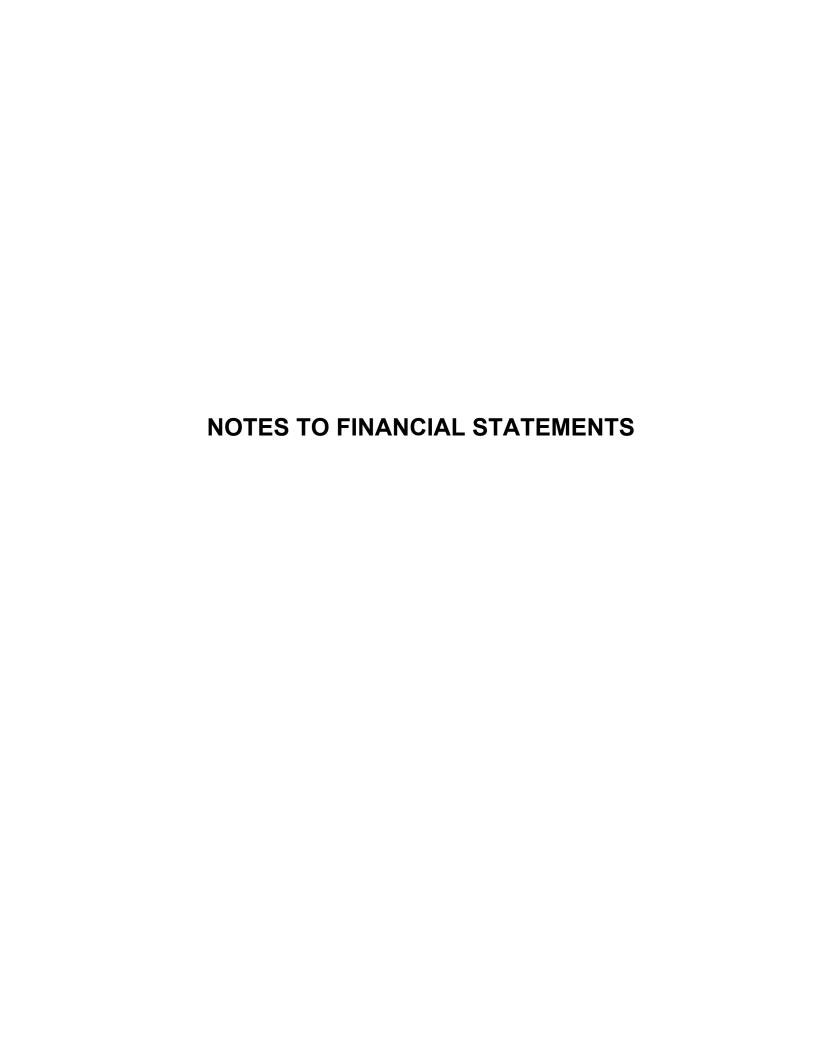
	Solid Waste Fund		Airport Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:										
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	3,909,080	\$	(934,093)	\$	(2,736,924)	\$	238,063	\$	(56,930)
Depreciation and amortization expense (Increase) decrease in accounts		359,796		602,274		969,938		1,932,008		18,600
receivable Decrease in due from		(194,686)		(20,197)		78,806		(136,077)		(105,212)
other governments Increase in due from other funds		-				-		-		62,489 (1,800,000)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses Increase in accounts		18,767		(579)		21,134		39,322		-
and retainage payable Increase (decrease) in accrued		642,208		76,029		51,440		769,677		14,267
payroll deductions Decrease in accrued		(2,195)		-		2,863		668		181,985
benefits payable Decrease in claims payable		(17,948)		-		(288)		(18,236)		- (7,219)
Decrease in claims payable Decrease in net pension liability Increase in unearned revenue		(477,524)		- -		(34,591) 895		(512,115) 895		(96,600)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	4,237,498	\$	(276,566)	\$	(1,646,727)	\$	2,314,205	\$	(1,788,620)
Schedule of Non-cash Capital and Related Financing Activities										
Change in landfill closure/ post-closure liability	\$	880,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	880,000	\$	-
Contributions of capital assets from other funds		467,221		3,482,644		4,028,367		7,978,232		64,670
Total	\$	1,347,221	\$	3,482,644	\$	4,028,367	\$	8,858,232	\$	64,670

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Employee Benefit Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,756,211	\$ 10,164,982
Investments:		
Short-term investments	6,900,000	-
Corporate bonds	45,312,178	-
Common stock	111,950,536	-
U.S. Treasury bills and government bonds	60,874,376	-
Asset backed securities	54,470,483	-
Mutual funds	248,626,724	-
Fixed rate securities	4,271,566	-
Taxes receivable	-	3,499,623
Accounts receivable	1,306,746	76,537
Intergovernmental accounts receivable	10,981	-
Accrued interest receivable	835,205	-
Due from brokers for unsettled trades	105,992	
Total assets	554,420,998	 13,741,142
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	678,937	-
Due to brokers for unsettled trades	2,132,288	-
Due to other governments	-	5,988,851
Due to others	<u>-</u>	 1,625,416
Total liabilities	2,811,225	7,614,267
Net Position		
Restricted for:		
Individuals, organizations and other governments	-	6,126,875
Pension benefits	549,642,835	-
Other post-employment benefits	1,966,938	 -
Total net position	\$ 551,609,773	\$ 6,126,875

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Employee Benefit Trust Funds	Custodial Funds		
Additions:				
Contributions - employer	\$ 24,053,414	\$ -		
Contributions - retirees	990,361	-		
Taxes	-	101,097,864		
Fines and fees	-	14,952,666		
Criminal and civil bonds	<u>-</u>	501,255		
	25,043,775	116,551,785		
Investment income:				
Net appreciation in fair value of plan investments	117,664,245	-		
Interest earned on investments	3,715,662	-		
Dividends	4,930,153	-		
Other investment earnings	83,211	-		
	126,393,271	-		
Less investment expense:				
Trustee fees and commissions	1,174,921			
Net investment income	125,218,350			
Total additions	150,262,125	116,551,785		
Deductions:				
Benefits paid retirees	43,581,809	-		
Administrative expense	569,633	-		
Taxes	-	101,097,864		
Fines and fees	-	12,184,133		
Criminal and civil bonds	<u> </u>	241,530		
Total deductions	44,151,442	113,523,527		
Change in net position	106,110,683	3,028,258		
Net Position				
Beginning of year, as restated	445,499,090	3,098,617		
End of year	\$ 551,609,773	\$ 6,126,875		



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. The Reporting Entity

On April 20, 2012, Act 625 was signed into law by the Governor of Georgia to create and incorporate a new consolidated government under the name of Macon-Bibb County (the "County"), subject to the approval by the voters of both the City of Macon and Bibb County, Georgia. The referendum was held on July 31, 2012, and the Act was approved by both the voters of the City of Macon and Bibb County. The consolidation was effective January 1, 2014. The new government consolidated the governments of the City of Macon, Georgia and Bibb County, Georgia.

The accompanying financial statements present the County and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. The component unit's column in the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data for the County's discretely presented component units as reflected in their most recent audited financial statements. This is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that the component units are legally separate from the County.

Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority

The Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority (the "Authority") is charged with promoting and expanding industry and trade within Macon-Bibb County. The Authority is governed by a six-member board consisting of the Mayor of Macon-Bibb County, four Macon-Bibb County appointees and one appointment by the other appointed members. The Authority receives appropriations from the County, with the County paying 100% of the annual budget request. An annual budget request must be submitted to the County for approval of the appropriation amount, with an annual audit required to monitor performance. The Authority issues separate financial statements with a June 30 fiscal year-end. A complete copy of these statements may be obtained from the Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority, 439 Mulberry St., Macon, Georgia 31201.

Middle Georgia Regional Library

The Middle Georgia Regional Library (the "Library") provides complete library services with the main facility in Macon-Bibb County, branch libraries located in the six surrounding counties, and a bookmobile service. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the County. The County contributes significant funding to the Library and exercises control over expenditures. An annual budget must be submitted for approval, with an annual audit required to monitor performance. The Library issues separate financial statements with a June 30 fiscal year-end. A complete copy of these statements may be obtained from the Middle Georgia Regional Library, 1180 Washington Avenue, Macon, Georgia 31201.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. The Reporting Entity (Continued)

Macon-Bibb County Transit Authority

The governing board of the Macon-Bibb County Transit Authority (the "Transit Authority") consists of five members. The Mayor and County Commissioners nominate five individuals to serve as board members. Initial and final approval of a board member is made by the Mayor and County Commissioners. The County, by virtue of its appointments, controls a majority of the governing body positions. The Transit Authority and Macon-Bibb County have entered into an agreement under which the County provides support to the Transit Authority from the annual tax digest. The Transit Authority submits an annual operating budget each year to the County. Annual audits must also be submitted to the County. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Macon-Bibb County Transit Authority, 200 Cherry Street, Macon, Georgia 31202.

Macon-Bibb County Board of Health

The governing board of the Macon-Bibb County Board of Health (the "Board of Health") consists of seven members appointed by the County. The County, by virtue of its appointments, controls a majority of the governing body positions. The County contributes significant funding to the Board of Health. An annual budget must be submitted for approval, with annual audits required to monitor performance. The Board of Health issues separate financial statements with a June 30 fiscal year-end. A complete copy of these statements may be obtained from the Macon-Bibb County Board of Health, 171 Emery Highway, Macon, Georgia 31217.

Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority

The Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority (the "MBCUDA") is responsible for the revitalization and redevelopment of the downtown areas of Macon-Bibb County. The County Commissioners nominate board members. The MBCUDA submits annual budget requests to the County for approval. Annual audits are required to monitor performance. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority, P.O. Box 169, Macon, Georgia 31298.

Macon-Bibb County Convention and Visitors Bureau

The Macon-Bibb County Convention and Visitors Bureau (the "CVB") is a nonprofit 501 (c)(6) organization, organized and existing under the laws of the State of Georgia, whose purpose is to promote tourism and conventions in the Macon-Bibb County area. The Mayor of Macon-Bibb County is a member of the Board of Directors. Through contract with the County, the CVB receives hotel/motel tax proceeds. The CVB is required to submit a detailed budget to the County reflecting performance against budget. Any unexpended hotel/motel tax funds are required to be returned to the County at termination of the contract. The CVB issues separate financial statements with a June 30 fiscal year-end. A complete copy of these statements may be obtained from the Macon-Bibb County Convention and Visitors Bureau, 450 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd., Macon, Georgia 31201.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. The Reporting Entity (Continued)

Macon-Bibb County Planning and Zoning Commission

The Macon-Bibb County Planning and Zoning Commission (the "Commission") is responsible for community planning, establishing and enforcing zoning regulations, and administration of certain grant programs. The Mayor and County Commissioners appoint members to the Board of the Commission. The County provides significant funding for the operating costs of the Commission. Excess revenue over expenditures or excess working capital is returned to the County. The Commission submits annual budget requests to the County for approval and reports on performance against budget with the submission of an annual audit. The Commission issues separate financial statements with a June 30 fiscal year-end. A complete copy of these statements may be obtained from the Macon-Bibb County Planning and Zoning Commission, 682 Cherry Street, Suite 100, Macon, Georgia 31201.

Development Authority of Bibb County

The governing board of the Development Authority of Bibb County (the "Development Authority") consists of seven members appointed by the County. Macon-Bibb County, by virtue of its appointments, controls a majority of the governing body positions. If the Development Authority is dissolved, all assets and debts and rights and obligations of the Development Authority shall devolve to the County. Annual audits are required to monitor performance. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Development Authority of Macon-Bibb County, 305 Coliseum Drive, Macon, Georgia 31202.

Macon-Bibb County Land Bank Authority

The Macon-Bibb County Land Bank Authority (the "Land Bank Authority") is a nonprofit organization, whose purpose is to allow the County to provide housing, new industry and jobs for the citizens of the Middle Georgia area by effectively utilizing property previously in a non-revenue generating, non-tax producing status. The County Commissioners appoint four members of the Land Bank Authority Board and participate in the operating costs of the Land Bank Authority. The Land Bank Authority submits annual budget requests to the County for approval of appropriation. Annual audits must be submitted to the County. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Macon-Bibb County Land Bank Authority, P.O. Box 4298, Macon, Georgia 31208.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. The Reporting Entity (Continued)

Under Georgia law, the County, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the middle Georgia area, is a member of the Middle Georgia Regional Commission (the "MGRC") and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the County paid \$199,024 in such dues. Membership in the MGRC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") §50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the MGRC in Georgia. The MGRC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. O.C.G.A. §50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of a regional development center. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Middle Georgia Regional Commission, 175-C Emery Highway, Macon, Georgia 31217.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period for property taxes and 60 days for most other revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, and licenses associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *American Rescue Plan Grant Fund* is used to account for grant funds awarded to the County as part of the State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund under the American Rescue Plan.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The **Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("SPLOST") 2018 Fund** is used to account for the expenditures on projects to be paid from the 1-cent special purpose local option sales tax approved by the voters of Bibb County on November 8, 2016.

The *Capital Improvements Fund* accounts for the purchase or construction of major capital facilities within the County.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Solid Waste Fund** accounts for the operations and activities of the landfill and activities associated with solid waste pickup.

The Airport Fund accounts for the activities of a municipal airport in Macon-Bibb County.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

The *internal service funds* are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other governmental units, on a cost reimbursement basis. The following activities are reported in internal service funds: maintenance of group health and maintenance of the motor-vehicle fleet.

The *employee benefit trust funds* account for the activities of the Employee Pension Trust Fund, the General Employees' Pension Trust Fund, the Fire and Police Pension Trust Fund and Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, which accumulates resources for pension and other post-employment benefit payments to qualified employees of the County.

The *custodial funds* are used to account for the collection and disbursement of monies by the County on behalf of other governments and individuals, such as cash bonds, traffic fines, support payments, and property taxes.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the County's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services provided. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The local government investment pool, ("Georgia Fund 1"), created by O.C.G.A. §36-83-8, is a stable asset value investment pool, which follows Standard & Poor's criteria for AAAf rated money market funds and is regulated by the Georgia Office of the State Treasurer. The pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1 per share value). The asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participant's shares sold and redeemed based on \$1 per share. The pool also adjusts the value of its investments to fair value as of year-end and the County's investment in the Georgia Fund 1 is reported at fair value. The County considers amounts held in Georgia Fund 1 as investments for financial statement presentation.

The County's non-participating interest-earning investment contracts are recorded at cost. The remaining investments are recorded at fair value. Increases or decreases in the fair value during the year are recognized as a component of investment income.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

In accordance with authorized investment laws, the County's employee benefit trusts invest in various asset-backed securities, such as mortgage-backed securities. These securities represent an ownership interest in a pool of residential mortgage loans, the interest in which is, in most cases, issued and guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the U.S. government. These securities are reported at fair value in the balance sheet.

E. Receivables

"Due from other governments" represents funds to be received from other local governments, state grant-in-aid, state contracts, or federal funds. No allowance is deemed necessary for these receivables.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables have been reduced to their estimated net realizable value, and are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Estimated uncollectible accounts are based upon historical experience rates.

F. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out ("FIFO") method and consist of certain supplies which are recorded as assets at the time of purchase. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. Inventories of other expendable supplies are not considered material and the cost of such items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditure/expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and costs exceeding the following:

- \$25,000 for furniture, fixtures and equipment
- \$75,000 for infrastructure
- \$5,000 for capital assets purchased with federal grant funds
- All land and vehicles are capitalized, regardless of cost

As the County constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value. In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure items (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the County chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date. The County was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Normal maintenance and repairs, which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life, are expensed as incurred.

Major outlays for capital assets and major improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements	10 – 30 years
Dam improvements	15 – 20 years
Buildings	20 – 50 years
Building improvements	7 – 30 years
Machinery, equipment, and furniture and fixtures	5 – 20 years
Vehicles	5 – 15 years
Infrastructure	20 – 60 years

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Capital Assets (Continued)

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, depreciation is not provided for on the earthen dam reported in the Tobesofkee Recreation Fund. The earthen dam has no determinable depreciable life.

H. Compensated Absences

The County's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave. Accumulated sick leave lapses when employees leave the employment of the County and, upon separation from service, no monetary obligation exists.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has only one item which arises under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from five sources: taxes, housing and development loans, grants, special assessments and other. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

In addition, the County has one item under the full-accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. The item is an effective hedge that is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The effective hedge results from the change in fair value of a swap agreement related to the certificates of participation. The amount is deferred and will mature on June 1, 2028, at the same time as the certificates of participation.

The County also has deferred inflows and outflows related to the recording of changes in its net pension and Other Post-employment Benefit ("OPEB") liabilities. Certain changes in the net pension liability and net OPEB liability are recognized as expense over time instead of all being recognized in the year of occurrence. Experience gains and losses result from periodic studies by the County's actuaries which adjust the net pension liability and net OPEB liability for actual experiences for certain trend information that was previously assumed, for example the assumed dates of retirement of plan members. These experience gains or losses are recorded as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. Changes in actuarial assumptions which adjust the net pension liability and net OPEB liability are also recorded as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. The difference between projected investment return on investments and actual return on those investments is also deferred and amortized against expense over a five-year period. Contributions made by the County to the pension plans before year-end but subsequent to the measurement date of the County's net pension liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as fund balance. Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as net position.

Fund Balance

Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Non-spendable: Fund balances are reported as non-spendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash), or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted: Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed: Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the County Board of Commissioners through the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation. Only the Board of Commissioners may modify or rescind the commitment.

Assigned: Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through resolution, the Board of Commissioners has authorized the County's Finance Director to assign fund balances. The Board of Commissioners may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. An additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment.

Unassigned: Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criteria. Positive unassigned fund balance may be reported only in the General Fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all governmental funds.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Fund Equity (Continued)

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the County has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. The residual amount of equity not classified as net investment in capital assets or net position restricted is reported as net position unrestricted.

Flow Assumptions - Fund Balance

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

L. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resource and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Post-employment Healthcare Benefit Plan (the "PHCB Plan") and additions to/deductions from the PHCB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PHCB Plan. For this purpose, benefits payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resource and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's pension plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the respective plans. For this purpose, benefits payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

A. Budget Process

The County prepares a separately issued budget report. The annual budget document is the financial plan for the operation of the County. The budget process exists for the purpose of providing a professional management approach to the establishment of priorities and the implementation of work programs while providing an orderly means for control and evaluation of the financial posture of the County.

The department and agency heads begin budget preparation in February. The County's Budget and Strategic Planning Office conducts budget hearings with all departments and agencies. The County's Budget and Strategic Planning Office then formulates and remits the budget to the Mayor. After a review by the Mayor, the budget is presented to the Board of Commissioners. After review by the Board of Commissioners and a public hearing, a final budget is approved when the budget resolution is adopted.

NOTE 2. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

B. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. An annual operating budget is prepared for the general, special revenue and debt service funds. An annual operating budget for the American Rescue Plan Grant Fund will be prepared once the funds are expected to be expended.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level.

The Assistant to the County Manager for Budget and Strategic Planning is delegated the authority to transfer funds up to \$10,000 within a department. No increase in the overall budget can be made without the approval of the Board of Commissioners and amendment to the budget.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year-end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executor contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget.

C. Capital Improvements Budget

Major capital facilities and improvements, which are accounted for by the County within the capital projects funds, are appropriated on a project-length basis. The budget is prepared based upon architectural and engineering estimates and other factors. Appropriations covering capital projects are normally approved by the Board of Commissioners at the time the annual operating budgets are approved. The Assistant to the County Manager for Budget and Strategic Planning is delegated the authority, upon the direction of and approval by unanimous vote of the buildings and properties committee, to transfer sums from one project to another. No increase in the overall capital projects budget can be made without the approval of the Board of Commissioners and amendments to the budget. Appropriations for a specific project do not lapse until completion of the project. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the County's expenditures for capital improvement projects were within the authorization provided in the budget.

NOTE 2. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

D. Deficit Fund Equity

For the period ended June 30, 2021, the following funds had deficit fund balances/net positions:

Fund Deficit		
\$	892,195	
	4,375	
	87,193	
	43,962	
	128,371	

The deficit in the ECD ESG Fund will be eliminated through recognition of unearned revenue or deferred inflows of resources in future periods. The deficit in the 2014 TAD Renaissance Fund will be eliminated by property tax revenues in future years. The deficits in the Solid Waste Fund and the Vehicle Maintenance Fund were created due to the allocation of the share of the net pension liability required to be recognized under Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68. The deficit in the Solid Waste Fund will be eliminated through revenues in future years. The deficit in the Vehicle Maintenance Fund will be eliminated through inter-departmental charges within the County.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Credit Risk. It is the policy of the County to invest public funds in accordance with state and local statutes. State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government; prime bankers' acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia.

The reporting of investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 resulted in an unrealized loss of \$(229,388) netted with interest income in the General Fund.

Interest Rate Risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by diversifying its use of investment instruments to avoid unreasonable risks inherent in over investing in specific instruments, individual institutions, or maturities.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2021, the County had the following investments (in thousands):

			Investment Maturities (in Years)					
Rating	Fair Value		Fair Value Less than 1		1 - 5		6 - 10	
Aaa	\$	54,914	\$	12,993	\$	41,921	\$	-
A2		1,019		1,019		-		-
NA		617		-		267		307
NA		15,580		10,498		5,082		-
AAAf		117,873		117,873		-		-
NA		3,261		3,261		-		
	\$	193,264	\$	145,644	\$	47,270	\$	307
	Aaa A2 NA NA AAAf	Aaa \$ A2 NA NA AAAf	Aaa \$ 54,914 A2 1,019 NA 617 NA 15,580 AAAf 117,873 NA 3,261	Aaa \$ 54,914 \$ A2 1,019 NA 617 NA 15,580 AAAf 117,873 NA 3,261	RatingFair ValueLess than 1Aaa\$ 54,914\$ 12,993A21,0191,019NA617-NA15,58010,498AAAf117,873117,873NA3,2613,261	Rating Fair Value Less than 1 Aaa \$ 54,914 \$ 12,993 \$ A2 1,019 1,019 1,019 NA 617 - 10,498 AAAf 117,873 117,873 117,873 NA 3,261 3,261 3,261	Rating Fair Value Less than 1 1 - 5 Aaa \$ 54,914 \$ 12,993 \$ 41,921 A2 1,019 1,019 - NA 617 - 267 NA 15,580 10,498 5,082 AAAf 117,873 117,873 - NA 3,261 3,261 -	Rating Fair Value Less than 1 1 - 5 Aaa \$ 54,914 \$ 12,993 \$ 41,921 \$ A2 1,019 1,019 - 267 NA 617 - 267 NA 15,580 10,498 5,082 AAAf 117,873 117,873 - NA 3,261 3,261 -

Investment Type	Investment I Ye	Maturities (in ears)	1
	11 - 15	16 - 20	
Government bonds	\$ -	\$ -	
Corporate bonds	-	-	
Asset backed securities	-	43	
U.S. Treasury Bonds	-	-	
Georgia Fund 1	-	-	
Interest rate swap	-	-	
Total Fair Value	\$ -	\$ 43	_

Fair Value Measurements. The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The government bonds and asset backed securities classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Measurements (Continued). The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021 (in thousands):

Investment	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Fa	ir Value
Government Bonds	\$	54,914	\$	-	\$	-	\$	54,914
Corporate bonds		1,019		-		-		1,019
Asset backed securities		-		617		-		617
U.S. Treasury bonds		15,580		-		-		15,580
Interest rate swap		-		3,261		<u>-</u>		3,261
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	71,513	\$	3,878	\$			75,391
Investments not subject to level disclos	ure:							117 070
Georgia Fund 1 Total investments								117,873
rotal investments							Ф	193,264

The interest rate swap agreement is classified as an other asset as more fully described in Note 8. The fair value of the interest rate swap agreement classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy is valued using an option-adjusted discounted cash flow model.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits and investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. As of June 30, 2021, the County had no uncollateralized deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Macon-Bibb County Employees' Pension Plan

The Macon-Bibb County Employees' Pension Plan's (the Plan") policy in regard to investments, including the allocation of invested assets, is established and may be amended by the Employees' Pension Plan Board, subject to the Board of Commissioners' approval. The Plan is authorized to invest in U.S. government obligations; U.S. government agency (or other corporation of the U.S. government) obligations; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or a U.S. government agency; obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; collateralized mortgage obligations; asset and mortgage-backed securities; obligations of other counties, municipal corporations and political subdivisions of the State of Georgia or other states; negotiable certificates of deposit issued by any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America; prime bankers' acceptances; repurchase agreements; and pooled investment programs sponsored by the State of Georgia for the investment of local government funds. Additionally, the Plan is authorized to invest in common stocks, money market instruments, and corporate bonds and debentures, which are not in default as to principal and interest.

The Plan investment policy adopts the following asset allocation mix to achieve the lowest level of risk for the Plan: Domestic equity securities 54%, fixed income investments 40%, and cash equivalents up to 6% of total asset mix.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Macon-Bibb County Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the Plan had the following investments (in thousands):

			Investment Maturities (in Years)						
Investment Type	Rating	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	11 - 15			
Common stock and ETFs	NA	\$ 24,290	\$ 24,290	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Mutual funds	NA	51,860	51,860	-	-	-			
Corporate bonds	Aaa	626	-	73	59	-			
Corporate bonds	AAA	43	-	-	43	-			
Corporate bonds	Aa1	483	-	-	-	-			
Corporate bonds	Aa2	603	-	73	80	83			
Corporate bonds	AA+	57	-	-	-	-			
Corporate bonds	AA	56	-	-	-	-			
Corporate bonds	Aa3	479	-	61	22	125			
Corporate bonds	AA-	43	-	-	-	-			
Corporate bonds	A1	1,396	-	288	1,012	68			
Corporate bonds	A2	5,006	-	1,334	3,661	11			
Corporate bonds	A3	2,853	-	1,231	1,622	-			
Corporate bonds	Baa1	2,124	61	835	957	79			
Corporate bonds	Baa2	2,022	60	559	1,174	148			
Corporate bonds	BBB	20	-	20	-	-			
Corporate bonds	Baa3	249	-	147	102	-			
Corporate bonds	Ba2	46	-	-	20	-			
Corporate bonds	NA	20	-	20	-	-			
Government bonds	Aaa	518	-	48	59	296			
Government bonds	Aa1	76	-	-	46	30			
Government bonds	AA+	13,451	-	1,050	339	4,864			
Government bonds	Aa2	205	-	-	205	- 1			
Government bonds	AA	60	-	-	60	- 1			
Asset backed securities	Aaa	1,913	-	16	109	306			
Asset backed securities	AAA	652	-	-	19	- 1			
Asset backed securities	Aa1	81	-	-	-	- 1			
Asset backed securities	AA+	1,959	-	97	418	- 1			
Asset backed securities	A1	100	-	-	-	- 1			
Asset backed securities	NR	140	-	-	103	- 1			
U.S. Treasury Notes	AA+	22,158	-	6,779	12,068	- 1			
Georgia Fund 1	AAAf	5,000	5,000						
Total Fair Value		\$ 138,589	\$ 81,271	\$ 12,631	\$ 22,178	\$ 6,010			

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Macon-Bibb County Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

	Investment Maturities (in Years)									
Investment Type	16 - 20	21 - 25	26 - 30	31 - 35	36 - 40	46 - 50	90 - 95	96 - 100		
Common stock and ETFs	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Mutual funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Corporate bonds	281	102	-	-	-	-	73	38		
Corporate bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Corporate bonds	483	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Corporate bonds	116	38	56	102	20	-	35	-		
Corporate bonds	-	57	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Corporate bonds	-	56	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Corporate bonds	148	-	42	26	55	-	-	-		
Corporate bonds	-	_	43	-	-	-	-	-		
Corporate bonds	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Corporate bonds	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Corporate bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Corporate bonds	134	-	-	-	19	-	-	39		
Corporate bonds	-	55	26	-	-	-	-	-		
Corporate bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Corporate bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Corporate bonds	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Corporate bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Government bonds	56	59	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Government bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Government bonds	3,977	530	2,470	221	-	-	-	-		
Government bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Government bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Asset backed securities	147	480	704	-	151	-	-	-		
Asset backed securities	67	489	-	-	-	77	-	-		
Asset backed securities	-	-	-	-	81	-	-	-		
Asset backed securities	638	82	-	-	724	-	-	-		
Asset backed securities	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-		
Asset backed securities	-	-	-	-	37	-	-	-		
U.S. Treasury Notes	1,762	-	1,549	-	-	-	-	-		
Georgia Fund 1										
Total Fair Value	\$ 7,837	\$ 1,974	\$ 4,890	\$ 349	\$ 1,087	\$ 177	\$ 108	\$ 77		

Credit Risk. It is the Plan's policy to limit investments to either mutual fund equities or fixed income bonds. Domestic bonds are limited to those with ratings that meet or exceed investment grade as defined by Moody's, S&P or Fitch. U.S. government Treasuries and Agency bonds are not classified by credit quality. Mutual funds invested in equities are also not classified by credit quality.

Concentration. On June 30, 2021, the following mutual fund investment represented greater than 5% of plan fiduciary net position: Fidelity Total Market Index Fund.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Macon-Bibb County Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements. The Plan has the following recurring fair value measurements, broken into the fair value hierarchy, as of June 30, 2021:

Investment	L	.evel 1	L	evel 2	L	evel 3	Fa	ir Value
Common stock and ETFs	\$	22,384	\$	1,906	\$	-	\$	24,290
Mutual funds		51,860		-		-		51,860
Asset backed securities		-		4,845		-		4,845
Corporate bonds		-		16,126		-		16,126
Government bonds		-		14,310		-		14,310
U.S. Treasury Notes		22,158						22,158
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	96,402	\$	37,187	\$			133,589
Investments not subject to level disclosure:								
Georgia Fund 1 Total investments							\$	5,000 138,589

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Rate of Return. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Plan investments, net of Plan expenses, was 25.33%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Plan may not be able to recover its deposits.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Division A of the Macon-Bibb County Pension and Retirement Systems (former General Employees Plan of the City of Macon)

The Plan's policy in regard to investments, including the allocation of invested assets, is established and may be amended by the Employees' Pension Plan Board, subject to the Board of Commissioners' approval. The Plan is authorized to invest in U.S. government obligations; U.S. government agency (or other corporation of the U.S. government) obligations; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or a U.S. government agency; obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; collateralized mortgage obligations; asset and mortgage-backed securities; obligations of other counties, municipal corporations and political subdivisions of the State of Georgia or other states; negotiable certificates of deposit issued by any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America; prime bankers' acceptances; repurchase agreements; and pooled investment programs sponsored by the State of Georgia for the investment of local government funds. Additionally, the Plan is authorized to invest in common stocks, money market instruments, and corporate bonds and debentures, which are not in default as to principal and interest.

The Plan investment policy adopts the following asset allocation mix to achieve the lowest level of risk for the Plan: Domestic equity securities 69%, fixed income investments 25%, and cash equivalents up to 7% of total asset mix.

At June 30, 2021, the Plan had the following investments (in thousands):

			Investment Maturities (in Years)					
Investment Type	Rating	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	11 - 15		
Common stock and ETFs	NA	\$ 73,880	\$ 73,880	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Corporate bonds	AAA	369	-	178	-	-		
Corporate bonds	AA1	377	-	91	-	-		
Corporate bonds	AA2	267	-	267	-	-		
Corporate bonds	A1	409	-	223	186	-		
Corporate bonds	A1-	491	-	308	183	-		
Corporate bonds	A2	3,185	265	1,629	823	-		
Corporate bonds	A3	2,807	66	1,909	453	-		
Corporate bonds	BAA1	2,603	61	1,715	363	189		
Corporate bonds	BAA1-	180	-	180	-	-		
Corporate bonds	BAA2	2,587	274	1,662	184	-		
Corporate bonds	BAA3	266	76	94	-	-		
Corporate bonds	BBA1	273	273	-	-	-		
Government bonds	AAA	391	-	273	-	118		
Government bonds	NR	2,609	-	6	-	887		
U.S. Treasury notes	AAA	9,857	540	5,167	2,158	-		
Georgia Fund 1	AAAf	1,900	1,900	-	-	-		
Total Fair Value		\$ 102,451	\$ 77,335	\$ 13,702	\$ 4,350	\$ 1,194		

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Division A of the Macon-Bibb County Pension and Retirement Systems (former General Employees Plan of the City of Macon) (Continued)

	Investment Maturities (in Years)						
Investment Type	16 - 20 21 - 25				26 - 30		
Common stock and ETFs	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	
Corporate bonds		-		-		191	
Corporate bonds		-		-		286	
Corporate bonds		-		-		-	
Corporate bonds		-		-		-	
Corporate bonds		-		-		-	
Corporate bonds		_		468		-	
Corporate bonds		-		192		187	
Corporate bonds		88		-		187	
Corporate bonds		-		-		-	
Corporate bonds		467		-		-	
Corporate bonds		_		-		96	
Corporate bonds		-		-		-	
Government bonds		_		-		-	
Government bonds		737		-		979	
U.S. Treasury notes		469		282		1,241	
Georgia Fund 1							
Total Fair Value	\$	1,761	\$	942	\$	3,167	

Credit Risk. It is the Plan's policy to limit investments to either mutual fund equities or fixed income bonds. Domestic bonds are limited to those with ratings that meet or exceed investment grade as defined by Moody's, S&P or Fitch. U.S. government Treasuries and Agency bonds are not classified by credit quality. Mutual funds invested in equities are also not classified by credit quality.

Concentration. On June 30, 2021, the following mutual fund investments represented greater than 5% of plan fiduciary net position: Vanguard FTSE Developed Markets Index Fund ETF Shares and Vanguard Large-Cap Index Fund ETF Shares.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Division A of the Macon-Bibb County Pension and Retirement Systems (former General Employees Plan of the City of Macon) (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements. The Plan has the following recurring fair value measurements, broken into the fair value hierarchy, as of June 30, 2021:

Investment	1	Level 1	ı	Level 2	L	evel 3	Fa	air Value
U.S. Treasury	\$	9,857	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,857
Common stock and ETFs		73,880		-		-		73,880
Corporate bonds		-		13,814		-		13,814
Government bonds		-		3,000			_	3,000
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	83,737	\$	16,814	\$			100,551
Investments not subject to level disclosure: Georgia Fund 1 Total investments							\$	1,900 102,451

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Rate of Return. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of plan expenses, was 29.88%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Plan may not be able to recover its deposits.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Macon-Bibb County Fire and Police Employees' Retirement System

The Plan's policy in regard to investments, including the allocation of invested assets, is established and may be amended by the Employees' Pension Plan Board, subject to the Board of Commissioners' approval. The Plan is authorized to invest in U.S. government obligations; U.S. government agency (or other corporation of the U.S. government) obligations; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or a U.S. government agency; obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; collateralized mortgage obligations; asset and mortgage-backed securities; obligations of other counties, municipal corporations and political subdivisions of the State of Georgia or other states; negotiable certificates of deposit issued by any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America; prime bankers' acceptances; repurchase agreements; and pooled investment programs sponsored by the State of Georgia for the investment of local government funds. Additionally, the Plan is authorized to invest in common stocks, money market instruments, and corporate bonds and debentures, which are not in default as to principal and interest.

The Plan investment policy adopts the following asset allocation mix to achieve the lowest level of risk for the Plan: Domestic equity securities 71%, fixed income investments 27%, and cash equivalents and other assets up to 2% of total asset mix.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Macon-Bibb County Fire and Police Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the Plan had the following investments (in thousands):

			Investment Maturities (in Years)						
Investment Type	Rating	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	11 - 15			
Corporate bonds	Aaa	\$ 46	\$ -	\$ 46	\$ -	\$ -			
Corporate bonds	Aa1	213	-	-	-	-			
Corporate bonds	Aa2	90	-	-	90	-			
Corporate bonds	Aa3	120	-	-	-	-			
Corporate bonds	A1	765	-	245	-	-			
Corporate bonds	A2	1,811	-	460	511	-			
Corporate bonds	A3	2,964	-	74	1,085	-			
Corporate bonds	A-	210	210	-	-	-			
Corporate bonds	Baa1	3,404	618	1,016	872	133			
Corporate bonds	BBB+	250	-	67	-	-			
Corporate bonds	Baa2	5,271	-	2,919	804	-			
Corporate bonds	BBB	364	-	364	-	-			
Corporate bonds	Baa3	4,211	-	1,372	2,498	25			
Corporate bonds	BBB-	706	-	706	· -	-			
Government bonds	AA+	12,169	-	49	331	912			
Asset backed securities	Aaa	1,429	-	-	-	298			
Asset backed securities	AAA	338	-	-	-	315			
Asset backed securities	Aa2	934	-	444	-	444			
Asset backed securities	AA	1,107	-	567	-	285			
Asset backed securities	AA-	321	-	177	-	-			
Asset backed securities	A+	569	-	209	360	-			
Asset backed securities	Α	3,447	-	137	250	2,928			
Asset backed securities	A3	424	-	-	424	-			
Asset backed securities	A-	847	-	-	123	-			
Asset backed securities	BBB+	301	-	301	-	-			
Asset backed securities	BBB	3,038	-	858	270	486			
Asset backed securities	Baa3	343	-	343	-	-			
Asset backed securities	BBB-	2,908	-	-	161	87			
Asset backed securities	BB	375	-	-	-	-			
Asset backed securities	BB-	34	-	-	-	-			
Asset backed securities	NR	4,755	-	-	1,064	-			
Mutual funds	NR	210,548	210,548	-	-	-			
U.S. Treasury notes	AA+	26,799	-	9,270	9,440	-			
Total Fair Value		\$ 291,111	\$ 211,376	\$ 19,624	\$ 18,283	\$ 5,913			

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Macon-Bibb County Fire and Police Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

	Investment Maturities (in Years)							
Investment Type	16 - 20	21 - 25	26 - 30	31 - 35	36 - 40	41 - 45	46 - 50	
Corporate bonds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Corporate bonds	-	-	213	-	-	_	-	
Corporate bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Corporate bonds	-	-	120	-	-	-	-	
Corporate bonds	164	90	266	-	-	-	-	
Corporate bonds	580	-	196	64	-	-	-	
Corporate bonds	609	-	1,196	-	-	-	-	
Corporate bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Corporate bonds	449	-	316	-	-	-	-	
Corporate bonds	67	-	116	-	-	-	-	
Corporate bonds	319	513	716	-	-	-	-	
Corporate bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Corporate bonds	-	-	316	-	-	-	-	
Corporate bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Government bonds	934	2,597	7,346	-	-	-	-	
Asset backed securities	657	-	474	-	-	-	-	
Asset backed securities	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	
Asset backed securities	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	
Asset backed securities	-	-	-	255	-	-	-	
Asset backed securities	-	-	-	-	144	-	-	
Asset backed securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Asset backed securities	-	-	132	-	-	-	-	
Asset backed securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Asset backed securities	-	-	287	-	437	-	-	
Asset backed securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Asset backed securities	-	-	186	-	209	1,029	-	
Asset backed securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Asset backed securities	480	-	1,942	78	-	160	-	
Asset backed securities	-	-	375	-	-	-	-	
Asset backed securities	-	34	-	-	-	-	-	
Asset backed securities	-	1,288	1,340	178	292	-	593	
Mutual funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
U.S. Treasury bonds	1,399	1,675	5,015					
Total Fair Value	\$ 5,658	\$ 6,243	\$ 20,575	\$ 575	\$ 1,082	\$ 1,189	\$ 593	

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Macon-Bibb County Fire and Police Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Credit Risk. It is the Plan's policy to limit investments to either mutual fund equities or fixed income bonds. Domestic bonds are limited to those with ratings that meet or exceed investment grade as defined by Moody's, S&P or Fitch. U.S. government Treasuries and Agency bonds are not classified by credit quality. Mutual funds invested in equities are also not classified by credit quality.

Concentration. On June 30, 2021, the following mutual fund investments represented greater than 5% of plan fiduciary net position: American Funds EuroPacific Growth Fund Class R-6, Transamerica International Equity R6, and Vanguard Total Stock Market Index Fund Institutional Plus Shares.

Fair Value Measurements. The Plan has the following recurring fair value measurements, broken into the fair value hierarchy, as of June 30, 2021:

Investment	Level 1		Level 2	Le	vel 3	F	air Value
Mutual funds	\$ 206,386	\$	4,162	\$	_	\$	210,548
Corporate bonds	-		20,425		-		20,425
Government bonds	-		12,169		-		12,169
U.S. Treasury notes	26,799		-		-		26,799
Asset backed securities	 	_	21,170			_	21,170
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 233,185	\$	57,926	\$		\$	291,111

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Rate of Return. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Plan investments, net of Plan expenses, was 30.41%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Plan may not be able to recover its deposits.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Macon-Bibb County Other Post-employment Benefit Plan

The Plan's policy in regard to investments, including the allocation of invested assets, is established and may be amended by the Board of Commissioners. The Plan is authorized to invest in U.S. government obligations; U.S. government agency (or other corporation of the U.S. government) obligations; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or a U.S. government agency; obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; collateralized mortgage obligations; asset and mortgage-backed securities; obligations of other counties, municipal corporations and political subdivisions of the State of Georgia or other states; negotiable certificates of deposit issued by any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America; prime bankers' acceptances; repurchase agreements; and pooled investment programs sponsored by the State of Georgia for the investment of local government funds. Additionally, the Plan is authorized to invest in common stocks, money market instruments, and corporate bonds and debentures, which are not in default as to principal and interest.

See also Note 11: Post-Employment Health Care Benefits.

At June 30, 2021, the Plan had the following investments (in thousands):

				Investment Maturities (in Years)					
Investment Type	Rating	Fai	r Value	Less	than 1		1 - 5	6	- 10
Government bonds	Aaa	\$	228	\$	-	\$	196	\$	32
Government bonds	AA		11		-		11		-
Asset backed securities	NR		15				15		-
Total Fair Value		\$	254	\$	-	\$	222	\$	32

Credit Risk. It is the Plan's policy to limit investments to either mutual fund equities or fixed income bonds. Domestic bonds are limited to those with ratings that meet or exceed investment grade as defined by Moody's, S&P or Fitch. U.S. government Treasuries and Agency bonds are not classified by credit quality. Mutual funds invested in equities are also not classified by credit quality.

Concentration. On June 30, 2021, the Plan did not have any debt or equity investments in any organization, other than those issued by the U.S. government, which represented greater than 5% of plan fiduciary net position.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Macon-Bibb County Other Post-employment Benefit Plan (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements. The Plan has the following recurring fair value measurements, broken into the fair value hierarchy, as of June 30, 2021:

Investment	Le	evel 1	Le	vel 2	Lev	/el 3	Fair	· Value
Asset backed securities Government bonds	\$	- 239	\$	15 -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	15 239
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	239	\$	15	\$		\$	254

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Rate of Return. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Plan investments, net of Plan expenses, was approximately 0.23%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Plan may not be able to recover its deposits.

NOTE 4. TAX REVENUE

Property Tax

State law requires that property taxes be based on assessed value, which is 40% of market value. All real and personal property (including motor vehicles) are valued as of January 1 of each year and must be returned for tax purposes by March 1. With the exception of motor vehicles and the property of public utilities, which are valued by the State Revenue Department, all assessments are made by the Board of Tax Assessors of Macon-Bibb County. This board has five members appointed by the Macon-Bibb County Board of Commissioners for staggered six-year terms.

NOTE 4. TAX REVENUE (CONTINUED)

Property Tax (Continued)

Upon completion of all assessments and tax returns, the information is turned over to the Macon-Bibb County Tax Commissioner for compilation of the tax digest. The completed tax digest must be submitted to the State Revenue Commissioner for approval. The State Revenue Commissioner must ascertain that real property on the tax digest has been assessed at the state mandated 40% of fair market value. The State Revenue Commissioner has the option to withhold certain state funding if the mandated 40% level is not reached.

The Macon-Bibb County Tax Commissioner distributes tax notices and collects tax payments. Motor vehicle taxes are due based upon the birthday of the owner. Property taxes are usually billed in August of each year. Real and personal property taxes may be paid in two installments – the first payment is due 30 days following the mailing of the bills and the final payment is due 60 days following the mailing of the bills. Tax executions are issued for delinquent taxes approximately 90 days following the due date of the second installment.

The property tax calendar for the most recent digest is as follows:

	Real/Personal	
	Property	Motor
	(Excluding Vehicles)	Vehicles
Assessment date	January 1, 2020	January 1
Levy date	August 11, 2020	January 1
Due date and collection date	October 15, 2020	Staggered
	and November 15, 2020	
Tax execution date/lien date	April 19, 2021	N/A

Hotel/Motel Excise Tax

A summary of the hotel/motel excise tax expenditures and receipts for the year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

Expenditure by Purpose	Amount	Tax Receipts	Percentage	
Culture and recreation	\$ 4,171,722	\$ 4,171,722	100 %	

NOTE 5. OTHER RECEIVABLES

All trade and property tax receivables have been reduced to their estimated net realizable value, and are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Estimated uncollectible accounts are based upon historical experience rates.

Receivables as of the period end for the County's individual major funds, and nonmajor, and internal service in the aggregate are as follows:

	General		SPLOST	Capital			
		Fund	 2018 Fund	Improvements			
Receivables:							
Taxes	\$	9,969,027	\$ -	\$	-		
Special assessments		1,208	-		_		
Accounts		925,416	30,000		2,500		
Accrued interest		50,648	-		-		
Gross receivable		10,946,299	30,000		2,500		
Less: allowance for							
uncollectibles		(4,570,268)	_		_		
Net total receivables	\$	6,376,031	\$ 30,000	\$	2,500		
					Namorian		
	8	Solid Waste	Airport		Nonmajor and Other		
		Fund	Fund		Funds		
Receivables:							
Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	729,954		
Special assessments		-	-		-		
Accounts		12,238,572	87,670		456,929		
Loans		-	_		_		
Accrued interest		-	_		_		
Gross receivable		12,238,572	87,670		1,186,883		
Less: allowance for							
uncollectibles		(2.676.242)	(22.024)		(55,672)		
Net total receivables		(3,676,343)	(22,831)		(33,072)		

NOTE 6. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The principal amounts due from other governments represent: a) federal government - grant program reimbursements, and b) state government - project reimbursements. No allowance is deemed necessary for these receivables. Amounts receivable from other governments as of period end for the County's individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	General Fund		SPLOST 2018 Fund	Nonmajor and Other Funds
Federal	\$ 2,757	\$	-	\$ 3,009,971
State	3,522,583		3,284,368	2,241,277
Other	 179,256			 227,235
Net receivables	\$ 3,704,596	\$	3,284,368	\$ 5,478,483

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

Internal service funds predominately serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, capital assets for the internal service funds are included as part of the below totals for governmental activities. At year-end, internal service fund capital assets with a net book value of \$167,515 are included in the amounts below.

	Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities					 	
Capital assets, not						
being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 50,674,383	\$ 2,085,792	\$	(228,781)	\$ -	\$ 52,531,394
Construction in progress	38,491,082	 23,154,212		(7,710,044)	 (12,769,820)	 41,165,430
Total capital assets, not being						
depreciated	 89,165,465	 25,240,004		(7,938,825)	 (12,769,820)	 93,696,824
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings	159,336,825	270,185		-	155,427	159,762,437
Building improvements	41,597,424	228,645		-	3,589,728	45,415,797
Land improvements	27,753,370	142,108		-	8,809,406	36,704,884
Machinery and equipment	34,423,239	647,996		(89,552)	177,284	35,158,967
Vehicles	46,025,145	975,340		(1,424,026)	-	45,576,459
Furnitures and fixtures	41,585	-		-	-	41,585
Infrastructure	 454,176,434	105,961		(32,008,276)	 -	422,274,119
Total capital assets, being						
depreciated	 763,354,022	 2,370,235		(33,521,854)	 12,731,845	 744,934,248
Less accumulated						
depreciation for:						
Buildings	(75,753,596)	(3,669,484)		-	-	(79,423,080)
Building improvements	(16,140,509)	(2,073,715)		-	-	(18,214,224)
Land improvements	(7,907,776)	(2,412,909)		-	-	(10,320,685)
Machinery and equipment	(22,512,671)	(2,611,928)		120,248	-	(25,004,351)
Vehicles	(39,858,485)	(983,464)		1,359,224	30,696	(39,452,029)
Furnitures and fixtures	(41,585)	-		-	-	(41,585)
Infrastructure	(359,170,604)	(4,356,111)	_	14,957,082	 	 (348,569,633)
Total accumulated depreciation	(521,385,226)	(16,107,611)		16,436,554	30,696	(521,025,587)
Total capital assets, being						
depreciated, net	 241,968,796	 (13,737,376)		(17,085,300)	 12,762,541	 223,908,661
Governmental activities						
capital assets, net	\$ 331,134,261	\$ 11,502,628	\$	(25,024,125)	\$ (7,279)	\$ 317,605,485

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

		eginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	Trans	fers		Ending Balance
Business-type activities										
Capital assets, not										
being depreciated:										
Land	\$	7,639,561	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,639,561
Earthen Dam		2,625,294		-		-		-		2,625,294
Construction in progress		1,118,939		6,521,803		-	(1	132,143)		7,508,599
Total capital assets, not										
being depreciated		11,383,794		6,521,803			(1	132,143)		17,773,454
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Land improvements		9,590,163		-		=	1	132,143		9,722,306
Dam improvements		2,084,004		-		-		-		2,084,004
Buildings		26,657,325		-		-		-		26,657,325
Building improvements		941,458		-		-		-		941,458
Infrastructure		7,197,161		-		-		-		7,197,161
Machinery and equipment		4,490,174		1,404,588		(63,000)		37,975		5,869,737
Vehicles		8,923,242		681,510		(23,035)		-		9,581,717
Furnitures and fixtures		2,313,079						-		2,313,079
Total capital assets, being										
depreciated		62,196,606		2,086,098		(86,035)	1	170,118		64,366,787
Less accumulated										
depreciation for:										
Land improvements		(3,402,140)		(352,681)		-		-		(3,754,821)
Dam improvements		(1,449,992)		(66,868)		=		-		(1,516,860)
Buildings		(15,927,745)		(739,794)		-		-		(16,667,539)
Building improvements		(725,034)		(56,965)		-		-		(781,999)
Infrastructure		(2,931,315)		(275,285)		-		-		(3,206,600)
Machinery and equipment		(3,061,612)		(225,793)		63,000		(30,696)		(3,255,101)
Vehicles		(7,566,305)		(214,622)		23,035		-		(7,757,892)
Furnitures and fixtures		(2,309,273)		- (4.000.000)				-		(2,309,273)
Total accumulated depreciation		(37,373,416)		(1,932,008)		86,035		(30,696)		(39,250,085)
Total capital assets, being		04 000 400		454.000				100 400		05 440 700
depreciated, net		24,823,190		154,090		-		139,422		25,116,702
Business-type activities capital assets, net	Φ.	26 206 004	æ	6 675 000	æ		c	7 070	æ	40 000 450
oapital assets, fiet	\$	36,206,984	\$	6,675,893	\$		φ	7,279	\$	42,890,156

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 3,351,408
Judicial	307,693
Public safety	4,082,084
Public works	4,603,940
Culture and recreation	3,743,886
Internal service funds	 18,600
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 16,107,611
Business-type activities:	
Tobesofkee Recreation Fund	\$ 269,185
Solid Waste Fund	359,796
Airport Fund	602,274
Coliseum Fund	626,849
Bowden Golf Course Fund	 73,904
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,932,008

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

A. General Obligation Bonds

The County periodically issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. The general obligation bonds outstanding at period end are as follows:

Governmental activities:

Payable from 2018 SPLOST Fund

\$35,000,000 2017 Bibb County General Obligation Sales Tax Bonds due in annual principal installments of \$2,875,000 to \$4,290,000 beginning December 1, 2018. Interest at 2.0% to 5.0% to be paid each June 1 and December 1, commencing December 1, 2017.

\$ 26,120,000

Payable from 2017 Tax Allocation Refunding and Improvement Bond

\$4,950,000 2017 Bibb County Tax Allocation Refunding and Improvement Bond due in annual principal installments of \$265,000 to \$405,000 beginning December 1, 2018. Bond funds are available to be drawn down as needed not to exceed the issue amount. Interest at 2.72% to be paid each June 1 and December 1, commencing June 1, 2018.

4,130,000

Total General Obligation Bonds - governmental activities

\$ 30,250,000

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

Proceeds from the Series 2018 (General Obligation Sales Tax Bonds) were used to provide funds for various capital outlay projects included in the special 1% sales and use tax referendum approved by Bibb County voters in November 2016.

Proceeds from the Macon-Bibb County Tax Allocation Refunding and Improvement Series 2017 were used to refund the outstanding Series 2014 Bond and to pay for the improvements within the Second Street TAD-2 project. The economic loss (the difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and the new debt) was \$144,861. The County is contractually obligated to make the necessary payment of principal and interest on this issue.

Annual debt service to maturity requirements for governmental activity general obligation bonds (excluding unamortized bond premium of \$3,447,077) are as follows:

Fiscal Year	٦	Γotal Debt Service	Principal	Interest
2022	\$	4,822,442	\$ 3,520,000	\$ 1,302,442
2023		4,834,518	3,690,000	1,144,518
2024		4,818,822	3,840,000	978,822
2025		4,814,379	4,025,000	789,379
2026		4,805,732	4,215,000	590,732
2027 – 2031		10,821,843	10,165,000	656,843
2032 and 2033		816,828	795,000	21,828
	\$	35,734,564	\$ 30,250,000	\$ 5,484,564

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

B. Revenue Bonds

The County also issues bonds where the County pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds outstanding at period-end are as follows:

Governmental activities:

Payable from General Fund

\$8,250,000 Series 2015 Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority Refunding Revenue Bond Issue (Bass Pro and Sofkee Park Project) due in annual principal installments of \$565,000 to \$1,055,000 commencing December 1, 2019. Interest at 1.65% to 4.0% to be paid semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, commencing December 1, 2015.

\$ 7,075,000

\$11,175,000 2010 Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Bond Issue (Revenue Refunding) due in annual principal installments of \$310,000 to \$1,130,000 commencing October 1, 2011. Interest at 2.0% to 3.0% to be paid each April 1 and October 1.

1,360,000

\$3,225,000 2013B Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Bond Issue (Public Projects) due in annual principal installments of \$605,000 to \$690,000 commencing June 1, 2018. Interest at 3.0% to 4.0% to be paid each June 1 and December 1.

690,000

\$12,190,000 2015A Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Taxable Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds due in annual principal installments of \$225,000 to \$985,000 commencing December 1, 2019. Interest is variable to be paid each June 1 and December 1, commencing December 1, 2015.

11,510,000

\$6,240,000 2015B Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds due in annual principal installments of \$85,000 to \$600,000 commencing December 1, 2019. Interest is variable to be paid each June 1 and December 1, commencing December 1, 2015.

6,015,000

\$4,430,431 2016A Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Taxable Revenue Bonds (Urban Development Concepts, LLC Project) due in annual principal installments of \$217,668 to \$388,248 commencing December 1, 2016. Interest at 4.22% to be paid each June 1 and December 1, commencing June 1, 2016.

3,246,278

(Continued)

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

B. Revenue Bonds

Governmental activities (Continued):

Payable from General Fund (Continued)

\$2,000,000 2016C Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Taxa	ble
Revenue Bonds (Urban Development Concepts, LLC Project). Bond funds	are
due in annual principal installments of \$95,868 to \$639,712 commence	ing
December 1, 2019. Interest at 4.55% to be paid each June 1 and Decembe	r 1,
commencing December 1, 2019.	

\$ 1,803,901

\$14,965,000 2017A Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Tax Exempt Refunding Revenue Bonds due in annual principal installments of \$800,000 to \$2,105,000 commencing December 1, 2021. Interest at 3.00% to 5.00% to be paid each June 1 and December 1, commencing December 1, 2017.

14,965,000

\$3,285,000 2017B Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds Bonds due in annual principal installments of \$190,000 to \$1,090,000 commencing December 1, 2018. Interest at 2.00% to 3.00% to be paid each June 1 and December 1, commencing December 1, 2017.

190,000

\$8,125,000 2019 Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Refunding Revenue Bonds due in annual principal installments of \$473,021 to \$585,870 commencing October 1, 2020. Interest at 3.26% to be paid each April 1 and October 1, commencing April 1, 2020.

7,651,979

\$3,500,000 2019D Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Taxable Revenue Bonds due in annual principal installments of \$103,854 to \$866,501 commencing December 1, 2021. Interest at 5.00% to be paid each June 1 and December 1, commencing June 1, 2019.

3,500,000

\$24,000,000 2020 Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Revenue Bonds due in annual principal installments of \$750,000 to \$970,000 commencing December 1, 2021. Interest at 1.90% to be paid each June 1 and December 1, commencing June 1, 2020.

24,000,000

\$21,770,000 2020 Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Revenue Bonds (City Hall Annex Project) due in annual principal installments of \$600,000 to \$3,875,000 commencing June 1, 2023. Interest at 2.80% to be paid each June 1 and December 1, commencing December 1, 2020. As of June 30, 2021, this bond is still in the draw phase.

14,023,086

Total Revenue Bonds - governmental activities

\$ 96.030.244

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

B. Revenue Bonds (Continued)

The \$8,250,000 Series 2015 Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority Refunding Revenue Bond Issue (Bass Pro and Sofkee Park Projects) was used to restructure the Series 2009 Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority Revenue Bond Issue (Bass Pro and Sofkee Park Project). The County is contractually obligated to make the necessary payment of principal and interest on this issue.

The \$11,175,000 Series 2010 Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Revenue Bond Issue (Revenue Refunding) was used to refund and redeem Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Bond Issues Series 1993, Series 1996 and Series 2000. The County is contractually obligated to make the necessary payment of principal and interest on this issue.

The \$3,225,000 Series 2013B Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Revenue Bond Issue (Public Projects) was used to finance the costs of the acquisition of land and the construction and equipping of certain capital outlay projects of the County and the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority. The County is contractually obligated to make the necessary payment of principal and interest on this issue.

The \$12,190,000 2015A Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Taxable Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds were issued to advance refund certain maturities of the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority's outstanding Series 2007 and Series 2013B Revenue Bonds, pay the costs of general county blight removal and pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2015A Bonds. The County is contractually obligated to make the necessary payment of principal and interest on this issue.

The \$6,240,000 2015B Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds were issued to advance refund certain maturities of the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority's outstanding Series 2013A Revenue Bonds, to pay the costs of construction and equipping of public infrastructure, including sidewalks, lighting and paving within Macon-Bibb County and to pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2015B Bonds. The County is contractually obligated to make the necessary payment of principal and interest on this issue.

The \$4,430,431 2016A and \$2,000,000 2016C Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Taxable Revenue Bonds were issued to provide funds to finance all or a portion of the costs of refunding the Development Authority of Bibb County Revenue Bonds (Urban Development Concepts, LLC) Series 2012, fund certain Authority projects, pay interest on the Series 2016 Bonds, fund the debt service reserve fund and pay the cost of issuance. The County is contractually obligated to make the necessary payments of principal and interest on these issues.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

B. Revenue Bonds (Continued)

The \$14,965,000 2017A and \$3,285,000 2017B Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Revenue Bonds were issued to provide funds to finance the costs of refunding the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority of Bibb County Revenue Bonds Series 2002B, Series 2009, and Series 2013A and pay the cost of issuance. The economic gain (the difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and the new debt) was \$1,195,731. The County is contractually obligated to make the necessary payments of principal and interest on these issues.

The \$8,125,000 2019 Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Revenue Bond was issued to provide funds to finance the costs of refunding the Macon-Bibb County Revenue Bonds Series 2007 and pay the cost of issuance. The economic gain (the difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and the new debt) was \$512,653. The County is contractually obligated to make the necessary payments of principal and interest on this issue.

The \$3,500,000 2019D Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Taxable Revenue Bonds were issued to provide funds to finance all or a portion of the costs of certain Authority projects, pay interest on the Series 2019D Bonds, fund the debt service reserve fund and pay the cost of issuance. The County is contractually obligated to make the necessary payments of principal and interest on this issue.

The \$24,000,000 2020 Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Taxable Revenue Bonds were issued to provide funds to finance all or a portion of the costs of certain Authority projects, pay interest on the Series 2020 Bonds, fund the debt service reserve fund and pay the cost of issuance. The County is contractually obligated to make the necessary payments of principal and interest on this issue.

The \$21,770,000 2020 Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Taxable Revenue Bonds (City Hall Annex Hotel Project) were issued to provide funds to finance a portion of the costs of certain Authority projects related to the acquisition, renovation, construction, furnishing and equipping of the City Hall Annex Hotel in downtown Macon and the renovation of Rosa Parks Square, pay interest on the Series 2020 Bonds, fund the debt service reserve fund and pay the cost of issuance. The County is contractually obligated to make the necessary payments of principal and interest on this issue.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

B. Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for governmental activity revenue bonds (excluding unamortized bond premiums totaling \$2,633,954) are as follows:

Fiscal	Total Debt				
Year	Service	Principal	Interest		
2022	\$ 9,131,716	\$ 6,503,395	\$ 2,628,321		
2023	8,457,473	5,956,456	2,501,017		
2024	8,223,539	5,934,416	2,289,123		
2025	8,228,014	6,159,573	2,068,441		
2026	7,097,103	5,230,264	1,866,839		
2027 – 2031	36,153,924	29,645,675	6,508,249		
2032 – 2036	20,167,567	18,017,379	2,150,188		
2037 – 2039	4,838,356	4,560,000	278,356		
	\$ 102,297,692	\$ 82,007,158	\$ 20,290,534		

The previous maturity schedule does not include the 2020 Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Revenue Bonds (City Hall Annex Hotel Project), which are still in the draw phase as of June 30, 2021.

C. Certificates of Participation

In June 1998, the County entered into a lease pool agreement with the Georgia Municipal Association (the "GMA"). The funding of the lease pool was provided by the issuance of \$150,126,000 Certificates of Participation by the GMA. The GMA passed the net proceeds through to the participating governments with the County's participation totaling \$13,452,000. The lease pool agreement with the GMA provides that the County owns their portion of the assets invested by the pool and is responsible for the payment of their portion of the principal and interest of the Certificates of Participation. The principal is due in a lump sum payment on June 1, 2028. Interest is payable at a rate of 4.75% each year. The County draws from the investment to lease equipment from the GMA. The lease pool agreement requires the County to make lease pool payments back into its investment account to fund the principal and interest requirements of the 1998 Georgia Municipal Association Certificates of Participation.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

C. Certificates of Participation (Continued)

As part of the issuance of the Certificates of Participation, the County entered into an interest rate swap agreement (the "Swap Agreement"). Under the Swap Agreement, the County is required to pay: 1) a semi-annual (and beginning July 1, 2003, a monthly) floating rate of interest based on the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association ("SIFMA") Municipal Swap Index (plus a 31 basis points spread) to, or on behalf of, the Swap Counterparty (the "Swap Payment"); and the Swap Counterparty will pay to, or on behalf of, the County a semi-annual payment based on a rate equal to the fixed rate on the Certificates of Participation (4.75%) times a notional amount specified in the Swap Agreement, but generally equal to the outstanding unpaid principal portion of such contract, less the amount originally deposited in the Reserve Fund relating to the contract, and 2) a one-time Swap Premium to be paid on the effective date of the Swap Agreement. The semi-annual payments from the Swap Counterparty with respect to the County are structured, and expected, to be sufficient to make all interest payments due under the contract, and related distributions of interest on the Certificates. Monthly interest payments between the County, the holders of the Certificates of Participation, and the Swap Counterparty can be made in net settlement form as part of this agreement. Under the Swap Agreement, the County's obligation to pay floating payments to the Swap Counterparty in any calendar year may not exceed an amount equal to the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index plus 5% to be determined on the first business day of December in the preceding year. This agreement matures on June 1, 2028, at the same time of the Certificates of Participation. This derivative qualifies as a fair market hedge.

In the unlikely event that the Swap Counterparty becomes insolvent or fails to make payments as specified in the Swap Agreement, the County would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the Swap's fair value. To minimize this risk, the County executed this agreement with counterparties of appropriate credit strength, with the counterparty being rated Aa3 by Moody's. At June 30, 2021, the floating rate being paid by the County is 0.40% and the market value of this agreement is \$3,261,443, a decrease of \$980,934 from the market value at June 30, 2020. The market value of the hedge was determined using settlement prices at the end of the day on June 30, 2021 based on the derivative contract. This market value is reported as an asset in the statement of net position. As this derivative is an effective hedge, qualifying for hedge accounting, the inflow from the hedge (any change in fair value from inception until fiscal period end) is deferred and reported as deferred inflows in the statement of net position.

The hedge derivative instrument referenced above is the County's sole derivative instrument and is recorded as part of governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

C. Certificates of Participation (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Certificates of Participation are as follows:

	Total Debt				
Service			Principal		Interest
\$	638,970	\$	-	\$	638,970
	638,970		-		638,970
	638,970		-		638,970
	638,970		-		638,970
	638,970		-		638,970
	14,410,455		13,452,000		958,455
\$	17,605,305	\$	13,452,000	\$	4,153,305
	\$	\$ 638,970 638,970 638,970 638,970 638,970 14,410,455	\$ 638,970 \$ 638,970 638,970 638,970 638,970 14,410,455	Service Principal \$ 638,970 \$ - 638,970 - 638,970 - 638,970 - 638,970 - 14,410,455 13,452,000	Service Principal \$ 638,970 \$ - 638,970 - 638,970 - 638,970 - 638,970 - 14,410,455 13,452,000

D. Financed Purchases from Direct Borrowings

The County has entered into several financed purchases from direct borrowings through a local financial institution to finance the acquisition of various equipment. The borrowing arrangement is structured in a way that requires the County to first expend the money for purchase of the assets. The direct borrowing proceeds are then remitted to the County by the financial institution and the borrowing agreement begins. In the event of default, the financial institution could take possession of the assets, terminate the borrowing agreement, or obtain court action to enforce the agreement.

Principal and interest payments due under direct borrowings as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Governmental activities:

Fiscal	T	otal Debt				
Year		Service	F	Principal	li	nterest
2022	\$	100,778	\$	97,928	\$	2,850
2023		46,656		46,253		403
	\$	147,434	\$	144,181	\$	3,253

The following is an analysis of assets purchased under direct borrowings as of June 30, 2021, and amortization of these assets is included in the depreciation expense recorded in the governmental activities:

Machinery and equipment	\$ 469,667
Less: Accumulated depreciation	 (328,767)
	\$ 140,900

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

E. Closure/Post-closure Care Costs

The County owns and operates a landfill site located in Macon-Bibb County, Georgia. State and federal laws will require the County to close the landfill once its capacity is reached and to monitor and maintain the site for 30 subsequent years. The County recognizes a prorated portion of the closure and post-closure care costs in each operating period even though actual payouts will not occur until the landfill is closed. The amount recognized each year to date is based on the landfill capacity used as of the balance sheet date. As of June 30, 2021, the City has determined that it has used approximately 4,483,874 cubic yards out of a total available capacity of approximately 4,700,000 cubic yards which approximates 95% capacity used. Further, estimated costs of closure and post-closure care costs as determined at June 30, 2021, amount to approximately \$20,894,000. Based on the above facts and estimated amounts, the City has recorded a liability of \$24,570,000 which represents the amount of costs reported to date based on 95% of landfill capacity used to date as of June 30, 2021. The estimated costs of closure and post-closure care are subject to changes such as the effects of inflation, revision of laws and other variables. The estimated remaining life of the landfill is approximately six years.

F. Note Payable - Due to Component Unit

During fiscal year 2017, the County entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority ("MBCUDA") related to the renovations of a facility owned by the County. Under the terms of the agreement, the MBCUDA would oversee the project and secure outside financing to fund the construction costs. At the end of construction, the County would pay the debt service on the loan secured by the MBCUDA along with a 5% administrative fee. Payments, including the administrative fee are \$16,034 per month and due and payable through fiscal year 2026. The total amount owed as of June 30, 2021 was \$835,437.

G. Legal Debt Margin

The County is subject to a debt limit that is 10% of the total assessed value of taxable real property. At June 30, 2021, the total outstanding debt applicable to the limit was \$26,034,742, which is 5.49% of the total debt limit.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

H. Changes in Long-term Liabilities for Primary Government

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

									Amounts		
		Beginning					Ending	I	Due Within		
	Balance			Additions	 Reductions	Balance			One Year		
Governmental Activities:											
Bonds payable											
General obligation bonds	\$	33,605,000	\$	-	\$ (3,355,000)	\$	30,250,000	\$	3,520,000		
Premium		4,029,682		-	(582,605)		3,447,077		582,605		
Revenue bonds		66,884,849		33,880,449	(4,735,054)		96,030,244		6,503,395		
Premium		2,885,450		-	(251,496)		2,633,954		246,181		
Certificates of participation		13,452,000		-	-		13,452,000		-		
Financed purchase agreements:											
Capital leases		239,446		-	(95,265)		144,181		97,928		
Note payable due to component unit		991,175		-	(155,738)		835,437		160,808		
Compensated absences		7,688,983		4,272,880	(4,114,320)		7,847,543		4,057,971		
Net OPEB liability		139,391,697		8,418,124	(6,544,300)		141,265,521		-		
Net pension liability		109,206,166		24,587,374	(17,181,380)		116,612,160		-		
Claims payable		11,150,003		16,066,482	(16,475,701)		10,740,784		3,132,784		
Governmental activities											
long-term liabilities	\$	389,524,451	\$	87,225,309	\$ (53,490,859)	\$	423,258,901	\$	18,301,672		
Business-type Activities:											
Financed purchase	\$	322,281	\$	-	\$ (322,281)	\$	-	\$	-		
Net pension liability		3,906,684		1,444,096	(2,066,570)		3,284,210		-		
Compensated absences		149,291		92,398	(110,634)		131,055		84,556		
Landfill closure/post-closure											
care costs		23,690,000		880,000	 		24,570,000		_		
Business-type activities											
long-term liabilities	\$	28,068,256	\$	2,416,494	\$ (2,499,485)	\$	27,985,265	\$	84,556		

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. Claims payable totaling \$1,234,784 and net pension liability totaling \$1,157,409 are reported in the internal service funds and will be liquidated by those funds. For the governmental activities, compensated absences and net pension liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund. The net OPEB liability is expected to be liquidated by the General Fund. Also, for the business-type activities, the net pension liabilities and compensated absences are expected to be liquidated by the Solid Waste Fund, Tobesofkee Recreation Fund, and Bowden Golf Course Fund.

NOTE 9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

				Due	Fror	n			
				Nonmajor	ı	Nonmajor			
Due To		General Fund		Governmental Funds		Enterprise Funds		Total	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	492,901	\$	183	\$	493,084	
Capital Improvements Fund		1,900,000		-		-		1,900,000	
Solid Waste Fund		2,900,000		-		-		2,900,000	
Airport Fund		400,000		-		-		400,000	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		13,626,004		-		5,400		13,631,404	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		670,000		-		-		670,000	
Internal Service Funds		2,300,000				-		2,300,000	
	\$	21,796,004	\$	492,901	\$	5,583	\$	22,294,488	

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that:

1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made. These balances normally clear within one to two months.

Any amounts payable to a governmental fund that relates to working capital loans that are deemed to be entirely collectible which are not scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year are considered to be advances. Advances as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Advances Receivable Fund	Advances Payable Fund	 Amount	
Solid Waste Fund	General Fund	\$ 6,604,610	

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

						1	rar	nsfer From					
						Capital		Solid				Nonmajor	
	(General	S	PLOST	In	nprovements		Waste		Airport	G	overnmental	
Transfer To		Fund	20	018 Fund	_	Fund	_	Fund	_	Fund		Funds	 Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	319,902	\$	_	\$	5,922,892	\$ 6,242,794
Capital Improvements													
Fund		3,720,495		-		-		-		-		465,210	4,185,705
Airport Fund		400,000		-		-		-		-		-	400,000
Nonmajor Governmental													
Funds	•	12,532,541		40,480		1,104,462		-		60,000		80,548	13,818,031
Nonmajor Enterprise													
Funds		794,999		-		-		-		-		969,978	1,764,977
Internal Service Funds		600,000		-		-		-		-		-	600,000
	\$	18,048,035	\$	40,480	\$	1,104,462	\$	319,902	\$	60,000	\$	7,438,628	\$ 27,011,507

NOTE 9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Transfers are used to: 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them, and 2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 10. FUND EQUITY

Fund Balance

Restricted fund balance represents amounts subject to externally enforceable limitations on use. The most significant amounts reported include the following:

- Amounts legally restricted for debt service by the terms of the original debt instruments.
- Amounts restricted for capital outlay by state law and by debt instruments.

Committed fund balance represents amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the Macon-Bibb County Board of Commissioners.

• The Commissioners have committed the resources of the Law Enforcement Commissary Fund to Macon-Bibb County Law Enforcement.

NOTE 11. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

As of June 30, 2021, the County administers a single-employer, defined benefit, other post-employment benefit plans ("OPEB"). The single plan for the County is the Macon-Bibb County Government Health Care Plan. The plan does not issue a separate stand-alone report and is not included in the report of another entity. Plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the plan, in accordance with the terms of the plan.

NOTE 11. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

A. Plan Description

In accordance with a resolution, the County provides certain post-employment benefits for retired employees. Substantially all full-time employees, of the former Bibb County, Georgia, employed prior to May 1, 2011, become eligible for the benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the County. Substantially all full-time employees, of the former City of Macon, Georgia, employed prior to January 1, 2014, become eligible for the benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the County. The plan provides health care and life insurance benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Life insurance is provided at the rate of two times the employee's ending salary up to a maximum death benefit of \$100,000. The benefit is reduced to 65% upon reaching age 65, to 45% upon reaching age 70, to 30% upon reaching age 75, and to 20% upon reaching age 80. The Macon-Bibb County Board of Commissioners is authorized to establish and amend all plan provisions.

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position for the OPEB Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, is presented below.

	Other Post- Empoloyment Benefits Trust			
ASSETS				
Cash and equivalents	\$	2,117,737		
Investments:				
U.S. Treasury bills and government bonds		238,452		
Asset backed securities		15,492		
Accrued interest receivable		873		
Total assets		2,372,554		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		405,616		
Total liabilities		405,616		
NET POSITION				
Restricted for pension benefits	\$	1,966,938		

NOTE 11. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the OPEB Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, is presented below.

	Other Post- Empoloyment Benefits Trust				
ADDITIONS					
Contributions:					
Employer and retirees	\$	7,490,361			
Investment income: Net depreciation in fair value of plan investments Interest earned on investments		(3,198) 48,439			
Less investment expense		941			
Net investment income		44,300			
Total additions		7,534,661			
DEDUCTIONS Papafita paid to ratings		7,940,163			
Benefits paid to retirees Administrative expenses		313,385			
лаппистацие охроносе		010,000			
Total deductions		8,253,548			
Change in net position		(718,887)			
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,685,825			
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	1,966,938			

NOTE 11. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

B. Membership

Membership data as of June 30, 2019, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active participants	909
Retired participants and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,259
Total	2,168

C. Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the Board. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts toward the cost of insurance premiums. Plan member contributions are based upon coverage elections. Retiree health coverage is \$200 – \$239 per month; family coverage is an additional \$320 – \$390 per month. Retiree life insurance premiums for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, were paid from the OPEB Trust Fund.

D. Net OPEB Liability of the County

Effective July 1, 2017, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which significantly changed the County's accounting for OPEB amounts. The information disclosed below is presented in accordance with this new standard.

The County's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 with the actuary using standard techniques to roll forward the liability to the measurement date.

NOTE 11. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

D. Net OPEB Liability of the County (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and was rolled forward to June 30, 2021, utilizing update procedures by the actuary incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The following actuarial assumptions were utilized and applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate	2.16%
Long-term expected rate of return	
on OPEB investments	4.00%, net of investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	7.00% for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.50% by 2026 (Pre-Medicare)
	2.00% for all future years (Medicare)
Inflation rate	2.75%
Salary increases	3.00 - 4.50%, including inflation
	2.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 mortality table for both County employees and City employees, with various adjustments.

Investments. As of the most recent adoption of the current long-term rate of return by the plan, the current asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return of each major asset class, as provided by the plan's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Current Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Treasury Bills		
and Government Bonds	1.84%	4.54%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	88.92%	1.25%
Cash and Cash Equivalents -		
money funds	0.34%	0.01%
Asset Backed Securities	8.87%	0.99%
Accrued Interest Receivable	0.03%	1.00%
	100.00%	

See also Note 3: Deposits and Investments.

NOTE 11. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

D. Net OPEB Liability of the County (Continued)

Several factors should be considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges should be combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant may cover a shorter investment horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding OPEB plans which are likely to cover a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total outstanding liability as of the measurement date was 2.16%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows: 1) Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan, 2) the understanding is that the County intends to pay all benefits until the plan's fiduciary net position is exhausted, which the County anticipates will occur in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, 3) projected assets do not include future employer contributions, and 4) cash flows occur mid-year.

The components of the net OPEB liability of the County at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability (a)		an Fiduciary let Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at 6/30/2020	\$	142,077,522	\$ 2,685,825	\$ 139,391,697
Changes for the year:		_		
Interest		3,064,747	-	3,064,747
Service costs		4,362,879	-	4,362,879
Assumption changes		677,113	-	677,113
Contributions - employer		-	6,500,000	(6,500,000)
Net investment income		-	44,300	(44,300)
Benefit payments		(6,839,774)	(6,839,774)	-
Administrative expenses			 (313,385)	 313,385
Net changes		1,264,965	(608,859)	1,873,824
Balances at 6/30/2021	\$	143,342,487	\$ 2,076,966	\$ 141,265,521

The plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability

1.45%

NOTE 11. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

D. Net OPEB Liability of the County (Continued)

The required schedule of changes in the County's net OPEB liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total OPEB liability.

Based on these assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted in 2021 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the SEIR for the Prior Measurement Date and current Measurement Date. As a result of the change to the Municipal Bond Index Rate, there was a change in the discount rate from 2.21% at the Prior Measurement Date to 2.16% at the Measurement Date.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 2.16%, as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Discount Rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16%) than the current rate:

		Current							
	1	% Decrease (1.16%)		iscount Rate (2.16%)		1% Increase (3.16%)			
Net OPEB Liability	\$	155,850,784	\$	141,265,521	\$	128,564,599			

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's net OPEB liability would be if it were to calculate healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Current Healthcare	
	1	% Decrease	 Trend Rates	 1% Increase
Net OPEB Liability	\$	128,602,807	\$ 141,265,521	\$ 156,191,451

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revisions as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of June 30, 2021, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and inactive employees.

NOTE 11. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

D. Net OPEB Liability of the County (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$3,046,875. At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	130,246	\$ -	
Changes in assumptions		9,176,099	173,689	
Experience differences			 12,320,619	
Total	\$	9,306,345	\$ 12,494,308	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2022	\$ (2,483,006)
2023	(810,320)
2024	95,325
2025	 10,038
	\$ (3,187,963)

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS

Employee Pension Trust

Plan Description

Plan administration. The County administers a single-employer, defined benefit, public employee retirement system. This plan does not issue a separate stand-alone report and is not included in the report of a public employee retirement system or another entity. Assets are held separately and may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the plan.

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Employee Pension Trust (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The County Employee's Pension Plan (the "Plan") provides retirement benefits for substantially all full-time employees except certain employees in the State Court, Agriculture Agent's Office, and the Tax Commissioner. The Plan was created by resolution of the Board of Commissioners which grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Employees' Pension Plan Board (the "Board"), subject to the Board of Commissioners' approval. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries.

Plan Membership. At July 1, 2020, plan membership consisted of the following:

		Law	
	General	Enforcement	Total
Active participants	593	252	845
Retired participants and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	347	177	524
Terminated participants and beneficiaries entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	61_	17_	78_
Total	1,001	446	1,447

Benefits Provided. Retirement benefits for plan members are calculated as 2% of final average monthly base earnings multiplied by years of service (for employees hired prior to May 1, 2011). For employees hired after May 1, 2011, but before January 1, 2014, the formula is 1.5% of final average monthly base earnings multiplied by years of service. For members hired on or after January 1, 2014, the formula is 1.5% of final average monthly base earnings multiplied by years of service with a maximum benefit of 50% of final average monthly base earnings. Early retirement reduces the monthly benefit by 2% per year for each year the early retirement precedes the normal retirement date. In the line of duty disability benefits for law enforcement officers is equal to two-thirds of the final average monthly base earnings less actual Social Security payments. For all other retirements due to disability, the benefit is based on the final average monthly earnings and years of service at the date of disability reduced by the amount of workers compensation or Social Security disability benefit received. Death benefits equal 50% of basic pension formula.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each member's retirement allowance as of each January 1 at least one year after retirement, if approved by the Macon-Bibb County Board of Commissioners.

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Employee Pension Trust (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Contributions. A resolution by the Board of Commissioners grants the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the County to the Pension Plan Board, subject to the Board of Commissioners' approval. The Pension Plan Board establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The County is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of plan members. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County's contribution rate was 30.82% of annual payroll. Plan members do not make contributions. County contributions to the Plan were \$10,434 (in thousands) for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position for the Employee Pension Trust Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 is presented below (in thousands).

		mployee Pension Trust
ASSETS	_	
Cash and equivalents	\$	6,692
Investments:		5.000
Short-term investments		5,000
Corporate bonds		14,808
Common stock		24,289
U.S. Treasury bills and government bonds		23,799
Asset backed securities		18,297
Mutual funds		51,860
Fixed rate securities Accounts receivable		536
Due from brokers for unsettled trades		961
Accrued interest receivable		32 308
Accided interest receivable		306
Total assets		146,582
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		112
Due to brokers for unsettled trades		54
Total liabilities		166
NET POSITION		
Restricted for pension benefits	\$	146,416

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Employee Pension Trust (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the Employee Pension Trust Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, is presented below (in thousands).

	imployee Pension Trust
ADDITIONS	
Contributions: Employer	\$ 10,434
Investment income: Net appreciation in fair value of plan investments Interest earned on investments Dividends Other investment earnings	28,651 1,223 677 7
Less investment expense	308
Net investment income	30,250
Total additions	40,684
DEDUCTIONS Benefits paid to retirees Administrative expenses	 13,677 153
Total deductions	13,830
Change in net position	26,854
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	119,562
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 146,416

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Employee Pension Trust (Continued)

Net Pension Liability of the County

The County's net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 3.00 - 4.50%, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan

investment expense, including inflation

The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment and projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and set forward three years for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set back seven years for males and set forward three years for females is used for the period after disability retirement. The RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment and projected to 2025 with projection scale BB is used for both males and females while in active service.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are 7.25% per year.

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Employee Pension Trust (Continued)

Net Pension Liability of the County (Continued)

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on the assumptions used in the most recent actuarial valuation, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability and a municipal bond rate was not used in determining the discount rate.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability. The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the County for the year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows (in thousands):

	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		t Pension et) Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at 6/30/2020	\$ 202,623	\$	117,439	\$	85,184
Changes for the year:					
Interest	14,211		-		14,211
Service costs	2,792		-		2,792
Demographic experience	(206)		-		(206)
Contributions - employer	-		7,456		(7,456)
Net investment income	-		7,993		(7,993)
Benefit payments	(13,206)		(13,206)		-
Administrative expenses	 		(119)		119
Net changes	3,591		2,124		1,467
Balances at 6/30/2021	\$ 206,214	\$	119,563	\$	86,651

The plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

57.98%

The net pension liability is recorded on the Statement of Net Position of the primary government and participating component units as follows (in thousands):

Primary Government	\$ 85,914
Macon-Bibb County Planning and Zoning	 737
	\$ 86,651

The required schedule of changes in the County's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Employee Pension Trust (Continued)

Net Pension Liability of the County (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate (in thousands):

	1% Decrease (6.25%)		_	Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
Net pension liability	\$	108,817	\$	86,651	\$	67.897	

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of July 1, 2020, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$12,002 (in thousands). At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Contibutions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	327 910 4,274 10,434	\$	1,363 - -
Total	\$	15,945	\$	1,363
Amounts are allocated as follows: Primary Government Macon-Bibb County Planning and Zoning	\$ <u>\$</u>	15,809 136 15,945	\$	1,351 12 1,363

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Employee Pension Trust (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

County contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$10,434 (in thousands) are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2022	\$ 1,811
2023	2,537
2024	(10)
2025	(169)
2026	 (21)
	\$ 4,148

General Employees' Pension Plan (Former City of Macon)

Plan Description

Plan Administration. The General Employees' Pension Plan (the "Plan") was administered by the former City of Macon, Georgia. Upon consolidation of the City of Macon, Georgia and Bibb County, Georgia on January 1, 2014, this plan was frozen to new entrants. This plan does not issue a separate stand-alone report and is not included in the report of a public employee retirement system or another entity.

The General Employees' Pension Plan – a single-employer defined benefit pension plan – provides retirement benefits for substantially all full-time employees of the former City of Macon, Georgia other than former City of Macon, Georgia sworn fire and police officers. The Plan was created by resolution of the former City of Macon, Georgia City Council which granted the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Pension Plan Board (the "Board"), subject to City Council approval. Upon consolidation on January 1, 2014, the authority, with respect to the Plan, of the former City of Macon City Council was assumed by the Macon-Bibb County Board of Commissioners. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries.

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

General Employees' Pension Plan (Former City of Macon) (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Plan Membership. At July 1, 2020, Plan membership consisted of the following:

Active participants	180
Retired participants and beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	539
Terminated participants and beneficiaries	
entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	280
Total	999

Benefits Provided. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits for plan members are calculated as the greater of: 1) 2% of the average monthly earnings times service minus 1.50% of primary Social Security benefit times up to 33 1/3 years of service, or 2) 1.52% of average monthly earnings up to \$1,250 times service plus 1.90% of average monthly earnings above \$1,250 times service (for employees as of June 30, 1984). For employees hired after June 30, 1984, the formula is 1.52% of average monthly earnings up to \$1,250 times service plus 1.90% of average monthly earnings above \$1,250 times service. Disability benefits are determined as the greater of: 1) 50% of average monthly earnings minus 50% of Social Security disability benefits plus 0.50% of average monthly earnings for each completed year of service in excess of five years, or 2) basic pension formula. The disability pension requires five years of service. Death benefits equal 50% of basic pension formula.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each member's retirement allowance as of each January 1 at least one year after retirement, unless suspended by the Macon-Bibb County Board of Commissioners.

A resolution by the Board of Commissioners grants the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the County to the Pension Plan Board, subject to the Board of Commissioners' approval. The Board establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The County is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of plan members. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County's contributions rate was 49.64% of annual payroll. Plan members do not make contributions. County contributions to the Plan were \$3,814 (in thousands) for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

General Employees' Pension Plan (Former City of Macon) (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position for the General Employees' Pension Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, is presented below (in thousands).

	General Employees' Pension Trust		
ASSETS			
Cash and equivalents	\$	2,711	
Investments:			
Short-term investments		1,900	
Corporate bonds		13,814	
Common stock		43,236	
U.S. Treasury bills and government bonds		10,038	
Asset backed securities		2,819	
Mutual funds		30,644	
Accounts receivable		169	
Intergovernmental accounts receivable		11	
Due from brokers for unsettled trades		74	
Accrued interest receivable		169	
Total assets		105,585	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable		16	
Due to brokers for unsettled trades		322	
Total liabilities		338	
NET POSITION			
Restricted for pension benefits	\$	105,247	

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

General Employees' Pension Plan (Former City of Macon) (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the General Employees' Pension Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, is presented below (in thousands).

	General Employees' Pension Trust		
ADDITIONS			
Contributions: Employer	\$	3,814	
Investment income: Net appreciation in fair value of plan investments Interest earned on investments Dividends Other investment earnings		22,535 479 1,541 24	
Less investment expense		326	
Net investment income		24,253	
Total additions		28,067	
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits paid to retirees		7,124	
Administrative expenses		53	
Total deductions		7,177	
Change in net position		20,890	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		84,357	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	105,247	

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

General Employees' Pension Plan (Former City of Macon) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability of the County

The County's net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00% Salary increases 3.00%

Investment rate of return 7.54%, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the gender-distinct rates set forth in the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale AA, as published by the Internal Revenue Service "(IRS") for purposes of Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") section 430.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are: Equity Securities – 6.00% and Fixed Income Securities – 2.00%.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.54%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members until 2105 to determine the total pension liability. Based on the assumptions used in the most recent actuarial valuation, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability and a municipal bond rate was not used in determining the discount rate.

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

General Employees' Pension Plan (Former City of Macon) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability of the County (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability. The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the County for the year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows (in thousands):

		tal Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Position (Asse		et Pension set) Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at 6/30/2020	\$	105,797	\$	84,795	\$	21,002		
Changes for the year:	·							
Interest		7,792		-		7,792		
Service costs		926		-		926		
Demographic experience		(954)		-		(954)		
Contributions - employer		-		3,800		(3,800)		
Net investment income		-		2,731		(2,731)		
Benefit payments		(6,939)		(6,939)		-		
Administrative expenses				(30)		30		
Net changes		825		(438)		1,263		
Balances at 6/30/2021	\$	106,622	\$	84,357	\$	22,265		

The plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

79.12%

The net pension liability is recorded on the Statement of Net Position of the primary government and participating component units as follows (in thousands):

Primary Government	\$ 20,599
Macon-Bibb County Planning and Zoning	 1,666
	\$ 22,265

The required schedule of changes in the County's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

General Employees' Pension Plan (Former City of Macon) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability of the County (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.54%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.54%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.54%) than the current rate (in thousands):

		C	Current		
	 Decrease (6.54%)		count Rate (7.54%)	1% Increase (8.54%)	
Net pension liability	\$ 33,206	\$	22,265	\$	12,987

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of July 1, 2020, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$4,735 (in thousands). At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension plan from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Demographic changes Changes in assumptions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$	4,430 161 79 3,814 8,484	\$	231
Amounts are allocated as follows: Primary Government Macon-Bibb County Planning and Zoning	\$ <u>\$</u>	7,849 635 8,484	\$ <u>\$</u>	214 17 231

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

General Employees' Pension Plan (Former City of Macon) (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$3,814 (in thousands) are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2022	\$ 984
2023	1,593
2024	1,153
2025	 709
	\$ 4,439

Fire and Police Pension Plan (Former City of Macon)

Plan Description

Plan Administration. The Fire and Police Pension Plan (the "Plan") was administered by the former City of Macon, Georgia. Upon consolidation of the City of Macon, Georgia and Bibb County, Georgia on January 1, 2014, this plan was frozen to new entrants. This plan does not issue a separate standalone report and is not included in the report of a public employee retirement system or another entity.

The Fire and Police Pension Plan – a single-employer defined benefit pension plan – provides retirement benefits for substantially all full-time sworn police and fire officers of the former City of Macon, Georgia. The Plan was created by resolution of the former City of Macon, Georgia City Council which granted the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Pension Plan Board (the "Board"), subject to City Council approval. Upon consolidation on January 1, 2014, the authority, with respect to the Plan, of the City of Macon City Council was assumed by the Macon-Bibb County Board of Commissioners. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries.

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Fire and Police Pension Plan (Former City of Macon) (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Plan Membership. At July 1, 2020, plan membership consisted of the following:

Active participants	351
Retired participants and beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	579
Terminated participants and beneficiaries	
entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	318
Total	1,248

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits for plan members are calculated as 2.00% of average monthly earnings times up to 35 years of service; minimum normal retirement benefit is \$500 per month. Retirement benefit is reduced by 2.50% for each year by which the participant's early retirement age precedes 50. Disability benefits are determined as 40%, 45%, 50%, 55%, 60%, or 65% of the basic pension formula for 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, or 20 to 25 years of service, respectively. Death benefits are 50% of the basic pension formula immediately for life to the spouse, plus 15% (for one minor child), 20% (for two minor children), or 25% (for three or more minor children) for married employees who die in the line of duty; 50% of basic pension formula (for one minor child), plus 5% (for two minor children), or 10% (for three or more minor children) for unmarried employees who die in the line of duty; 50% of the non-service-connected disability pension payable immediately for life to the spouse, plus 15% (for one minor child), 20% (for two minor children), or 25% (for three or more minor children) for married employees who die other than in the line of duty and who have earned at least 15 years of service; 50% of the non-service-connected disability pension (for one minor child), plus 5% (for two minor children), or 10% (for three or more minor children) for unmarried employees who die other than in the line of duty and who have earned at least 15 years of service.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each member's retirement allowance as of each January 1 at least one year after retirement, unless suspended by the Macon-Bibb County Board of Commissioners.

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Fire and Police Pension Plan (Former City of Macon) (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Plan Membership (Continued). A resolution by the Board of Commissioners grants the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the County to the Pension Plan Board, subject to the Board of Commissioners' approval. The Board establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The County is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of plan members. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County's contribution rate was 20.17% of annual payroll. Plan members do not make contributions. County contributions to the Plan were \$3,306 (in thousands) for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position for the Fire and Police Pension Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, is presented below (in thousands).

	Fire and Police Pension Trust		
ASSETS			
Cash and equivalents	\$	8,236	
Investments:			
Corporate bonds		16,690	
Common stock		44,425	
U.S. Treasury bills and government bonds		26,799	
Asset backed securities		33,339	
Mutual funds		166,122	
Fixed rate securities		3,736	
Accounts receivable		176	
Accrued interest receivable		358	
Total assets		299,881	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable		145	
Due to brokers for unsettled trades		1,756	
Total liabilities		1,901	
NET POSITION			
Restricted for pension benefits	\$	297,980	

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Fire and Police Pension Plan (Former City of Macon) (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Plan Membership (Continued). The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the Fire and Police Pension Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, is presented below (in thousands).

	Fire and Police Pension Trust		
ADDITIONS			
Contributions: Employer	\$ 3,306		
Investment income: Net appreciation in fair value of plan investments Interest earned on investments Dividends Other investment earnings	66,482 1,964 2,712 52		
Less investment expense	539		
Net investment income	 70,671		
Total additions	73,977		
DEDUCTIONS Benefits paid to retirees	14,840		
Administrative expenses	51		
Total deductions	14,891		
Change in net position	59,086		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 238,894		
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 297,980		

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Fire and Police Pension Plan (Former City of Macon) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability of the County

The County's net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00% Salary increases 3.00%

Investment rate of return 7.54%, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the gender-distinct rates set forth in the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale AA, as published by the IRS for purposes of the IRC section 430.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are: Equity Securities – 6.00% and Fixed Income Securities – 2.00%.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.54%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members until 2116 to determine the total pension liability. Based on the assumptions used in the most recent actuarial valuation, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability and a municipal bond rate was not used in determining the discount rate.

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Fire and Police Pension Plan (Former City of Macon) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability of the County (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability. The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the County for the year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows (in thousands):

	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		(Ass	t Pension et) Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at 6/30/2020	\$	247,649	\$	238,550	\$	9,099
Changes for the year:						
Interest		18,347		-		18,347
Service costs		2,796		-		2,796
Demographic experience		(1,939)		-		(1,939)
Contributions - employer		-		3,666		(3,666)
Net investment income		-		11,383		(11,383)
Benefit payments		(14,575)		(14,575)		-
Administrative expenses				(130)		130
Net changes		4,629		344		4,285
Balances at 6/30/2021	\$	252,278	\$	238,894	\$	13,384

The plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

94.69%

The required schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.54%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.54%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.54%) than the current rate (in thousands):

	Current					
	 1% Decrease (6.54%)		Discount Rate (7.54%)		1% Increase (8.54%)	
Net pension liability	\$ 42,977	\$	13,384	\$	(11,230)	

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Fire and Police Pension Plan (Former City of Macon) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability of the County (Continued)

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of July 1, 2020, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$4,687 (in thousands). At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	2,927	\$	-		
Changes in assumptions		4,020		-		
Demographic experience		2,612		9,756		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,306				
Total	\$	12,865	\$	9,756		

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$3,306 (in thousands) are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2022	\$ (1,359)
2023	745
2024	806
2025	760
2024	(478)
Thereafter	 (671)
	\$ (197)

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Fire and Police Pension Plan (Former City of Macon) (Continued)

Aggregate Amounts

The aggregate assets, liabilities, net position and expenses related to each pension plan established by the County as of June 30, 2021, is as follows (in thousands):

	Employee Pension Trust				Er	General mployees' Pension	Total				
Plan assets Plan liabilities	\$	146,582 166	\$	299,881 1,901	\$	105,585 338	\$ 552,048 2,405				
Plan net position	\$	146,416	\$	297,980	\$	105,247	\$ 549,643				
Plan expenses	\$	13,830	\$	14,891	\$	7,177	\$ 35,898				

The aggregate net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to each pension plan established by the County as of June 30, 2021, is as follows (in thousands):

	Net Pension Liability	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	In	eferred flows of sources
Employee Pension Trust	\$ 86,651	\$	15,945	\$	1,363
General Employees Pension Trust	22,265		8,484		231
Fire and Police Pension Trust	 13,384		12,865		9,756
	\$ 122,300	\$	37,294	\$	11,350
Reported in:					
Primary Government	\$ 119,897	\$	36,523	\$	11,321
Component Units	2,403		771		29
	\$ 122,300	\$	37,294	\$	11,350

NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters; and losses resulting from providing accident and health benefits to employees, retirees, and their dependents. The County purchases commercial insurance for most types of risk. For these risks, settlements have not exceeded coverage.

The County had the following limits of liability based on their respective insurance plans for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

Limits of Liablity for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Entities of Elability for Floodi Tear Enaca Gaine 60, 2021												
		Each		Annual								
		Occurrence		Aggregate								
Property												
Real and Personal	\$	400,000,000	\$	400,000,000								
Real and Personal – Earthquake	\$	3,000,000	\$	3,000,000								
Real and Personal – Flood	\$	3,000,000	\$	3,000,000								
Real and Personal within Special Flood Zone	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000								
Casualty												
Crime	\$	100,000	\$	100,000								

The County established an internal service fund for group health insurance which is funded by charges to the County's other funds. Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported ("IBNR"s). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are re-evaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of payouts), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expense related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example from salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate.

The County has entered into a self-funded group insurance plan with major medical coverage. The County currently utilizes Blue Cross Blue Shield as the Third Party Administrator. A stop loss carrier is in place to cover claims in excess of \$250,000. Management continues to monitor the performance of this fund to ensure that premiums charged to the funds and agencies of the County are adequate.

NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Changes in the respective claims liability amount for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, were:

		Fiscal year end	ed June 30, 2021	
	Beginning	Claim Estimates	Claims Paid	Ending
Workers' Compensation	\$ 9,908,000	\$ 1,724,568	\$ 2,126,568	\$ 9,506,000
Group Health	\$ 1,242,003	\$ 14,341,914	\$ 14,349,133	\$ 1,234,784
		Fiscal year end	ed June 30, 2020	
		Claim	A: :	
		Claim	Claims	
	Beginning	Estimates	Paid	Ending
Workers' Compensation	Beginning \$ 10,129,000			Ending \$ 9,908,000

NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Construction Commitments

The County has active construction projects as of June 30, 2021. The projects include street construction, building and park renovations, and construction of new facilities As of June 30, 2021, the County has contractual commitments on uncompleted construction contracts of approximately \$18,621,000.

The remaining commitment amounts were encumbered at the end of the fiscal year. The encumbrances and related appropriation lapse at the end of the year, but are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget because performance under the executor contract is expected in the next year. At June 30, 2021, the General Fund has \$1,800,598 in encumbered purchases on order.

B. Litigation

The County is a defendant in numerous lawsuits and legal proceedings. County management and legal counsel is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of the lawsuits and legal proceedings will likely not have a material adverse effect, if any, on the financial condition of the County.

NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

C. Grant Funds

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

D. Contracts with Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority

The County entered into a contract with the Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority to provide \$350,000 annually for 20 years, with payments beginning October 31, 2008. The funds are to be used for the purpose of land acquisition, infrastructure development, transaction costs, and other industrial development services.

E. Purchases on Order

As of June 30, 2021, the County had fund balance restricted for purchases on order in the General Fund for the following functions:

General government	\$ 997,008
Judicial	17,776
Public safety	487,108
Public works	81,786
Culture and recreation	211,717
Housing and development	 5,203
	\$ 1,800,598

NOTE 15. TAX ABATEMENTS

State statutes control the creation and operation of Development Authorities under O.C.G.A. §36-62. The PILOT Restriction Act defined in O.C.G.A. §36-80-16 provides an Authority permission to issue revenue bonds for capital projects for private companies and arrange for payments in lieu of taxes so long as each of the local governments that have property tax levying authority in the area in which such capital project is located consents by ordinance or resolution. The County participates in agreements with the Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority and the MBCUDA to provide tax abatements to foster economic development. The agreements provide for the real property and equipment of the projects to be acquired with bond proceeds titled in the name of the Authority applicable, and the Authority leases the projects back to the companies. The Authority pays no property tax on its real or personal property. To compensate local jurisdictions for the taxes that would have otherwise been paid during the term of the leases, the projects provide a PILOT (payment in lieu of tax).

NOTE 15. TAX ABATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

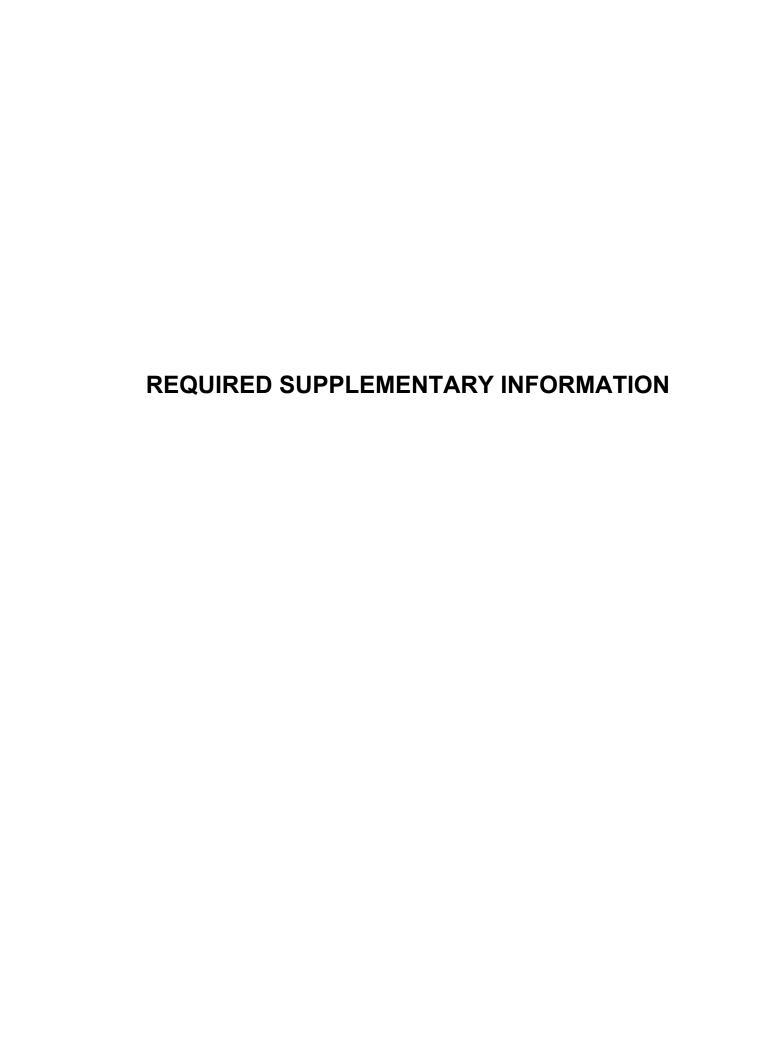
In order to qualify, certain eligibility requirements must be met and are based on the economic development goals of each project. Generally, a project will create employment opportunities, promote trade and commerce in the County, and increase the tax base. If a company fails to meet the criteria established in the agreement, recovery payments may apply.

The total amount of taxes abated for the County for the tax year 2020 (fiscal year 2021) was \$12,605,662.

NOTE 16. RESTATEMENT FOR CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

In conjunction with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, the County is required to reevaluate the accounting treatment of fiduciary activities. The new standard requires the County to determine if funds are still considered fiduciary, and, if so, if they are considered custodial funds under the new definitions of GASB Statement No. 84. Therefore, the following restatement was required to the beginning net position of the Fiduciary Activities to properly report the custodial funds.

	 Custodial Funds
Net position, June 30, 2020, as previously reported Recognition of the beginning net position of the	\$ - -
agency funds now reported as custodial funds	3,098,617
Net position, June 30, 2020, as restated	\$ 3,098,617



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	2021	2020		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Total pension liability				<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
Service cost	\$ 2,792	\$	2,871	\$ 2,758	\$ 2,607	\$ 2,244	\$ 2,250	\$	2,093
Interest on total pension liability	14,211		14,053	13,347	13,116	11,443	10,616		10,382
Benefit changes	-		-	-	-	20,948	8,258		-
Demographic experience	(206)		(1,767)	12,384	(269)	(239)	739		-
Benefit payments and refunds	 (13,206)		(12,728)	(12,499)	(12,269)	(11,911)	(9,760)		(8,937)
Net change in total pension liability	 3,591		2,429	15,990	3,185	22,485	12,103		3,538
Total pension liability - beginning	202,623		200,194	 184,204	 181,019	158,534	146,431	14	42,893
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 206,214	\$	202,623	\$ 200,194	\$ 184,204	\$ 181,019	\$ 158,534	\$ 14	46,431
Plan fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	\$ 7,456	\$	6,614	\$ 7,231	\$ 6,299	\$ 5,828	\$ 5,393	\$	5,168
Net investment income	7,993		8,627	5,747	11,367	1,265	6,027		14,553
Benefit payments and refunds	(13,206)		(12,728)	(12,499)	(12,269)	(11,911)	(9,760)		(8,937)
Administrative expenses	 (119)		(120)	(246)	 (43)	(42)	 (37)		(17)
Net change in Plan fiduciary net position	2,124		2,393	233	5,354	(4,860)	1,623		10,767
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	117,439		115,046	114,813	109,459	114,319	112,696	10	01,929
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 119,563	\$	117,439	\$ 115,046	\$ 114,813	\$ 109,459	\$ 114,319	\$ 1	12,696
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 86,651	\$	85,184	\$ 85,148	\$ 69,391	\$ 71,560	\$ 44,215	\$:	33,735
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.98%		57.96%	57.47%	62.33%	60.47%	72.11%	;	76.96%
Covered payroll	\$ 36,442	\$	38,459	\$ 39,637	\$ 38,440	\$ 34,655	\$ 33,574	\$:	31,127
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	237.78%		221.49%	214.82%	180.52%	206.49%	131.69%	10	08.38%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

Numbers presented in thousands.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	_	2021	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		 2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	10,434	\$	7,456	\$	6,614	\$	7,231	\$	6,299	\$	5,828	\$	5,393	\$ 5,168
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		10,434		7,456		6,614		7,231		6,299		5,828		5,393	5,168
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$ -
Covered payroll	\$	33,855	\$	36,442	\$	38,058	\$	39,298	\$	38,440	\$	34,655	\$	33,574	\$ 31,127
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		30.82%		20.46%		17.38%		18.40%		16.39%		16.82%		16.06%	16.60%

Notes to the Schedule:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020
Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Asset Valuation Method Five-year smoothed market

Assumed Rate of Return on Investments 7.50%
Projected Salary Increases 4.25%
Cost-of-living Adjustment 1.50%

Amortization Method Level percent of pay, open

Remaining Amortization Period 23.3 years

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated. Numbers presented are in thousands.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDULE OF PENSION INVESTMENT RETURNS

SOTIED OF PENSION INVESTMENT RETORNS														
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015							
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of														
investment expenses for the pension plan	25.33%	6.99%	7.67%	5.15%	9.38%	3.10%	7.50%							

Note to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	 2021	2020		2019	2018	 2017	 2016	2015		
Total pension liability	 						 			
Service cost	\$ 926	\$	999	\$ 1,043	\$ 1,153	\$ 771	\$ 1,550	\$	1,604	
Interest on total pension liability	7,792		7,430	7,375	7,345	6,684	6,539		6,415	
Demographic experience	(954)		(1,526)	(1,000)	(1,479)	1,869	(824)		(1,990)	
Assumption changes	-		4,751	-	-	4,799	1,362		-	
Benefit payments and refunds	(6,939)		(6,678)	(6,612)	(6,461)	(6,172)	(4,500)		(4,164)	
Net change in total pension liability	825		4,976	806	558	7,951	4,127		1,865	
Total pension liability - beginning	 105,797		100,821	 100,015	99,457	 91,506	 87,379		85,514	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 106,622	\$	105,797	\$ 100,821	\$ 100,015	\$ 99,457	\$ 91,506	\$	87,379	
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$ 3,800	\$	3,474	\$ 4,202	\$ 4,746	\$ 3,306	\$ 3,547	\$	3,712	
Net investment income	2,731		3,996	3,939	8,729	734	2,477		9,533	
Benefit payments and refunds	(6,939)		(6,678)	(6,612)	(6,461)	(6,172)	(4,557)		(4,366)	
Administrative expenses	 (30)		(41)	 (145)	(32)	(40)	 (22)		(137)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(438)		751	1,384	6,982	(2,172)	1,445		8,742	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	84,795		84,044	82,660	75,678	77,850	76,405		67,663	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 84,357	\$	84,795	\$ 84,044	\$ 82,660	\$ 75,678	\$ 77,850	\$	76,405	
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 22,265	\$	21,002	\$ 16,777	\$ 17,355	\$ 23,779	\$ 13,656	\$	10,974	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	79.12%		80.15%	83.36%	82.65%	76.09%	85.08%		87.44%	
Covered payroll	\$ 8,393	\$	9,071	\$ 10,302	\$ 11,482	\$ 8,952	\$ 16,852	\$	17,377	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	265.28%		231.53%	160.82%	151.15%	265.64%	81.03%		63.15%	

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated. Numbers presented in thousands.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	 2021	2020		020		2018		2017		2016		_	2015	2014		
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 3,814	\$	3,800	\$	3,474	\$	4,202	\$	4,746	\$	3,305	\$	3,547	\$	3,712	
determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 3,814	\$	3,800	\$	3,474	\$	4,202	\$	4,746	\$	3,305	\$	3,547	\$	3,712	
Covered payroll	\$ 7,684	\$	8,393	\$	9,071	\$	10,302	\$	11,482	\$	8,952	\$	16,852	\$	17,377	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	49.64%		45.28%		38.30%		40.79%		41.33%		36.92%		21.05%		21.36%	

Notes to the Schedule:

Valuation Date July 1, 2019
Cost Method Aggregate
Actuarial Asset Valuation Method Five-year market
Assumed Rate of Return on Investments 7.54%

Projected Salary Increases 3.00%
Cost-of-living Adjustment 1.50%

Amortization Method Level percentage, open

Remaining Amortization Period 1.19 years

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated. Numbers presented are in thousands.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDULE OF PENSION INVESTMENT RETURNS

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net	29.88%	5.01%	5.01%	5.43%	8.66%	3.62%	4.54%

Note to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FIRE AND POLICE PENSION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	 2021	2020		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		
Total pension liability Service cost	\$ 2,796	\$	2,977	\$ 2,752	\$ 2,855	\$ 2,298	\$ 3,195	\$	3,462	
Interest on total pension liability	18,347		17,557	17,306	16,898	15,410	15,239		15,260	
Demographic experience	(1,939)		(911)	(2,658)	(8)	4,254	(4,939)		(8,598)	
Assumption changes	-		5,451	-	-	10,497	2,407		-	
Benefit payments and refunds	(14,575)		(14,315)	(14,282)	(14,201)	(13,767)	(10,347)		(9,941)	
Net change in total pension liability	 4,629		10,759	3,118	5,544	18,692	5,555		183	
Total pension liability - beginning	 247,649		236,890	233,772	228,228	209,536	203,981	2	203,798	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 252,278	\$	247,649	\$ 236,890	\$ 233,772	\$ 228,228	\$ 209,536	\$ 2	203,981	
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$ 3,666	\$	3,522	\$ 4,839	\$ 3,471	\$ 1,370	\$ 3,746	\$	4,234	
Net investment income	11,383		15,889	18,761	25,155	4,251	6,265		33,487	
Benefit payments and refunds	(14,575)		(14,315)	(14,282)	(14,201)	(13,767)	(10,450)		(10,062)	
Administrative expenses	 (130)		(128)	 (159)	 (161)	 (89)	 (86)		(153)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	344		4,968	9,159	14,264	(8,235)	(525)		27,506	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 238,550		233,582	224,423	210,159	 218,394	218,919	1	191,413	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 238,894	\$	238,550	\$ 233,582	\$ 224,423	\$ 210,159	\$ 218,394	\$ 2	218,919	
Net pension (asset) liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 13,384	\$	9,099	\$ 3,308	\$ 9,349	\$ 18,069	\$ (8,858)	\$	(14,938)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	94.69%		96.33%	98.60%	96.00%	92.08%	104.23%	1	107.32%	
Covered payroll	\$ 16,973	\$	17,603	\$ 18,379	\$ 20,037	\$ 16,957	\$ 25,174	\$	26,250	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	78.85%		51.69%	18.00%	46.66%	106.56%	-35.19%		-56.91%	

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

Numbers presented in thousands.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FIRE AND POLICE PENSION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDIII	F OF	CONTRIBUTIONS	2
JULLUUL			

	 2021	 2020	_	2019	_	2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	_	2014
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 3,306	\$ 3,666	\$	3,522	\$	4,839	\$ 3,471	\$ 3,461	\$ 3,746	\$	4,234
determined contribution	3,306	3,666		3,522		4,839	3,471	3,461	3,746		4,234
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$ 16,390	\$ 16,973	\$	17,603	\$	18,379	\$ 20,037	\$ 16,957	\$ 25,174	\$	26,250
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	20.17%	21.60%		20.01%		26.33%	17.32%	20.41%	14.88%		16.13%

Notes to the Schedule:

July 1, 2019 Valuation Date Cost Method Aggregate

Actuarial Asset Valuation Method Yearly rate of return

Assumed Rate of Return on Investments 7.54% Projected Salary Increases 3.00% Cost-of-living Adjustment 1.50%

Amortization Method Level percentage, open

Remaining Amortization Period 3.38 years

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

Numbers presented are in thousands.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FIRE AND POLICE PENSION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDULE OF PENSION INVESTMENT RETURNS

-	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses for the pension plan	30.41%	4.85%	6.88%	8.56%	12.33%	2.25%	4.54%

Note to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	2021		2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost at end of year	\$ 4,362,879	\$	4,967,691	\$ 4,459,912	\$ 5,243,741	\$ 5,583,280
Interest on total OPEB liability	3,064,747		5,099,514	5,298,344	5,119,539	4,452,776
Demographic experience	-		(28,720,036)	-	=	=
Assumption changes	677,113		17,394,140	5,251,600	(11,808,582)	(7,980,677)
Benefit payments and refunds	 (6,839,774)		(4,688,062)	(6,319,307)	 (6,004,000)	 (6,410,238)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 1,264,965		(5,946,753)	 8,690,549	(7,449,302)	 (4,354,859)
Total pension liability - beginning	 142,077,522		148,024,275	 139,333,726	 146,783,028	 151,137,887
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 143,342,487	\$	142,077,522	\$ 148,024,275	\$ 139,333,726	\$ 146,783,028
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$ 6,500,000	\$	6,500,000	\$ 4,000,000	\$ -	\$ -
Net investment income	44,300		47,412	47,648	147,531	1,038,668
Benefit payments and refunds	(6,839,774)		(4,688,062)	(6,319,307)	(6,004,000)	(6,410,238)
Administrative expenses	(313,385)	_	(326,135)	(344,235)	(425,076)	(1,586)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(608,859)		1,533,215	(2,615,894)	(6,281,545)	(5,373,156)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 2,685,825		1,152,610	 3,768,504	10,050,049	 15,423,205
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 2,076,966	\$	2,685,825	\$ 1,152,610	\$ 3,768,504	\$ 10,050,049
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 141,265,521	\$	139,391,697	\$ 146,871,665	\$ 135,565,222	\$ 136,732,979
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the						
total OPEB liability	1.45%		1.89%	0.78%	2.70%	6.85%
Covered payroll	\$ 41,028,701	\$	41,028,701	\$ 44,607,804	\$ 44,607,804	\$ 47,008,350
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	344.31%		339.74%	329.25%	303.90%	290.87%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

Numbers presented in thousands.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

		SCH	EDULE OF CO	NTR	IBUTIONS					
	 2021		2020	_	2019	_	2018	 2017	_	2016
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 10,900,810	\$	10,900,810	\$	12,223,519	\$	12,223,519	\$ 9,529,161	\$	9,529,161
actuarially determined contribution	(6,500,000)		(6,500,000)		(4,000,000)		-	-		(1,849,708)
Annual contribution deficiency	\$ 4,400,810	\$	4,400,810	\$	8,223,519	\$	12,223,519	\$ 9,529,161	\$	7,679,453
Covered payroll	\$ 41,028,701	\$	41,028,701	\$	44,607,804	\$	44,607,804	\$ 44,607,804	\$	47,008,350
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.84%		15.84%		8.97%		0.00%	0.00%		3.93%

Notes to the Schedule:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Cost Method Entry age normal Actuarial Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets Assumed Rate of Return on Investments 4.00% Level dollar, closed **Amortization Method** 3.4 years

Remaining Amortization Period Healthcare Trend Rates:

Pre-Medicare 7.00% to 4.50%

Medicare 2.00%

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

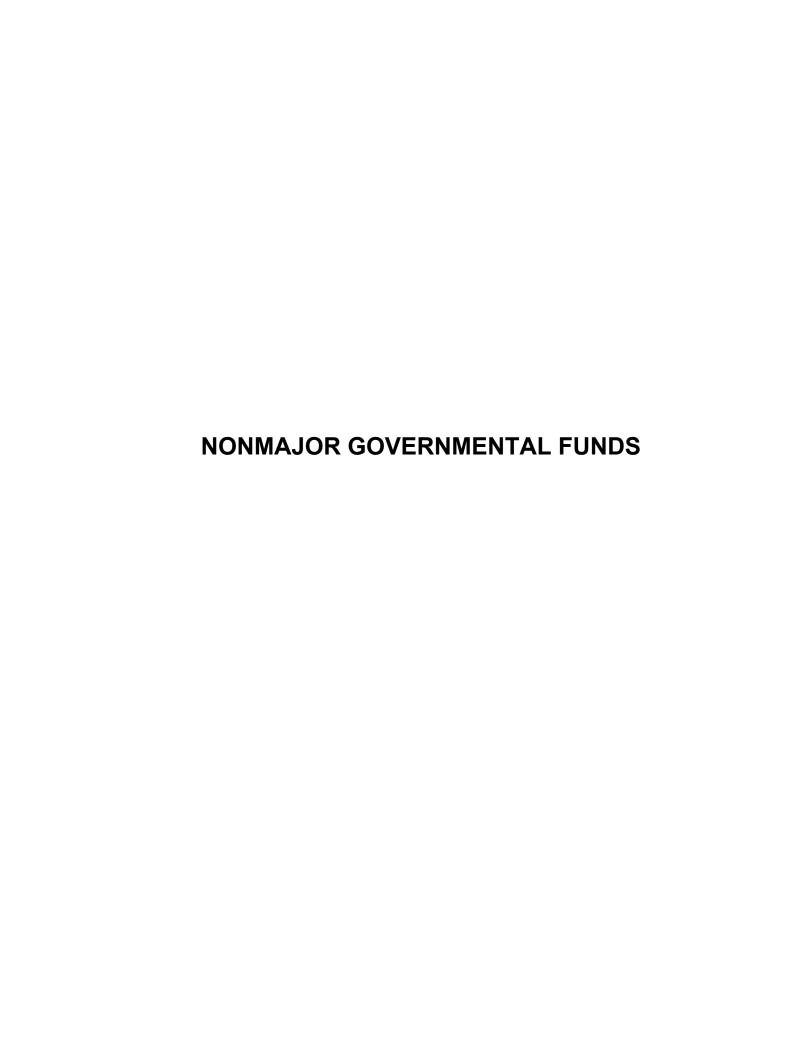
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDULE OF OPEB INVESTMENT RETURNS

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of					
investment expenses for the pension plan	0.23%	3.71%	2.82%	3.92%	7.06%

Note to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

The Emergency 911 Fund is used to account for the operations and activities of the emergency telephone system.

The **Hotel/Motel Tax Fund** accounts for hotel/motel tax funds received. The resources are restricted by state law and County code for tourism and tourism product development.

The **Grants Fund** is used to account for the various federal and state grant programs administered by the County.

The **Middle Georgia Education Corridor BID Fund** accounts for taxes levied and collected within Middle Georgia Education Corridor Business Improvement District. The resources are restricted for improvements within the Business Improvement District.

The Law Enforcement Commissary Fund accounts for certain funds collected at the Macon-Bibb County Law Enforcement Center commissary. The resources are committed by the County resolution for Macon-Bibb County law enforcement expenditures.

The **Law Enforcement Confiscation Fund** accounts for condemned funds received that are restricted by state law for law enforcement expenditures.

The **Drug Abuse Treatment and Education Fund** accounts for certain fines received from the various courts of the County. The resources are restricted by state law for drug abuse treatment and educational purposes.

The **Alternative Dispute Resolution Fund** accounts for certain fines received from various courts of the County and other participating counties in the Middle Georgia area. The resources are restricted by state law for programs that resolve disputes by methods other than litigation.

The **Crime Victims Assistance Fund** accounts for certain fines received from various courts in the County. The resources are restricted by state law for assistance to victims of crime.

The **Juvenile Court Supervision Fund** accounts for certain fees received from the Juvenile Court of the County. The resources are restricted by state law for alternative juvenile programs.

The **Law Library Fund** accounts for certain fees received from the various courts of the County. The resources are restricted by state law for the support of a centralized law library.

The **District Attorney RICO Fund** accounts for funds received by the District Attorney's office related to RICO activity cases and matters.

The **Sponsored Program Fund** accounts for special programs funded through grant revenue, intergovernmental contracts and transfers from other funds. The resources are restricted by the grantors.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

The **Macon-Bibb County Jail Fund** accounts for certain fees received from the various courts of the County. The resources are restricted by state law for expenditures of the Macon-Bibb County Law Enforcement Center.

The **DFACS MIL Fund** accounts for certain payments received from the County Department of Family and Children Services. The resources are restricted by contract with the Georgia Department of Human Resources for maintenance, operations and capital outlay at the DFACS public facility building.

The **ECD CDBG Fund** is used to account for the Community Development Block grant program.

The **ECD HOME Grant Fund** is used to account for the Home Investment Partnership grant program.

The **ECD ESG Fund** is used to account for the Emergency Solutions grant program.

The **Downtown Macon BID Fund** is used for taxes levied and collected within Downtown Macon Business Improvement District. The resources are restricted for improvements within the Business Improvement District.

Capital Projects Funds

The Ocmulgee Greenway Trail Fund accounts for expenditures for the development of Gateway Park.

The **2013 MBCUDA Project Fund** accounts for expenditures to be funded with proceeds from the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority, Series 2013 Revenue Bonds.

The **2015 MBCUDA Project Fund** accounts for expenditures to be funded with proceeds from the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority, Series 2015 Revenue Bonds.

The **SPLOST 2012 Fund – City** is used to account for the expenditures on the former City of Macon projects to be paid from the 1-cent special purpose local option sales tax approved by the voters of the former City of Macon on November 8, 2011.

The **SPLOST 2012 Fund – County** is used to account for the expenditures on the former Bibb County projects to be paid from the 1-cent special purpose local option sales tax approved by the voters of Bibb County on November 8, 2011.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds (Continued)

The **2014 TAD Second Street Fund** accounts for bond proceeds and expenditures for certain improvements within the Second Street tax allocation district.

The **2014 TAD Renaissance Fund** accounts for bond proceeds and expenditures for certain improvements within the Renaissance tax allocation district.

The **2014 TAD Bibb Mill Fund** accounts for bond proceeds and expenditures for certain improvements within Bibb Mill Center tax allocation district.

The **Blight Remediation Revolving Loan Fund** accounts for tax revenues and expenditures for certain blight remediation projects.

Debt Service Fund

The **General Debt Service Fund** accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest of the County.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

						Special Rev	enue/	Funds				
	E	mergency 911 Fund		Hotel/ Motel Fax Fund		Grants Fund	E	dle Georgia ducation Corridor BID Fund		Law nforcement ommissary Fund		Law nforcement onfiscation Fund
ASSETS Cosh and cosh equivalents	\$	1,869,580	\$	434,237	\$	98,436	\$	312,874	\$	1 655 929	\$	642,123
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	Ф	1,009,500	Ф	434,237	Φ	90,430	Ф	312,074	Ф	1,655,828 2,014,332	Φ	437,590
Receivables, net of allowance:										_,,		,
Taxes		-		471,797		-		15,238		-		-
Accounts		- 520.057		-		4 544 062		-		-		- - 022
Due from other governments Due from other funds		530,857		-		4,511,063 4,109,437		- -		-		5,933
Prepaid items		-		_		241,188		-		=		-
Long-term receivable, net of												
allowance		-		-				-				-
Total assets	\$	2,400,437	\$	906,034	\$	8,960,124	\$	328,112	\$	3,670,160	\$	1,085,646
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT	-)											
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	14,840	\$	676,034	\$	1,605,671	\$	292,106	\$	47,808	\$	-
Retainage payable Accrued payroll deductions		- 114,539		-		572,969 29,400		-		-		-
Due to other governments		114,559		-		29,400		-		-		7,367
Due to other funds		-		230,000		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues				-		4,119,991		-				-
Total liabilities		129,379		906,034		6,328,031		292,106		47,808		7,367
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - taxes		-		-		-		9,646		-		-
Unavailable revenue - housing												
and development loans Unavailable revenue - grants		-		=		3,524,288		-		-		=
· ·	_					3,324,200			-			
Total deferred inflows of						0.504.000		0.040				
resources			-			3,524,288	-	9,646	-			-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)												
Non-spendable:												
Prepaid items Restricted for:		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		=		_		-		-		-		-
Grant programs		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		1,928,432		-		-		4 070 070
Public safety Victim assistance		2,271,058		-		-		-		-		1,078,279
Court programs		-		-		-		-		-		-
Community development		-		-		-		26,360		-		-
Committed:												
Law enforcement Assigned:		=		-		-		-		3,622,352		-
Capital outlay		_		_		_		_		_		_
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		(2,820,627)		=		-		-
Total fund balances (deficit)		2,271,058		-		(892,195)		26,360		3,622,352		1,078,279
Total liabilities, deferred												
inflows of resources and fund balances (deficit)	\$	2,400,437	\$	906,034	\$	8,960,124	\$	328,112	\$	3,670,160	\$	1,085,646

(Continued)

Tr	ug Abuse eatment Education Fund		Iternative Dispute esolution Fund		Crime Victims ssistance Fund	J Su _l	pecial Reve uvenile Court pervision Fund		Law Library Fund	At:	strict torney RICO Fund		ponsored Programs Fund		acon-Bibb ounty Jail Fund
\$	169,834 -	\$	260,582 262,872	\$	81,155 32,297	\$	15,333 -	\$	48,782	\$	954 -	\$	539,311 -	\$	281,441 30,848
	-		- 18,887		3,235		-		-		-		-		-
	-		10,007		3,233 -		-		-		-		50,773		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		816,567 -		
Φ.	169,834	\$	542,341	\$	116,687	\$	15,333	\$	48,782	\$	954	\$	1,406,651	\$	312,289
Ψ	109,004	Ψ	342,341	Ψ	110,007	Ψ	13,333	Ψ	40,702	Ψ	304	Ψ	1,400,001	Ψ	312,208
\$	5,050	\$	1,245	\$	307	\$	-	\$	2,979	\$	-	\$	56,183	\$	50
	-		10,200		207		-		-		-		10,154		
	-		-		=		-		-		- -		-		90,000
													309,134		
	5,050		11,445		514				2,979				375,471		90,050
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		=		-		-		-		
							-						1,423		•
			<u>-</u>										1,423		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		•
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,029,757 -		
	-		-		- 116,173		-		-		-		-		222,239
	164,784		530,896		-		15,333		45,803		954		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
	- -		-		-		-		-		-		-		
	164,784		530,896		116,173		15,333		45,803		954		1,029,757		222,239
\$	169,834	\$	542,341_	\$	116,687	\$	15,333	\$	48,782	\$	954	\$	1,406,651	\$	312,289

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

				Spe	cial I	Revenue Fund	ds					
		DFACS MIL Fund	E	CD CDBG Fund	E	CD HOME Grant Fund	E	CD ESG Fund		owntown Macon BID Fund		Total Special Revenue Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	1,072,076 1,602,566	\$	1,404,911	\$	619,646	\$	3,592	\$	404,737	\$	9,915,432 4,380,505
Receivables, net of allowance Taxes Accounts		-		- 25,379		- 19,872		-		53,602		540,637 67,373
Due from other governments		-		269,384		5,459		95,342		_		5,468,811
Due from other funds		-		-		, <u>-</u>		, -		-		4,926,004
Prepaid items		-		4,609		648		-		=		246,445
Long-term receivable, net of allowance		-		250,373		784,181		-				1,034,554
Total assets	\$	2,674,642	\$	1,954,656	\$	1,429,806	\$	98,934	\$	458,339	\$	26,579,761
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)												
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	10,587	\$	244.083	\$	215	\$	101,329	\$	388,846	\$	3,447,333
Retainage payable	Ψ	10,307	Ψ	244,003	Ψ	213 -	Ψ	101,329	Ψ	300,040	Ψ	572,969
Accrued payroll deductions		-		30,031		-		-		_		194,531
Due to other governments		-		16,483		15,143		-		-		38,993
Due to other funds		-		66,758		10,886		-		-		397,644
Unearned revenues								-		-		4,429,125
Total liabilities		10,587	_	357,355		26,244		101,329		388,846		9,080,595
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - taxes Unavailable revenue - housing		-		-		-		-		31,982		41,628
and development loans		-		250,373		784,181		-		-		1,034,554
Unavailable revenue - grants		<u> </u>				27,521		1,980				3,555,212
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		250,373		811,702		1,980		31,982		4,631,394
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)												
Nonspendable:												
Prepaid items		-		4,609		648		-		-		5,257
Restricted for:												
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-		-
Grant programs		-		-		-		-		-		1,029,757
Capital outlay Public safety		2,664,055		-		-		=		-		4,592,487 3,571,576
Victim assistance		-		-		-		-		_		116,173
Court programs		-		=		-		-		_		757,770
Community development Committed:		-		1,342,319		591,212		-		37,511		1,997,402
Law enforcement		-		-		-		-		-		3,622,352
Assigned: Capital outlay		_		_		_		_		_		-
Unassigned (deficit)		-				-		(4,375)		<u> </u>		(2,825,002)
Total fund balances (deficit)		2,664,055	_	1,346,928		591,860		(4,375)		37,511		12,867,772
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances (deficit)	\$	2,674,642	\$	1,954,656	\$	1,429,806	\$	98,934	\$	458,339	\$	26,579,761
()	÷	,,	Ť	, ,	Ť	, ,,,,,,,	<u> </u>	/	Ť	,	<u> </u>	-,,

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

				С	apital	Projects Fur	nds			
	G	cmulgee reenway rail Fund		2013 MBCUDA oject Fund		2015 //BCUDA oject Fund		SPLOST 012 Fund City	20	SPLOST 012 Fund County
ASSETS	æ	25 720	¢		\$		ď	75.041	¢	20 146
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	25,728 6,286	\$	150,378	Ф	- 852,109	\$	75,041 -	\$	39,146 418,835
Receivables, net of allowance		0,200		.00,0.0		002,.00				,
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds Prepaid items		-		-		=		=		-
Long-term receivable, net of allowance		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	32,014	\$	150,378	\$	852,109	\$	75,041	\$	457,981
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	6,867	\$	32,098	\$	-	\$	-
Retainage payable		-		-		23,996		-		-
Accrued payroll deductions		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-				-		-		-
Due to other funds Unearned revenues		-		7,734 -		329		-		-
Total liabilities				14,601		56,423				
i otai liabilities				14,001		30,423				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - housing										
and development loans Unavailable revenue - grants		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		_		_				_		_
						-			-	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items		_		_		_		_		_
Restricted for:										
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Grant programs		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		135,777		795,686		75,041		457,981
Public safety Victim assistance		-		-		=		-		-
Court programs		-		-		-		-		-
Community development		-		-		-		_		_
Committed:										
Law enforcement		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned:										
Capital outlay		32,014		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		-				-
Total fund balances (deficit)		32,014		135,777		795,686		75,041		457,981
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances (deficit)	\$	32,014	\$	150,378	\$	852,109	\$	75,041	\$	457,981
resources and fully balances (delicit)	Ψ	02,01 4	Ψ	100,010	Ψ	002,109	ψ	10,041	Ψ	TU1,301

				pital	Projects Fun	ıds					ebt Service Fund	
Sec	2014 TAD ond Street Fund	T Rena	014 FAD issance und	E	2014 TAD Bibb Mill Fund		Blight mediation olving Loan Fund	_	Total Capital Projects Funds	_	General Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Government Funds
\$	309,443 347,828	\$	1 -	\$	116,471 -	\$	471,677 -	\$	1,037,507 1,775,436	\$	81,260 12,424,008	\$ 11,034,19 18,579,94
	3,241		-		427		129,977		133,645		-	674,28
	-		-		-		-		-		-	67,37 5,468,81
	-		- -		- -		-		-		8,705,400	13,631,40
	-		-		-		=		-		-	246,44
					<u>-</u>					_		1,034,55
\$	660,512	\$	1	\$	116,898	\$	601,654	\$	2,946,588	\$	21,210,668	\$ 50,737,01
\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	111,948 -	\$	150,913 23,996	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 3,598,24 596.96
	-		=		-		-		· -		-	194,53
	-		- 07.404		-		-		-		-	38,99
	<u>-</u>		87,194 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		95,257 -		<u>-</u>	492,90 4,429,12
			87,194		<u>-</u> .		111,948		270,166	_	<u>-</u>	9,350,76
	-		-		-		129,902		129,902		-	171,53
	- -		- -		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	1,034,55 3,555,21
							129,902		129,902		<u>-</u>	4,761,29
	-		-		-		-		-		-	5,25
	336,535		_		_		_		336,535		21,210,668	21,547,20
	-		-		-		-		-		- 1,2 10,000	1,029,75
	323,977		-		116,898		359,804		2,265,164		-	4,929,21
	-		-		-		-		-		-	3,571,57 116,17
	-		-		-		-		-		-	757,77
	-		-		-		-		-		-	1,997,40
	-		-		-		-		-		-	3,622,35
	-		- (87,193)		-		-		32,014 (87,193)		-	32,01 (983,76
	660,512		(87,193)		116,898	_	359,804	_	2,546,520	_	21,210,668	36,624,96
			,	1								
\$	660,512	\$	1	\$	116,898	\$	601,654	\$	2,946,588	\$	21,210,668	\$ 50,737,01

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Special Rev	enue Funds		
	Emergency 911 Fund	Hotel/ Motel Tax Fund	Grants Fund	Middle Georgia Education Corridor BID Fund	Law Enforcement Commissary Fund	Law Enforcement Confiscation Fund
REVENUES						
Taxes: Property Hotel/Motel	\$ -	\$ - 4,171,722	\$ - -	\$ 302,499	\$ -	\$ - -
Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	3,172,853 -	- -	23,027,634 - -	- - -	1,160,784 -	- - 154,286
Investment earnings Rent Other revenue	20,208	225 - -	119,827 - -	3,066	16,189 - -	12,113 - -
Total revenues	3,193,061	4,171,947	23,147,461	305,565	1,176,973	166,399
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government Judicial	-	-	6,314,536 927,557	-	-	- -
Public safety Housing and development Health and welfare	2,923,759 - -	- -	308,388 - -	292,106 -	57,624 - -	82,851 - -
Culture and recreation Capital outlay	- -	3,123,954 -	12,691,440		- 47,563	37,600
Debt service Principal Interest and other charges	-	- -	-	-	- -	-
Bond issuance costs Total expenditures	2,923,759	3,123,954	20,241,921	292,106	105,187	120,451
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	269,302	1,047,993	2,905,540	13,459	1,071,786	45,948
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing	626,204	(1,047,993)	86,713 (5,488,291)		<u> </u>	
sources (uses)	626,204	(1,047,993)	(5,401,578)			
Net change in fund balances	895,506	-	(2,496,038)	13,459	1,071,786	45,948
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), beginning of year	1,375,552		1,603,843	12,901	2,550,566	1,032,331
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), end of year	\$ 2,271,058	\$ -	\$ (892,195)	\$ 26,360	\$ 3,622,352	\$ 1,078,279

(Continued)

Tr	ug Abuse eatment Education Fund	Alternative Dispute Resolution Fund		Crime Victims Assistance Fund		Juvenile Court Supervision Fund		Law Library Fund		District Attorney RICO Fund		ponsored Programs Fund	Macon-Bibb County Jail Fund	
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	980	-		-		-		-		-		- 154,864		-
	94,668 2,069	215,256 4,177		68,427 1,037		270 239		35,870 510		- 40,802		- - 10,324		140,229 2,532
	97,717	3,600		69,464		509		36,380		40,802		867,678 1,032,866		142,761
	- 39,834	- 227,717		- 11,114		- -		20,875		5,034,059		1,783,816 102,147		- -
	-	-		-		-		-		-		9,124 -		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		1,671,567 91,145		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	39,834	227,717		11,114		<u>-</u> -		20,875		5,034,059	_	3,657,799		- -
	57,883	 (4,684)		58,350		509		15,505		(4,993,257)		(2,624,933)		142,761
	- -	- -		- (21,709)		- -		- -		- (64,596)		3,826,274 (218,829)		- (132,000)
	_			(21,709)						(64,596)		3,607,445		(132,000)
	57,883	(4,684)		36,641		509		15,505		(5,057,853)		982,512		10,761
	106,901	 535,580		79,532		14,824		30,298		5,058,807		47,245		211,478
\$	164,784	\$ 530,896	\$	116,173	\$	15,333	\$	45,803	\$	954	\$	1,029,757	\$	222,239

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Special F	Reven	ue Funds (C	ontinu	ıed)			
	-	DFACS MIL Fund	E	ECD CDBG Fund	E	CD HOME Grant Fund	E	CD ESG Fund	owntown Macon BID Fund		Total Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES											
Taxes:											
Property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 423,957	\$	726,456
Hotel/Motel		-		-		-		-	-		4,171,722
Intergovernmental		-		1,235,553		62,549		273,589	-		24,755,169
Charges for services		-		-		-		-	-		4,333,637
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-	-		709,006
Investment earnings		13,654		14,173		28,463		92	3,859		293,559
Rent		466,078		400.000		400 700		-	-		469,678
Other revenue		470 700		192,900		190,733		070.004	 107.010		1,251,311
Total revenues		479,732		1,442,626		281,745		273,681	 427,816	_	36,710,538
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
General government											8,098,352
Judicial		-		-		-		-	-		6,363,303
Public safety		_				_		_	_		3,381,746
Housing and development		_		1,460,087		104,598		276,400	398,594		2,531,785
Health and welfare		229,255		1,400,007		104,550		270,400	-		1,900,822
Culture and recreation		220,200		_		_		_	_		3,215,099
Capital outlay		_		_		_		_	_		12,776,603
Debt service											12,110,000
Principal		_		_		_		_	_		_
Interest and other charges		_		_		_		_	_		_
Bond issuance costs		_		_		_		_	_		_
Total expenditures		229,255		1,460,087		104,598		276,400	398,594		38,267,710
•					-						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures		250,477		(17,461)		177,147		(2,719)	29,222		(1,557,172)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	<u> </u>								 		
(USES) Transfers in											4 520 404
Transfers in Transfers out		-		-		-		-	-		4,539,191 (6,973,418)
Total other financing									 	_	(0,973,410)
sources (uses)									 		(2,434,227)
Net change in fund balances		250,477		(17,461)		177,147		(2,719)	29,222		(3,991,399)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), beginning of year		2,413,578		1,364,389		414,713		(1,656)	 8,289		16,859,171
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), end of year	\$	2,664,055	\$	1,346,928	\$	591,860	\$	(4,375)	\$ 37,511	\$	12,867,772

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		C	apital Projects Fur	nds	
	Ocmulgee Greenway Trail Fund	2013 MBCUDA Project Fund	2015 MBCUDA Project Fund	SPLOST 2012 Fund City	SPLOST 2012 Fund County
REVENUES					'
Taxes:					
Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Hotel/Motel	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	554	270	963	5,130	3,661
Rent	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenue	-	_	_	_	_
Total revenues	554	270	963	5,130	3,661
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	-	_	_	_	_
Judicial	_	-	_	_	_
Public safety	-	_	_	_	_
Housing and development	_	-	_	_	_
Health and welfare	-	_	_	_	_
Culture and recreation	_	-	_	_	_
Capital outlay	14,123	179,280	303,875	193,295	111,150
Debt service	11,120	170,200	000,010	100,200	111,100
Principal	_	_	_	150,001	232,170
Interest and other charges	_	_	_	171,444	189,273
Bond issuance costs	_	_	_	-	100,270
Total expenditures	14,123	179,280	303,875	514,740	532,593
rotal experiatares	17,120	170,200	000,010	314,740	302,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(13,569)	(179,010)	(302,912)	(509,610)	(528,932)
, , ,	(10,000)	(175,010)	(002,312)	(303,010)	(020,002)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers out	_	_	_	_	_
Total other financing					
sources (uses)					
Net change in fund balances	(13,569)	(179,010)	(302,912)	(509,610)	(528,932)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), beginning of year	45,583	314,787	1,098,598	584,651	986,913
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), end of year	\$ 32,014	\$ 135,777	\$ 795,686	\$ 75,041	\$ 457,981

										D	ebt Service	
2014 TAD Second Street Fund		2014 TAD Renaissance Fund		TAD TAD enaissance Bibb Mill		Blight Remediation Revolving Loan Fund		Total Capital Projects Funds		Fund General Debt Service Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	600,084	\$	_	\$	96,178	\$	334,306	\$	1,030,568	\$	_	\$ 1,757,024
	-		-		-		-		-		-	4,171,722
	-		-		-		-		-		870,660	25,625,829
	-		-		-		-		-		-	4,333,637
	-		-		-		-		-		-	709,006
	7,082		-		735		5,233		23,628		881,196	1,198,383
	-		-		-		-		-		-	469,678
	-		-		-		-		-		-	1,251,311
	607,166		-		96,913		339,539		1,054,196		1,751,856	39,516,590
	-		-		-		-		-		-	8,098,352
	-		-		-		-		-		-	6,363,303
	-		-		-		-		-		-	3,381,746
	-		-		-		-		-		-	2,531,785
	-		-		-		-		-		-	1,900,822
	-		-		-		-		-		-	3,215,099
	475,300		-		-		367,854		1,644,877		-	14,421,480
	280,000		_		_		-		662,171		357,032	1,019,203
	116,144		-		_		-		476,861		1,205,861	1,682,722
	1,075		_		-		-		1,075		· · ·	1,075
	872,519						367,854		2,784,984		1,562,893	42,615,587
	(265,353)				96,913		(28,315)		(1,730,788)		188,963	(3,098,997
	(200,333)		<u>-</u>		90,913		(20,313)		(1,730,766)		100,903	 (3,090,997
	-		-		-		-		-		9,278,840	13,818,031
									-		(465,210)	 (7,438,628
											8,813,630	 6,379,403
	(265,353)		-	!	96,913		(28,315)		(1,730,788)		9,002,593	3,280,406
	925,865		(87,193)		19,985		388,119		4,277,308		12,208,075	33,344,554
			<u>.</u>									
\$	660,512	\$	(87,193)	\$ 1	16,898	\$	359,804	\$	2,546,520	\$	21,210,668	\$ 36,624,960

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL EMERGENCY 911 FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Final Budget Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 3,179,678	\$ 3,172,853	\$ (6,825)	
Interest earned on investments		20,208	20,208	
Total revenues	3,179,678	3,193,061	13,383	
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public safety	3,806,663	2,923,759	882,904	
Total expenditures	3,806,663	2,923,759	882,904	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(626,985)	269,302	896,287	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in	626,205	626,204	(1)	
Total other financing sources	626,205	626,204	(1)	
Net change in fund balances	(780)	895,506	896,286	
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	1,375,552	1,375,552		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 1,374,772	\$ 2,271,058	\$ 896,286	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Final Budget Amounts Actual					Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES								
Hotel/motel taxes	\$	4,215,600	\$	4,171,722	\$	(43,878)		
Interest earned on investments		4 045 000		225		225		
Total revenues		4,215,600		4,171,947		(43,653)		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Culture and recreation		3,167,460		3,123,954		43,506		
Total expenditures		3,167,460		3,123,954		43,506		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,048,140		1,047,993		(147)		
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out		(1,048,140)		(1,047,993)		147		
Total other financing uses		(1,048,140)		(1,047,993)		147		
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year								
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$		\$	-	\$			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL GRANTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Final Budget Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental	\$ 49,463,35		\$ (26,435,724)
Other revenue	150,81		(150,818)
Interest earned on investments		- 119,827	119,827
Total revenues	49,614,17	23,147,461	(26,466,715)
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	18,912,45	6,314,536	12,597,922
Public safety	894,35	308,388	585,965
Public works	1,059,16	- 8	1,059,168
Judicial	3,150,94	3 927,557	2,223,386
Capital outlay	20,358,79	2 12,691,440	7,667,352
Total expenditures	44,375,71	4 20,241,921	24,133,793
Excess of revenues over expenditures	5,238,46	2,905,540	(2,332,922)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	277,46	2 86,713	(190,749)
Transfers out	(5,488,29	(5,488,291)	2
Total other financing uses, net	(5,210,83	(5,401,578)	(190,747)
Net change in fund balances	27,63	(2,496,038)	(2,523,669)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	1,603,84	1,603,843	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), end of year	\$ 1,631,47	4 \$ (892,195)	\$ (2,523,669)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL MIDDLE GEORGIA EDUCATION CORRIDOR BID FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Final Budget Amounts Actua			Variance with al Final Budget		
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 400,000	\$	302,499	\$	(97,501)	
Interest earned on investments	-		3,066		3,066	
Total revenues	 400,000		305,565		(94,435)	
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Housing and development	400,000		292,106		107,894	
Total expenditures	400,000		292,106		107,894	
Net change in fund balances	-		13,459		13,459	
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	 12,901		12,901			
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 12,901	\$	26,360	\$	13,459	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL LAW ENFORCEMENT COMMISSARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

REVENUES	Final Budget Amounts			Actual		/ariance with nal Budget
Charges for services	\$	500,000	\$	1,160,784	\$	660,784
Interest earned on investments	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	16,189	Ψ	6,189
Total revenues		510,000		1,176,973		666,973
Total Tovollado		0.0,000		1,110,010	-	000,070
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public safety		145,000		57,624		87,376
Capital outlay		422,988		47,563		375,425
Total expenditures		567,988		105,187		462,801
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(57,988)		1,071,786		1,129,774
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out		(62,500)		_		62,500
Total other financing uses		(62,500)		_		62,500
S		· / /		-	-	
Net change in fund balances		(120,488)		1,071,786		1,192,274
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		2,550,566		2,550,566		_
. Cite D. L. at See, boginning of your		2,000,000		2,000,000		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	2,430,078	\$	3,622,352	\$	1,192,274

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL LAW ENFORCEMENT CONFISCATION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

REVENUES	Final Budget Amounts			Actual	_	ariance with al Budget
Fines and forfeitures	\$	60,000	\$	154,286	\$	94,286
Interest earned on investments	Ψ	7,500	Ψ	12,113	Ψ	4,613
Total revenues		67,500		166,399		98,899
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety		337,000		82,851		254,149
Capital outlay		176,703		37,600		139,103
Total expenditures		513,703		120,451		393,252
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(446,203)		45,948		492,151
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out		(50,000)		-		50,000
Total other financing uses		(50,000)		-		50,000
Net change in fund balances		(496,203)		45,948		542,151
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		1,032,331		1,032,331		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	536,128	\$	1,078,279	\$	542,151

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL DRUG ABUSE TREATMENT AND EDUCATION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	A	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ 980	\$	980
Fines and forfeitures		73,600	94,668		21,068
Interest earned on investments		-	2,069		2,069
Total revenues		73,600	97,717		24,117
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Judicial		73,600	39,834		33,766
Total expenditures		73,600	 39,834		33,766
Net change in fund balances		-	57,883		57,883
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		106,901	106,901		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	106,901	\$ 164,784	\$	57,883

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Final Budget Amounts			Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures	Φ.	24.4.400	¢.	245 250	\$	850
Interest earned on investments	\$	214,406	\$	215,256 4,177	Ф	
Rent		3,600		3,600		4,177
Total revenues	-	218,006		223,033		5,027
EXPENDITURES Current: Judicial Total expenditures		236,312 236,312		227,717 227,717		8,595 8,595
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(18,306)		(4,684)		13,622
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		2,848		-		(2,848)
Total other financing sources		2,848				(2,848)
Net change in fund balances		(15,458)		(4,684)		10,774
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		535,580		535,580		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	520,122	\$	530,896	\$	10,774

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL CRIME VICTIMS ASSISTANCE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Final Budget mounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES	Φ.	70.400	Φ.	00.407	Ф	(0.070)
Fines and forfeitures Interest earned on investments	\$	72,100	\$	68,427 1,037	\$	(3,673) 1,037
Total revenues		72,100	-	69,464		(2,636)
EXPENDITURES Current: Judicial Total expenditures		12,138 12,138		11,114 11,114		1,024 1,024
Excess of revenues over expenditures		59,962		58,350		(1,612)
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out		(59,962)		(21,709)		38,253
Total other financing uses		(59,962)		(21,709)		38,253
Net change in fund balances		-		36,641		36,641
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		79,532		79,532		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	79,532	\$	116,173	\$	36,641

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL JUVENILE COURT SUPERVISION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

DEVENUES	Final Budget Amounts			Actual		riance with I Budget
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures Interest earned on investments	\$	2,000	\$	270 239	\$	(1,730) 239
Total revenues		2,000		509		(1,491)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		2,000		509		(1,491)
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out		(2,000)		_		2,000
Total other financing uses		(2,000)		-		2,000
Net change in fund balances		-		509		509
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		14,824		14,824		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	14,824	\$	15,333	\$	509

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL LAW LIBRARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Final Budget Amounts			Actual		ariance with I Budget
REVENUES	•	07.000	•	05.070	•	0.570
Fines and forfeitures	\$	27,300	\$	35,870	\$	8,570
Interest earned on investments		-		510		510
Total revenues		27,300		36,380		9,080
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Judicial		27,300		20,875		6,425
		27,300		20,875		6,425
Total expenditures		27,300		20,075		0,423
Net change in fund balances		-		15,505		15,505
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		30,298		30,298		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	30,298	\$	45,803	\$	15,505

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY RICO FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Final Budget Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES					
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 1,000,000	\$ -	\$ (1,000,000)		
Interest earned on investments	50,000	40,802	(9,198)		
Total revenues	1,050,000	40,802	(1,009,198)		
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Judicial	6,233,105	5,034,059	1,199,046		
Total expenditures	6,233,105	5,034,059	1,199,046		
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(5,183,105)	(4,993,257)	189,848		
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out	(150,742)	(64,596)	86,146		
Total other financing uses	(150,742)	(64,596)	86,146		
Net change in fund balances	(5,333,847)	(5,057,853)	275,994		
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	5,058,807	5,058,807			
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), end of year	\$ (275,040)	\$ 954	\$ 275,994		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPONSORED PROGRAMS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Final Budget Amounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES	ф 400 44 5	Φ.	454.004	Φ	(5.554)	
Intergovernmental Interest earned on investments	\$ 160,415	\$	154,864	\$	(5,551)	
	4 200 004		10,324		10,324	
Other revenue	1,266,094	-	867,678		(398,416)	
Total revenues	1,426,509		1,032,866		(393,643)	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	2,116,649		1,783,816		332,833	
Judicial	219,976		102,147		117,829	
Public safety	47,643		9,124		38,519	
Public works	1,707		-		1,707	
Housing and development	21,123		-		21,123	
Health and welfare	1,671,625		1,671,567		58	
Culture and recreation	1,070,277		91,145		979,132	
Capital outlay	39,931		-		39,931	
Total expenditures	5,188,931		3,657,799		1,531,132	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(3,762,422)		(2,624,933)		1,137,489	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	3,981,422		3,826,274		(155,148)	
Transfers in	(219,000)		(218,829)		171	
Total other financing sources, net	3,762,422		3,607,445		(154,977)	
Net change in fund balances	-		982,512		982,512	
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	47,245		47,245			
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 47,245	\$	1,029,757	\$	982,512	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL MACON-BIBB COUNTY JAIL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Final Budget mounts	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures Interest earned on investments Total revenues	\$	132,000	\$	140,229 2,532 142,761	\$	8,229 2,532 10,761
Excess of revenues over expenditures		132,000		142,761		10,761
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out Total other financing uses	_	(132,000) (132,000)		(132,000) (132,000)		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances		-		10,761		10,761
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		211,478		211,478		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	211,478	\$	222,239	\$	10,761

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL DFACS MIL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Final Budget Amounts Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES		_		_	
Interest earned on investments	\$	- \$	13,654	\$	13,654
Rent	332	2,035	466,078		134,043
Total revenues	332	2,035	479,732		147,697
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Health and welfare	2,434	1,478	229,255		2,205,223
Total expenditures	2,434	1,478	229,255		2,205,223
Net change in fund balances	(2,102	2,443)	250,477		2,352,920
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	2,413	3,578	2,413,578		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 311	1,135 \$	2,664,055	\$	2,352,920

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL ECD CDBG FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

DEVENUE		Final Budget Amounts		Actual		Variance with nal Budget
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	3,019,984	\$	1,235,553	\$	(1,784,431)
Interest earned on investments	Ψ	3,019,904	Ψ	14,173	Ψ	14,173
Other revenue		110,000		192,900		82,900
Total revenues		3,129,984		1,442,626		(1,687,358)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Housing and development		3,669,339		1,460,087		2,209,252
Total expenditures		3,669,339		1,460,087		2,209,252
Net change in fund balances		(539,355)		(17,461)		521,894
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		1,364,389		1,364,389		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	_\$	825,034	\$	1,346,928	\$	521,894

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL ECD HOME GRANT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

REVENUES	Final Budget Amounts Actual		Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
11-1-1-11	\$	813,322	\$	62,549	\$	(750,773)
Intergovernmental Interest earned on investments	φ	013,322	Φ	28,463	φ	28,463
Other revenue		125,000		190,733		65,733
Total revenues		938,322		281,745		(656,577)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Housing and development		1,039,987		104,598		935,389
Total expenditures		1,039,987		104,598		935,389
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(101,665)		177,147		278,812
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		101,665		-		(101,665)
Total other financing sources		101,665		-		(101,665)
Net change in fund balances		-		177,147		177,147
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		414,713		414,713		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	414,713	\$	591,860	\$	177,147

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL ECD ESG FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Final Budget Amounts Actual			Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 729,673	\$	273,589	\$	(456,084)
Interest earned on investments	 		92		92
Total revenues	 729,673		273,681		(455,992)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Housing and development	 729,673		276,400		453,273
Total expenditures	 729,673		276,400		453,273
Net change in fund deficits	-		(2,719)		(2,719)
FUND DEFICITS, beginning of year	 (1,656)		(1,656)		<u> </u>
FUND DEFICITS, end of year	\$ (1,656)	\$	(4,375)	\$	(2,719)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL DOWNTOWN MACON BID FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

REVENUES	Final Budget Amounts		Actual		ariance with al Budget
Property taxes	\$	400,000	\$	423,957	\$ 23,957
Interest earned on investments	·	, -		3,859	3,859
Total revenues		400,000		427,816	27,816
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Housing and development		400,000		398,594	1,406
Total expenditures		400,000		398,594	 1,406
Net change in fund balances		-		29,222	29,222
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		8,289		8,289	
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	8,289	\$	37,511	\$ 29,222

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 Final Budget Amounts	 Actual	Variance with nal Budget
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental	\$ 758,802	\$ 870,660	\$ 111,858
Interest earned on investments	 692,778	 881,196	 188,418
Total revenues	 1,451,580	 1,751,856	 300,276
EXPENDITURES			
Debt service:			
Principal	1,860,252	357,032	1,503,220
Interest and fees	1,865,700	1,205,861	659,839
Total expenditures	 3,725,952	1,562,893	 2,163,059
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (2,274,372)	 188,963	2,463,335
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	11,555,825	9,278,840	(2,276,985)
Transfers out	(1,241,430)	(465,210)	776,220
Total other financing sources, net	10,314,395	8,813,630	(1,500,765)
Net change in fund balances	8,040,023	9,002,593	962,570
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	12,208,075	 12,208,075	
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 20,248,098	\$ 21,210,668	\$ 962,570

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The **Tobesofkee Recreation Fund** accounts for the operations and maintenance of a recreation facility on Lake Tobesofkee in the County. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

The Coliseum Fund accounts for the activities of the Macon Coliseum and the Macon Auditorium.

The Mulberry Street Parking Garage Fund is used to account for the activities of the downtown parking garage.

The **Bowden Golf Course Fund** is used to account for the operations and maintenance of a municipal golf course in the County.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Tobesofkee Recreation Fund	Coliseum Fund	Mulberry Street Parking Garage Fund	Bowden Golf Course Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 113,486	\$ 158,884	\$ -	\$ 71,030	\$ 343,400
Investments	-	506,470	-	-	506,470
Receivables, net of allowance		•			
for uncollectibles accounts	7,648	_	683	3,733	12,064
Due from other funds	150,000	350,000		170,000	670,000
Total current assets	271,134	1,015,354	683	244,763	1,531,934
Capital assets:					
Land	418,891	72,260	-	773,621	1,264,772
Construction in progress	2,825,622	1,320,393	-	-	4,146,015
Earthen dam	2,625,294	-	-	-	2,625,294
Land improvements	2,267,560	712,301	-	445,191	3,425,052
Dam improvements	2,084,004	-	-	-	2,084,004
Buildings	912,438	13,599,271	-	1,086,379	15,598,088
Building improvements	941,458	, , , <u>-</u>	-	, , , , <u>-</u>	941,458
Machinery, equipment and furniture	633,405	4,906,048	-	219.116	5,758,569
Vehicles	268,807	141,756	_	184,197	594,760
Infrastructure and roads	356,307		_	-	356,307
initiastructure and roads	13,333,786	20,752,029		2,708,504	36,794,319
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,496,556)	(12,651,064)	_	(1,455,248)	(19,602,868)
Less accumulated depreciation	7,837,230	8,100,965		1,253,256	17,191,451
Total non-current assets	7,837,230	8,100,965		1,253,256	17,191,451
Total assets	8,108,364	9,116,319	683	1,498,019	18,723,385
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pensions	227,191	-	-	142,382	369,573
Total deferred outflows of resources	227,191	-		142,382	369,573
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Current liabilities payable from current assets					
Accounts payable	44,038	106,082	499	22,282	172,901
Accrued payroll deductions	47,215	· -	-	21,294	68,509
Due to other funds	5,399	_	184	, <u> </u>	5,583
Unearned revenue	10,000	21,250	-	_	31,250
Compensated absences payable	33,295	,	-	11,800	45,095
Total current liabilities	139,947	127,332	683	55,376	323,338
Non-aumont Baltillities		,		•	,
Non-current liabilities				2 12-	0.1 -
Compensated absences payable	18,310	-	-	6,489	24,799
Net pension liability	1,026,540			565,265	1,591,805
Total non-current liabilities	1,044,850			571,754	1,616,604
Total liabilities	1,184,797	127,332	683	627,130	1,939,942
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pensions	15,106	-	_	7,849	22,955
Total deferred inflows of resources	15,106			7,849	22,955
NET POSITION					
Investment in capital assets	7,837,230	8,100,965	_	1,253,256	17,191,451
Unrestricted	(701,578)	888,022	_	(247,834)	(61,390)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	-	Tobesofkee Recreation Fund		Coliseum Fund		Mulberry Street Parking Garage Fund		Bowden olf Course Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Operating revenues										
Charges for sales and services	\$	792,215	\$	123,134	\$	-	\$	444,522	\$	1,359,871
Other revenues		2,054		78,666		-		<u> </u>		80,720
Total operating revenues		794,269		201,800	_	<u> </u>		444,522		1,440,591
Operating expenses										
Administration		1,373,215		1,202,385		-		631,977		3,207,577
Depreciation		269,185		626,849				73,904		969,938
Total operating expenses		1,642,400		1,829,234		-		705,881		4,177,515
Operating loss		(848,131)		(1,627,434)				(261,359)		(2,736,924)
Non-operating revenues										
Interest earned on investments		4,011		9,729		-		2,854		16,594
Total non-operating revenues		4,011		9,729		-		2,854		16,594
Loss before contributions and transfers		(844,120)		(1,617,705)				(258,505)		(2,720,330)
Capital contributions		2,454,360		1,566,728				7,279		4,028,367
Transfers in		479,774		970,203				315,000		1,764,977
Change in net position		2,090,014		919,226		-		63,774		3,073,014
Net position, beginning of year		5,045,638		8,069,761				941,648		14,057,047
Net position, end of year	\$	7,135,652	\$	8,988,987	\$	_	\$	1,005,422	\$	17,130,061

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 obesofkee ecreation Fund	Coliseum Fund	Mu	lberry Street Parking Garage Fund	_	Bowden olf Course Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 						
Receipts from customers Payments to employees Payments to suppliers	\$ 806,125 (932,135) (397,689)	\$ 202,042 - (1,128,686)	\$	61,372 - -	\$	449,858 (459,362) (248,252)	\$ 1,519,397 (1,391,497) (1,774,627)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(523,699)	 (926,644)		61,372		(257,756)	(1,646,727)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Transfers from other funds	479,774	970,203		_		315,000	1,764,977
Change in due to/from other funds	(155,400)	 50,000		(61,372)		(30,000)	(196,772)
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	324,374	1,020,203		(61,372)		285,000	1,568,205
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Sales of investments	205,734	697		-		-	206,431
Interest on investments	 4,011	 9,729				2,854	 16,594
Net cash provided by investing activities	 209,745	 10,426				2,854	223,025
Change in cash and cash equivalents	10,420	103,985		-		30,098	144,503
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 103,066	 54,899		-		40,932	 198,897
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 113,486	\$ 158,884	\$	-	\$	71,030	\$ 343,400
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$ (848,131)	\$ (1,627,434)	\$	-	\$	(261,359)	\$ (2,736,924)
Depreciation expense Decrease in accounts receivable Decrease in prepaid expenses	269,185 11,856	626,849 242 21,134		61,372 -		73,904 5,336	969,938 78,806 21,134
Increase (decrease) in accounts and retainage payable Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll deductions	2,311 6,361	51,670 -		-		(2,541) (3,498)	51,440 2,863
Decrease in accrued benefits payable Increase in unearned revenue	(9)	- 895		-		(279)	(288) 895
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	 34,728	 				(69,319)	 (34,591)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (523,699)	\$ (926,644)	\$	61,372	\$	(257,756)	\$ (1,646,727)
Schedule of Non-cash Capital and Related Financing Activities Contributions of capital assets from other							
funds	\$ 2,454,360	\$ 1,566,728	\$		\$	7,279	\$ 4,028,367

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The **Vehicle Maintenance Fund** accounts for servicing of certain personal property of the County primarily related to transportation equipment.

The **Group Insurance Fund** accounts for the self-funded group insurance plan for the benefit of the employees of the County.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Vehicle Maintenance Fund	Group Insurance Fund	Total Internal Service Funds
ASSETS			
Current assets	¢ 70.007	ф 4.440.44E	f 4.400.040
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 76,897	\$ 1,116,115	\$ 1,193,012
Investments	-	6,958,231	6,958,231
Receivables, net of allowance	2.465	275 027	277 402
accounts	2,465	375,027	377,492
Due from other governments Due from other funds	-	9,672	9,672
Total current assets	800,000 879,362	1,500,000 9,959,045	2,300,000 10,838,407
rotal current assets	879,362	9,959,045	10,838,407
Non-current assets			
Capital assets			
Land	80,132	-	80,132
Buildings	808,943	-	808,943
Machinery, equipment and furniture	266,262	-	266,262
Vehicles	198,342	-	198,342
	1,353,679		1,353,679
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,186,164)	-	(1,186,164)
Total non-current assets	167,515		167,515
Total assets	1,046,877	9,959,045	11,005,922
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions	409,486	-	409,486
Total deferred outflows of resources	409,486		409,486
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	321,691	604,474	926,165
Accrued payroll deductions	39,192	-	39,192
Accrued benefits payable	-	1,454,821	1,454,821
Claims payable	-	1,234,784	1,234,784
Compensated absences payable	34,570	-,,,	34,570
Total current liabilities	395,453	3,294,079	3,689,532
Non current liabilities			
Non-current liabilities	1,157,409		1,157,409
Net pension liability	, ,	-	· · ·
Compensated absences payable	19,010	- 	19,010
Total non-current liabilities	1,176,419	<u> </u>	1,176,419
Total liabilities	1,571,872	3,294,079	4,865,951
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions	12,862	_	12,862
Total deferred inflows of resources	12,862	-	12,862
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets	167,515	-	167,515
Unrestricted	(295,886)	6,664,966	6,369,080
	<u> </u>		
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (128,371)	\$ 6,664,966	\$ 6,536,595

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Vehicle Maintenance Fund	Group Insurance Fund	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues			
Insurance premiums	\$ -	\$ 19,552,113	\$ 19,552,113
Charges for sales and services	1,434,777		1,434,777
Total operating revenues	1,434,777	19,552,113	20,986,890
Operating expenses			
Claims and judgments	-	17,688,965	17,688,965
Administration and other costs	1,643,574	1,692,681	3,336,255
Depreciation	18,600		18,600
Total operating expenses	1,662,174	19,381,646	21,043,820
Operating income (loss)	(227,397)	170,467	(56,930)
Non-operating revenues			
Interest earned on investments	8,517	64,366	72,883
Total non-operating revenues	8,517	64,366	72,883
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(218,880)	234,833	15,953
Capital contributions	64,670	-	64,670
Transfers in	600,000		600,000
Change in net position	445,790	234,833	680,623
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	(574,161)	6,430,133	5,855,972
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ (128,371)	\$ 6,664,966	\$ 6,536,595

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Receipts from other funds		<u> </u>	Vehicle aintenance Fund		Group Insurance Fund	Inte	Total ernal Service Funds	
Receipts from customers \$ 1,132,325 \$ - \$ 1,13	Cash flows from operating activities							
Receipts from other funds	. •	\$	1 132 325	\$	_	\$	1,132,325	
Payments to employees (863,490) - (86 Payments for claims and services (19,242,569) (19,24 Net cash used in operating activities (557,893) (1,230,727) (1,78 Cash flows from non-capital financing activities Transfers from other funds 600,000 - 60 Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 600,000 - 60 Cash flows from investing activities 600,000 - 60 Cash flows from investing activities 600,000 - 60 Cash flows from investing activities 8,517 64,366 7. Net cash provided by investing activities 8,517 670,642 67 Change in cash and cash equivalents 50,624 (560,085) (50 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 26,273 1,676,200 1,70 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ (22,7397) \$ 170,467 \$ (5 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (5 <td c<="" td=""><td>•</td><td>Ψ</td><td>1,102,020</td><td>Ψ</td><td>18 011 842</td><td>Ψ</td><td>18,011,842</td></td>	<td>•</td> <td>Ψ</td> <td>1,102,020</td> <td>Ψ</td> <td>18 011 842</td> <td>Ψ</td> <td>18,011,842</td>	•	Ψ	1,102,020	Ψ	18 011 842	Ψ	18,011,842
Payments to suppliers (826,728) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (17,282,569)	•		(863 490)		-		(863,490)	
Payments for claims and services (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (19,242,569) (17,782)<			, ,		_		(826,728)	
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities 600,000 - 600 Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 600,000 - 600 Cash flows from investing activities 500,000 - 600,276 600 Sales of investments - 606,276 600 600 Interest on investments 8,517 64,366 7. Net cash provided by investing activities 8,517 670,642 670 Change in cash and cash equivalents 50,624 (560,085) (50 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 26,273 1,676,200 1,70 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 76,897 1,116,115 \$ 1,19 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities \$ (227,397) 170,467 5 (5) Operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) 170,467 5 (5) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) 170,467 5 (5) Adjustments to reconcile operating activities: 18,600 - (2,452) (102,760) (10 Deprease in			-		(19,242,569)		(19,242,569)	
Transfers from other funds 600,000 - 600 Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 600,000 - 600 Cash flows from investing activities 8.517 606,276 600 Sales of investments 8,517 64,366 7. Net cash provided by investing activities 8,517 670,642 67 Change in cash and cash equivalents 50,624 (560,085) (50 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 26,273 1,676,200 1,70 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 76,897 1,116,115 1,19 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities \$ (227,397) 170,467 (5) Operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) 170,467 (5) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) 170,467 (5) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) 170,467 (5) Increase in accounts receivable (2,452) (102,760) (10 Increase in due from other governments - 62,489 6	Net cash used in operating activities		(557,893)		(1,230,727)		(1,788,620)	
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	Cash flows from non-capital financing activities							
Cash flows from investing activities Sales of investments - 606,276 60 Interest on investments 8,517 64,366 7. Net cash provided by investing activities 8,517 670,642 67 Change in cash and cash equivalents 50,624 (560,085) (50 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 26,273 1,676,200 1,70 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 76,897 \$ 1,116,115 \$ 1,19 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used in operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (5) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (5) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (5) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (5) Depreciation expense \$ (300,000) \$ (102,760) \$ (10 Increase in accounts receivable \$ (2,452) \$ (102,760) \$ (10 Decrease in due from other funds \$ (300,000) \$ (1,500,000) \$ (1	Transfers from other funds		600,000				600,000	
Sales of investments 606,276 600 Interest on investments 8,517 64,366 7. Net cash provided by investing activities 8,517 670,642 679 Change in cash and cash equivalents 50,624 (560,085) (500 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 26,273 1,676,200 1,700 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$76,897 1,116,115 1,119 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities \$76,897 1,70,467 5,65 Operating income (loss) \$(227,397) 170,467 5,65 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$(227,397) 170,467 5,65 Adjustments to reconcile operating activities: \$(227,397) 170,467 5,65 Depressing income (loss) \$(227,397) 170,467 5,65 Adjustments to reconcile operating activities: \$(227,397) 170,467 5,65 Decrease in accounts receivable \$(2,452) \$(102,760) \$(10 Decrease in due from other governments \$(2,452) \$(102,760) \$(1	Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		600,000		-		600,000	
Interest on investments	Cash flows from investing activities							
Net cash provided by investing activities 8,517 670,642 677	Sales of investments		-		606,276		606,276	
Change in cash and cash equivalents 50,624 (560,085) (500 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 26,273 1,676,200 1,700 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 76,897 \$ 1,116,115 \$ 1,190 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities Operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (500) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (500) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (500) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (500) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (500) Adjustments to reconcile operating activities:	Interest on investments		8,517		64,366		72,883	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 26,273 1,676,200 1,700 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 76,897 \$ 1,116,115 \$ 1,190 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities Operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (50 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (50 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (50 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (50 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (50 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (50 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (50 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (22,452) (102,760) (100 Decrease in accounts receivable \$ (2,452) (102,760) (100 Decrease in due from other governments \$ (300,000) (1,500,000) (1,800	Net cash provided by investing activities		8,517		670,642		679,159	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 76,897 \$ 1,116,115 \$ 1,199 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities Operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (56,400) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) * (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (56,400) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) * (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (56,400) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) * (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (56,400) Local used in operating activities: * (227,397) * (70,467) * (70,467) * (70,47) Decrease in accounts receivable * (2,452) * (102,760) <td>Change in cash and cash equivalents</td> <td></td> <td>50,624</td> <td></td> <td>(560,085)</td> <td></td> <td>(509,461)</td>	Change in cash and cash equivalents		50,624		(560,085)		(509,461)	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (56,40)	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		26,273		1,676,200		1,702,473	
used in operating activities Operating income (loss) \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (56,467) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities: \$ (227,397) \$ 170,467 \$ (56,467) Depreciation expense \$ (8,600) - (10,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,280,2760) \$ (1,	Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	76,897	\$	1,116,115	\$	1,193,012	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation expense 18,600 - 15 Increase in accounts receivable (2,452) (102,760) (102,760) Decrease in due from other governments - 62,489 6 Increase in due from other funds (300,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) Decrease in claims payable - (7,219) (7,219) (1,000,000) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 72,596 (58,329) 1.0 Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities (22,640) 204,625 18 Decrease in net pension liability (96,600) - (99,600) Net cash used in operating activities \$ (557,893) \$ (1,230,727) \$ (1,786,786) Schedule of Non-cash Capital and	. • ,							
to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation expense	Operating income (loss)	\$	(227,397)	\$	170,467	\$	(56,930)	
Depreciation expense 18,600 - 18	Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)							
Increase in accounts receivable								
Decrease in due from other governments - 62,489 66 Increase in due from other funds (300,000) (1,500,000) (1,800,000) Decrease in claims payable - (7,219) (7,219) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 72,596 (58,329) 17,200 Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities (22,640) 204,625 18 Decrease in net pension liability (96,600) - (96,600) Net cash used in operating activities \$ (557,893) \$ (1,230,727) \$ (1,786) Schedule of Non-cash Capital and	·		•		-		18,600	
Increase in due from other funds			(2,452)		, ,		(105,212)	
Decrease in claims payable - (7,219) (7,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		,		62,489	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 72,596 (58,329) 14			(300,000)		(, , ,		(1,800,000)	
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Decrease in net pension liability Net cash used in operating activities Schedule of Non-cash Capital and			-		, ,		(7,219)	
Decrease in net pension liability (96,600) - (99) Net cash used in operating activities \$ (557,893) \$ (1,230,727) \$ (1,789) Schedule of Non-cash Capital and	` , , ,				, , ,		14,267	
Schedule of Non-cash Capital and	,		, ,		204,625		181,985 (96,600)	
·	Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(557,893)	\$	(1,230,727)	\$	(1,788,620)	
Polated Financing Activities	•							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Related Financing Activities	¢	64 670	œ		¢	64,670	

EMPLOYEES' BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS

The **General Employees' Pension Trust Fund** is used to account for the pension plan assets, liabilities, additions and deductions relative to eligible employees and retired personnel of the former City of Macon serving outside of the public safety functions of fire and police.

The **Fire and Police Pension Trust Fund** is used to account for the pension plan assets, liabilities, additions and deductions relative to eligible employees and retired personnel of the former City of Macon serving in the public safety functions of fire and police.

The **Employee Pension Trust Fund** accounts for a single employer public employee retirement system administered by Macon-Bibb County, Georgia for all eligible employees of the County.

The **Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund** accounts for the accumulation of resources for other post-employment benefit payments to qualified employees of the County.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION EMPLOYEES' BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	General Employees' Pension Trust Fund	Fire and Police Pension Trust Fund	Employee Pension Trust Fund	Other Post- Employment Benefits Trust Fund	Total Employees' Benefit Trust Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,711,157	\$ 8,235,717	\$ 6,691,600	\$ 2,117,737	\$ 19,756,211
Investments:					
Short-term investments	1,900,000	-	5,000,000	-	6,900,000
Corporate bonds	13,814,162	16,689,982	14,808,034	-	45,312,178
Common stock	43,235,700	44,425,249	24,289,587	-	111,950,536
U.S. Treasury bills and government bonds	10,037,895	26,799,034	23,798,995	238,452	60,874,376
Asset-backed securities	2,819,583	33,338,816	18,296,592	15,492	54,470,483
Mutual funds	30,644,129	166,122,282	51,860,313	-	248,626,724
Fixed rate securities		3,735,974	535,592	-	4,271,566
Accounts receivable	168,916	176,355	961,475	-	1,306,746
Intergovernmental accounts receivable	10,981	-	-	-	10,981
Accrued interest receivable	169,101	357,523	307,708	873	835,205
Due from brokers for unsettled trades	73,946	-	32,046	-	105,992
Total assets	105,585,570	299,880,932	146,581,942	2,372,554	554,420,998
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	16.489	145,159	111.673	405,616	678,937
Due to brokers for unsettled trades	322,008	1,756,030	54,250	-	2,132,288
Total liabilities	338,497	1,901,189	165,923	405,616	2,811,225
NET POSITION					
Restricted for pension benefits	105,247,073	3 297,979,743	146,416,019	-	549,642,835
Restricted for other post-employment benefits	, ,	- ,,	-, -,	1,966,938	1,966,938
Total net position	\$ 105,247,073	\$ 297,979,743	\$ 146,416,019	\$ 1,966,938	\$ 551,609,773

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION EMPLOYEES' BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Em P	Employees' Poli Pension Pens		Fire and Police Pension Trust	Employee Pension Trust		Er	ther Post- nployment nefits Trust	Total mployees' enefit Trust Funds
Additions:			_		_		_		
Contributions - employer	\$	3,813,615	\$	3,305,776	\$	10,434,023	\$	6,500,000	\$ 24,053,414
Contributions - retirees		3,813,615		3,305,776		10,434,023		990,361 7,490,361	 990,361 25,043,775
Investment income:									
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value									
of plan investments	2	22,534,706		66,481,958		28,650,779		(3,198)	117,664,245
Interest earned on investments		479,356		1,964,406		1,223,461		48,439	3,715,662
Dividends		1,540,972		2,712,488		676,693		-	4,930,153
Other investment earnings		23,888		51,923		7,400		-	83,21
Ç .	2	24,578,922		71,210,775		30,558,333		45,241	 126,393,27
Less investment expense		325,785		539,481		308,714		941	 1,174,92
Net investment income	2	24,253,137		70,671,294		30,249,619		44,300	 125,218,350
Total additions	2	28,066,752		73,977,070		40,683,642		7,534,661	 150,262,12
Deductions:									
Benefits paid to retirees		7,123,994		14,840,384		13,677,268		7,940,163	43,581,809
Administrative expense		52,389		50,816		153,043		313,385	 569,633
Total deductions		7,176,383		14,891,200		13,830,311		8,253,548	 44,151,442
Change in net position	2	20,890,369		59,085,870		26,853,331		(718,887)	106,110,68
Net Position									
Beginning of year	8	34,356,704		238,893,873		119,562,688		2,685,825	 445,499,090
End of year	\$ 10	05,247,073	\$	297,979,743	\$	146,416,019	\$	1,966,938	\$ 551,609,773

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

The **Tax Commissioner Fund** accounts for the billing, collection, and remittances of taxes to the County, Board of Education, and State of Georgia.

The **Juvenile Court Fund** accounts for the collection and payments of fines and forfeitures as directed by the Juvenile Court.

The **Probate Court Fund** accounts for the collection and payment of funds held for minors as directed by the Probate Court. It also accounts for the collection and payment of various licenses.

The Civil Court Fund accounts for the collection and payment of various fees and fines as directed by the Civil Court.

The **Clerk of Superior Court** accounts for the collection and payments of various fees and fines as directed by the Superior Court.

The State Probation Fund accounts for the collection of fines and forfeitures as directed by the State Court.

The **State Court Fund** accounts for the collection of charges for court costs, filings, and settlements, as well as the subsequent remittance to the applicable parties.

The **Superior Court Receiver Fund** accounts for the collection and payment of monies as directed by order of the Superior Court.

The **Sheriff's Office Fund** accounts for the collection of fines, costs, and bond forfeitures, and the subsequent remittances to the applicable parties.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Co	Tax emmissioner	uvenile Court	 Probate Court	Civil Court	
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	3,323,432	\$ 3,291	\$ 63,886	\$	154,601
Taxes receivable		3,499,623	-	-		-
Accounts receivable		76,537	 	 		-
Total assets	\$	6,899,592	\$ 3,291	\$ 63,886	\$	154,601
LIABILITIES						
Due to other governments	\$	5,988,851	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Due to others		910,741	 3,291	 12,398		11,334
Total liabilities		6,899,592	 3,291	 12,398		11,334
NET POSITION						
Restricted for individuals,				54 400		4.40.007
organizations, and other governments			 	 51,488		143,267
Total net position	\$	-	\$ _	\$ 51,488	\$	143,267

Su	Clerk of perior Court	F	State Probation	 State Court		erior Court Receiver	 Sheriff's Office		Total
\$	3,838,940 - -	\$	152,422 - -	\$ 175,212 - -	\$	144,017 - -	\$ 2,309,181 - -	\$	10,164,982 3,499,623 76,537
\$	3,838,940	\$	152,422	\$ 175,212	\$	144,017	\$ 2,309,181	\$	13,741,142
\$	- 277,396	\$	- 152,422	\$ - 16,389	\$	- 4,028	\$ - 237,417	\$	5,988,851 1,625,416
	277,396		152,422	 16,389		4,028	 237,417		7,614,267
	3,561,544			158,823		139,989	2,071,764		6,126,875
\$	3,561,544	\$	_	\$ 158,823	\$	139,989	\$ 2,071,764	\$	6,126,875

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Tax Commissione	<u>r</u>	Juvenile Court		Probate Court	Civil Court
Additions:						
Taxes	\$ 101,097,86	4 \$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Fines and fees		-	4,640		223,169	632,077
Criminal and civil bonds		<u> </u>				 -
Total additions	101,097,86	4	4,640		223,169	 632,077
Deductions:						
Taxes	101,097,86	4	-		-	-
Fines and fees		-	4,640		226,523	657,400
Criminal and civil bonds		<u> </u>			-	 -
Total deductions	101,097,86	4	4,640		226,523	 657,400
Change in net position		-	-		(3,354)	(25,323)
Net Position						
Beginning of year, restated		<u>-</u> _	-		54,842	 168,590
End of year	\$	- \$	-	\$	51,488	\$ 143,267

Clerk of Superior Court	State Probation	State Court	Superior Court Receiver	Sheriff's Office	Total
\$ - 8,649,546 -	\$ - 1,159,846 -	\$ - 591,614	\$ - 1,615,473	\$ - 2,076,301 501,255	\$ 101,097,864 14,952,666 501,255
8,649,546	1,159,846	591,614	1,615,473	2,577,556	116,551,785
- 6,010,157 -	- 1,159,846 -	- 614,390 -	1,626,082 	1,885,095 241,530	101,097,864 12,184,133 241,530
6,010,157	1,159,846	614,390	1,626,082	2,126,625	113,523,527
2,639,389	-	(22,776)	(10,609)	450,931	3,028,258
922,155	<u> </u>	181,599	150,598	1,620,833	3,098,617
\$ 3,561,544	\$ -	\$ 158,823	\$ 139,989	\$ 2,071,764	\$ 6,126,875

NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS

The **Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority** is charged with promoting and expanding industry and trade within the County.

The **Middle Georgia Regional Library** provides complete library services throughout seven branches within the County as well as six surrounding counties.

The Macon-Bibb County Transit Authority provides transit services within the Middle Georgia area.

The Macon-Bibb County Board of Health provides public health services to the citizens of the County.

The **Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority** is responsible for the revitalization and redevelopment of the downtown areas of the County.

The Macon-Bibb County Convention and Visitors Bureau promotes tourism and conventions in the County.

The **Macon-Bibb County Planning and Zoning Commission** is responsible for community planning, establishing and enforcing zoning regulations, and administration of certain grant programs.

The **Development Authority of Bibb County** promotes development within the County.

The **Macon-Bibb County Land Bank Authority** allows the County to provide housing, new industry and jobs for the citizens of Middle Georgia area by effectively utilizing property previously in non-revenue generating, non-tax producing status.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2021

400==0	Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority	Middle Georgia Regional Library	Macon-Bibb County Transit Authority	Macon-Bibb County Board of Health	Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,808,265	\$ 1,526,704	\$ 856,362	\$ 3,435,788	\$ 3,306,011
Investments		1,072,933	658,432	-	291,646
Receivables, net of allowance:		.,0.2,000	000, 102		201,010
Accounts receivable	36,036	581	19,520	45,213	477,478
Accrued interest	-	-	-	-	24,659
Lease receivable	-	-	-	-	393,203
Loan receivable	-	-	_	_	1,729,573
Due from other governments	68,542	-	3,597,592	-	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Due from primary government	-	-		-	835,437
Earnest money	-	-	_	_	5,000
Inventory	-	-	97,736	_	-
Prepaid items	-	29,449	318,753	_	10,662
Proportionate share of net OPEB asset	-		-	145,483	
Restricted assets, cash and				0, .00	
cash equivalents	24,865	_	_	_	1,647,577
Capital assets - nondepreciable	32,484,081	_	166.715	_	13,642,698
Capital assets - depreciable, net of	02, 10 1,00 1		100,110		10,012,000
accumulated depreciation	12,401,142	527,714	15,010,991	202,569	15,543,702
Total assets	52,822,931	3,157,381	20,726,101	3,829,053	37,907,646
10101 033013	32,022,001	0,107,001	20,720,101	0,020,000	01,301,040
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pensions	-	795,527	490,635	464,969	-
OPEB	-	831,991	-	183,846	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	1,627,518	490,635	648,815	-
		.,,	,		
LIABILITIES					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	297,524	161,540	821,045	77,009	710,666
Accrued liabilities	120,646	70,050	379,735	48,622	147,696
Unearned revenue	36,714	· -	, <u>-</u>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	69,235
Line of credit	· -	-	506,018	-	75,000
Due to primary government	-	-	, <u>-</u>	-	30,172
Outstanding checks in excess of bank balance	-	-	68,298	_	-
Deposits	-	-	93,798	_	-
Non-current liabilities			,		
Due within one year:					
Compensated absences	29,780	94,546	100,428	80,078	8,680
Notes payable		-	.00, .20	-	451,213
Bonds payable	2,555,845	-	_	_	614,508
Due in more than one year:	2,000,010				0.1,000
Compensated absences	_	25,455	_	65,518	8,478
Net pension liability	_	2,932,547	4,105,432	2,733,105	0,470
Net OPEB liability	_	3,583,753	1,100,102	670,940	_
Straight-line lease liability	_	0,000,700	_	070,540	_
Notes payable	_	_	_	-	4,981,041
· ·	13,647,369	-	-	-	12,627,613
Bonds payable Total liabilities	16,687,878	6,867,891	6,074,754	3,675,272	19,724,302
Total liabilities	10,007,070	0,007,091	0,074,734	3,073,272	19,724,302
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pensions	-	163,370	68,961	161,525	_
OPEB	_	682,935	-	899,297	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	846,305	68,961	1,060,822	
rotal doloned limewe of rocodioco		0 10,000	00,001	1,000,022	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	28,486,231	527,714	15,177,706	202,569	13,610,536
Restricted for:	20, 100,201	021,114	.5,111,100	202,000	. 5,0 10,000
Capital projects	1,191,816	-	_	308,915	_
Culture and recreation		215,080	_	-	_
Canalo and rootoation	- -	210,000			545,135
Program loans	-	-	-	-	75,000
Program Ioans Debt service	1 784 067	_			
Debt service	1,784,967	-	-	1 524 222	75,000
Debt service Prior year program income	1,784,967 -	-	-	1,534,332	-
Debt service	1,784,967 - - 4,672,039	- - (3,672,091)	- - - (104,685)	1,534,332 (2,304,042)	1,293,024 2,659,649

Macon-Bibb County Convention and Visitors Bureau		County and	on-Bibb / Planning Zoning mission	Aut	elopment hority of b County	Co	acon-Bibb ounty Land Bank Authority	_	Total Component Units
\$	2,559,545	\$	919,529 -	\$	30,438 80,001	\$	1,929,104	\$	22,371,746 2,103,012
	257,684		-		-		56,501		893,013
	-		-		416		-		25,075
	-		-		-		-		393,203
	426,132		90,403		-		-		1,729,573 4,182,669
	-		-		-		-		835,437
	-		-		-		-		5,000
	-		-		-		650,054		747,790
	25,977 -		30,071		-		1,921 -		416,833 145,483
	-		-		-		-		1,672,442 46,293,494
	1 052 454		121 122		-		2.047		
	1,952,454 5,221,792		131,132 1,171,135		110,855		2,847 2,640,427	_	45,772,551 127,587,321
	-		770,446		_		-		2,521,577
			-		-				1,015,837
	-		770,446		-		-		3,537,414
	63,635		42,559		-		8,049		2,182,027
	26,067		43,668		-		6,596		843,080
	-		28,558		-		-		134,507 581,018
	-		-		-		-		30,172
	-		-		-		-		68,298
	-		500		-		-		94,298
	8,269		-		-		-		321,781
	-		-		-		-		451,213 3,170,353
	_		80,523		_		-		179,974
	-		2,403,219		-		-		12,174,303
	-		-		-		-		4,254,693
	140.405		98,244		-		-		98,244
	140,165		-		-		-		5,121,206 26.274.982
	238,136		2,697,271				14,645	_	55,980,149
	-		28,876		-		-		422,732
	-		28,876		<u>-</u>		-		1,582,232 2,004,964
		-							,,
	-		131,132		-		2,847		58,138,735
	-		-		-		-		1,500,731
	4,983,656		-		-		-		5,198,736
			-		-		-		545,135
	-								1 850 067
	-		-		-		-		1,859,967 1.534.332
	- - -		- - -		- -		- - -		1,859,967 1,534,332 1,293,024

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2021

					Prog	gram Revenues			
Functions/Programs	_	Charges for Expenses Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority	
Component units:									
Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority	\$	6,842,228	\$	1,660,626	\$	300,000	\$	3,481,637	\$ (1,399,965)
Middle Georgia Regional Library		4,001,165		75,869		4,028,551		-	-
Macon-Bibb County Transit Authority		9,614,357		1,122,251		6,730,132		4,723,509	-
Macon-Bibb County Board of Health		5,077,914		2,846,755		2,546,883		432,639	-
Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority		4,233,955		4,119,114		285,305		778,857	-
Macon-Bibb County Convention and Visitors Bureau		1,884,432		26,156		277,885		-	-
Macon-Bibb County Planning and Zoning Commission		2,087,529		933,623		328,393		-	-
Development Authority of Bibb County		7,197		-		-		-	-
Macon-Bibb County Land Bank Authority		602,633				1,217,405		-	
Total component units	\$	34,351,410	\$	10,784,394	\$	15,714,554	\$	9,416,642	(1,399,965)
	Gen	eral revenues:							
		Payments from N	1acon-	Bibb County					450,000
	1	Payments in lieu	of tax	es					3,496,400
		Grants and contr	ibutior	ns, not restricted	to spe	ecific programs			-
		Gain on sale of p	ropert	у					58,350
	1	nvestment earni	ngs						55,693
	Miscellaneous revenue Total general revenues								29,672
									4,090,115
	Change in net position							2,690,150	
	Net	position (deficit),	begin	ning of year					33,444,903
	Net	position (deficit),	end o	f year					\$ 36,135,053

		Macon-Bibb			acon-Bibb		Macon-Bibb	Macon-Bibb	ı	Macon-Bibb	Macon-Bibb	Middle	
Total		County Land	pment	Devel	nty Planning		County	ounty Urban		County	County	Georgia	
Component		Bank	rity of		nd Zoning	•	Convention and	Development		Board	Transit	Regional	
Units		Authority	ounty		mmission		Visitors Bureau	Authority		of Health	Authority	Library	
\$ (1,399,965	,	\$ -	_	\$	-	\$	\$ -	-	\$	\$ -	\$ -	-	
103,255		-	-		-		-	-		-	-	103,255	
2,961,535		-	-		-		-	-		-	2,961,535	-	
748,363		-	-		-		-	-		748,363	-	-	
949,321		-	-		-		-	949,321		-	-	-	
(1,580,391		-	-		-		(1,580,391)	-		-	-	-	
(825,513		-	-		(825,513)		-	-		-	-	-	
(7,197		-	(7,197)		-		-	-		-	-	-	
614,772		614,772						-			-	-	
1,564,180		614,772	(7,197)		(825,513)	_	(1,580,391)	949,321		748,363	2,961,535	103,255	
5,743,343		197,684			810,000		1,969,159				2,316,500		
3,496,400		197,004	_		810,000		1,909,139	_		-	2,310,300	-	
159,921		-	-		-		-	-		-	-	159,921	
513,351		-	_		_		-	443,648		_	11,353	159,921	
95,482		114	1,810		397		5,887	1,504		4,529	725	24,823	
161,901		- 114	1,010		391		9,747	4,181		6,784	80,563	30,954	
10,170,398		197,798	1,810		810,397	_	1,984,793	449,333	_	11,313	2,409,141	215,698	
11,734,578		812,570	(5,387)		(15,116)	_	404,402	1,398,654	_	759,676	5,370,676	318,953	
61,405,044		1,813,212	16,242		(769,450)		4,579,254	16,784,690		(1,017,902)	9,702,345	(3,248,250)	
\$ 73,139,622		\$ 2,625,782	10,855		(784,566)	\$	\$ 4,983,656	18,183,344	\$	\$ (258,226)	\$15,073,021	(2,929,297)	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS - 2012 ISSUE (COUNTY) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Description	Original Estimated Cost	Amended Budget	Prior Year Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Cumulative Expenditures
COUNTY PROJECTS					
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
Project Administration	\$ -	\$ 670,533	\$ 670,533	\$ -	\$ 670,533
Courthouse/County Building Improvements Total General Government	5,000,000	5,352,960	5,352,960		5,352,960
l otal General Government	5,000,000	6,023,493	6,023,493		6,023,493
JUDICIAL					
Juvenile Justice Center	7,000,000	7,007,366	7,007,366		7,007,366
Total Judicial	7,000,000	7,007,366	7,007,366		7,007,366
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Animal Welfare Center	3,000,000	3,476,954	3,370,414	106,540	3,476,954
Sheriff Vehicles and Equipment	2,500,000	2,465,483	2,465,483	, -	2,465,483
Fire Stations (3)	12,000,000	10,216,748	10,216,748		10,216,748
Total Public Safety	17,500,000	16,159,185	16,052,645	106,540	16,159,185
PUBLIC WORKS INFRASTRUCTURE					
Storm Drainage	7,000,000	3,554,242	3,554,241	-	3,554,241
Street Resurface and Repair	5,000,000	3,747,093	3,696,095	4,610	3,700,705
Total Public Safety	12,000,000	7,301,335	7,250,336	4,610	7,254,946
RECREATION					
Recreation	38,950,000	39,365,486	38,873,304	-	38,873,304
Total Recreation	38,950,000	39,365,486	38,873,304		38,873,304
FOONIGHED DEVELOPMENT					
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Acquisition of Property for BRAC	6,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000		6,000,000
Acquisition of Land and Improvements	5,900,000	5,900,000	5,900,000		5,900,000
Total Economic Development	11,900,000	11,900,000	11,900,000	-	11,900,000
CAPITAL OUTLAY	2 225 470	2 270 467	2 270 467		2 270 467
Leased Equipment Total Capital Outlay	3,325,170 3,325,170	3,378,167 3,378,167	3,378,167 3,378,167		3,378,167 3,378,167
Total Supital Sullay	0,020,170	0,070,107	3,370,107		0,070,107
PREVIOUSLY INCURRED DEBT					
MBUCDA 2002A	7,525,000	7,525,000	7,525,000	-	7,525,000
MBUCDA 2002B	960,000	717,065	717,065	232,170	949,235
MBUCDA 2006 MBUCDA 2009	4,050,000 6,005,000	4,050,000 1,565,000	4,050,000 1,565,000	-	4,050,000 1,565,000
MBUCDA 2009	10,045,000	7,665,000	7,665,000		7,665,000
Interest	2,089,830	4,346,727	4,015,535	189,273	4,204,808
Total Current Debt	30,674,830	25,868,792	25,537,600	421,443	25,959,043
Total County Project Expenditures	126,350,000	117,003,824	116,022,911	532,593	116,555,504
FORMER CITY OF MACON	63,650,000	63,650,000	17,669,759		17,669,759
Total Expanditures of Special Durness Legal					
Total Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds - 2012 Issue	190,000,000	180,653,824	133,692,670	532,593	134,225,263
Option Sales Tax Floceeds - 2012 Issue	190,000,000	160,033,624	133,092,070	332,393	134,223,203
OTHER EXPENDITURES					
Investment Management Fees	-	=	64,956	=	64,956
Series 2012 SPLOST Bonds - Principal	-	-	20,000,000	-	20,000,000
Series 2012 SPLOST Bonds - Interest	-	-	3,230,096	-	3,230,096
Series 2012 SPLOST Bonds - Issuance Costs	-	-	289,025	-	289,025
Total Other Expenditures		<u> </u>	23,584,077		23,584,077

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS - 2012 ISSUE (CITY) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Description	Original Estimated Cost	Amended Budget	Prior Year Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Cumulative Expenditures
CITY OF MACON PROJECTS			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT				_	
Second Street Downtown Corridor	\$ 8,000,000	\$ 7,268,121	\$ 7,245,351	\$ -	\$ 7,245,351
Total Economic Development	8,000,000	7,268,121	7,245,351		7,245,351
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Emergency Communications System	8,000,000	8,100,133	8,100,133		8,100,133
Total Public Safety	8,000,000	8,100,133	8,100,133		8,100,133
PUBLIC WORKS INFRASTRUCTURE					
Storm Water Management and Drainage	7,000,000	5,627,017	5,627,014		5,627,014
Total Public Works Infrastructure	7,000,000	5,627,017	5,627,014	-	5,627,014
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Macon Centreplex	5,000,000	4,949,203	4,949,203	-	4,949,203
Total Culture and Recreation	5,000,000	4,949,203	4,949,203	-	4,949,203
PUBLIC WORKS INFRASTRUCTURE					
Street Resurface and Repair	5,000,000	7,164,136	7,164,135	-	7,164,135
Total Public Works Infrastructure	5,000,000	7,164,136	7,164,135	-	7,164,135
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Fort Hawkins	750,000	750,000	750,000	_	750,000
Rose Hill Cemetery	300,000	300,000	299,999	-	299,999
Bowden Golf Course	600,000	620,909	620,909	-	620,909
Harriett Tubman Museum	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	-	2,500,000
Total Culture and Recreation	4,150,000	4,170,909	4,170,908	-	4,170,908
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Public Safety Vehicles and Equipment	2,500,000	2,390,308	2,390,308	193,296	2,583,604
Total Public Safety	2,500,000	2,390,308	2,390,308	193,296	2,583,604
PUBLIC SAFETY					
GMA Lease Equipment	4,000,000	4,000,000	3,999,999	-	3,999,999
Public Safety and Other Equipment	6,000,000	5,878,172	5,659,584	-	5,659,584
Total Public Safety	10,000,000	9,878,172	9,659,583	-	9,659,583
PREVIOUSLY INCURRED DEBT	14,000,000	11,545,465	11,203,455	321,444	11,524,899
Total Current Debt	14,000,000	11,545,465	11,203,455	321,444	11,524,899
Total City Project Expenditures	63,650,000	61,093,464	60,510,090	514,740	61,024,830
Total Expenditures of Special Purpose Local					
Option Sales Tax Proceeds - 2012 Issue	63,650,000	61,093,464	60,510,090	514,740	61,024,830
OTHER EXPENDITURES					
Investment Management Fees	-	-	25,437	-	25,437
Series 2012 SPLOST Bonds - Principal	-	-	18,000,000	-	18,000,000
Series 2012 SPLOST Bonds - Interest	-	-	2,459,367	-	2,459,367
Series 2012 SPLOST Bonds - Issuance and fees			211,416	=	211,416
Total Other Expenditures	-		20,696,220		20,696,220

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS - 2018 ISSUE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Description	Original Estimated Cost	Amended Budget	Prior Year Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Cumulative Expenditures
JUDICIAL					
Courthouse Improvements and Equipment	\$ 40,000,000	\$ 39,070,668	\$ 656,120	\$ 11,782	\$ 667,902
Total Judicial	40,000,000	39,070,668	656,120	11,782	667,902
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Equipment and Improvements	25,000,000	24,044,330	5,444,877	1,260,171	6,705,048
Total Public Safety	25,000,000	24,044,330	5,444,877	1,260,171	6,705,048
PUBLIC WORKS INFRASTRUCTURE					
Landfill Closure	20,000,000	19,235,554	1,395,390	824,149	2,219,539
Stormwater Improvements	25,000,000	24,644,334	5,961,197	5,989,265	11,950,462
Road Construction and Improvements	35,000,000	36,085,891	9,249,802	1,862,032	11,111,834
Total Public Works Infrastructure	80,000,000	79,965,779	16,606,389	8,675,446	25,281,835
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Cultural Facilities	37,000,000	35,585,398	9,385,914	2,653,419	12,039,333
Recreational Facilities	43,500,000	41,837,573	18,091,368	4,912,480	23,003,848
Total Culture and Recreation	80,500,000	77,422,971	27,477,282	7,565,899	35,043,181
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT					
Blight Remediation	12,000,000	11,541,517	1,561,970	2,168,188	3,730,158
Acquisition of Land and Improvements	29,000,000	28,847,468	5,000,000	2,500,000	7,500,000
Total Public Works Infrastructure	41,000,000	40,388,985	6,561,970	4,668,188	11,230,158
PREVIOUSLY INCURRED DEBT	13,500,000	13,500,000	8,381,070	4,485,346	12,866,416
Total Current Debt	13,500,000	13,500,000	8,381,070	4,485,346	12,866,416
SPLOST INTEREST					
Series 2017 SPLOST Bonds - Interest	-	5,831,267	-	-	
Total Current Debt	-	5,831,267	-	-	
Total Expenditures of Special Purpose Local					
Option Sales Tax Proceeds - 2018 Issue	280,000,000	280,224,000	65,127,708	26,666,832	91,794,540
OTHER EXPENDITURES					
Series 2017 SPLOST Bonds - Principal	-	35.000.000	5.805.000	3.075.000	8.880.000
Series 2017 SPLOST Bonds - Interest	-	5,221,070	4,835,614	1,351,675	6,187,289
Series 2017 SPLOST Bonds - Issuance and fees	-	604,975	604,230		604,230
Total Other Expenditures	-	40,826,045	11,244,844	4,426,675	15,671,519
Total Expenditures	\$ 280.000.000	\$ 321,050,045	\$ 76,372,552	\$ 31,093,507	\$ 107,466,059

Reconciliation to fund level statements:

Total expenditures
Transfer to Debt Service Fund

\$ 31,053,027 40,480 \$ 31,093,507

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the County's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, required supplementary information, and supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	178 – 190
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how	
the County's financial performance and well-being have changed	
over time.	
Revenue Capacity	191 – 197
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's	
most significant local revenue sources.	
Debt Capacity	198 – 206
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of	
The County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to	
issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	207 – 209
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader	
understand the environment within which the County's financial	
activities take place.	
Operating Information	210 and 211
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader	
understand how the information in the County's financial report	
relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the County's financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (TABLE 1)

	2015		2016	2017	
Governmental Activities			,		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 229,739,35	1 \$	240,455,488	\$	254,832,779
Restricted	59,518,72	:3	55,242,942		82,056,773
Unrestricted	(119,388,18	0)	(138,002,802)		(226,896,365)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	169,869,89	4	157,695,628		109,993,187
Business-Type Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	34,182,57	1	34,743,304		35,354,716
Unrestricted	(6,054,99	4)	(7,797,427)		(6,211,292)
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	28,127,57	7	26,945,877		29,143,424
Primary Government					
Net investment in capital assets	263,921,92	2	275,198,792		290,187,495
Restricted	59,518,72	3	55,242,942		82,056,773
Unrestricted	(125,443,17	4)	(145,800,229)		(233,107,657)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 197,997,47	1 \$	184,641,505	\$	139,136,611

NOTES:

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

The FY 2016 and FY 2017 increases in governmental activities net investment in capital assets are largely due to the extensive projects underway funded by the 2012 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("SPLOST").

The FY 2016 decrease in governmental activities restricted net position also reflects activity from the SPLOST County and City funds, with a combined decrease of \$2 million. Other significant decreases in funds restricted for capital outlay included projects funded by the 2013 MBCUDA Fund \$2.7 million and TAD Second Street Corridor \$2 million. These decreases were partially offset by an increase of \$2 million in funds restricted for debt service of the GMA leasepool.

The FY 2016 decrease in business-type activities unrestricted net position is primarily due to losses in the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund. Fee changes initiated in FY 2016 should provide additional revenues in future years.

The FY 2017 increase in governmental restricted net position is primarily due to activity in the SPLOST 2018 Fund. Commissioners approved issuance of \$35 million general obligation sales tax bonds to provide funding for projects prior to collection of the new penny tax to begin in 2018.

The FY 2017 decrease in governmental activities unrestricted net position is largely due to a net increase in net pension liability of \$61 million and an increase in OPEB benefit obligation of \$8.7 million.

The FY 2017 increase in business-type activities net position is primarily due to a decrease in landfill post-closure liability of \$2 million.

The FY 2018 decrease in governmental activities restricted net position is largely due to a decrease in amounts restricted for capital projects due to expenditures in the SPLOST 2018 Fund, with expenditures totaling \$17.7 million.

The FY 2018 decrease in governmental activities unrestricted net position is largely due to the implementation of GASB 75 requiring prior period recognition of \$79 million for net OPEB liability.

The FY 2018 decrease in business-type activities net position is primarily due to an increase in landfill post-closure liability of \$3.5 million.

The FY 2019 decrease in governmental activities restricted net position is largely due to a decrease in amounts restricted for capital projects due to expenditures in the SPLOST 2012 Funds, with expenditures totaling \$11.5 million.

The FY 2019 increase in business-type activities net position is primarily due to an increase in Solid Waste Enterprise Fund of \$1.7 million, with a decrease in landfill post-closure liability of \$2.2 million compared to FY 2018.

For FY 2021, total primary government net position changed less than 1%.

	2018		2019		2020	2021
\$	255,168,651 76,257,948	\$	246,051,285 70,354,940	\$	247,974,382 71,550,352	\$ 228,149,255 81,080,968
_	(297,657,503)		(256,616,907) 59,789,318		(238,850,180) 80,674,554	(237,868,963) 71,361,260
	36,378,755		35,023,305		35,884,703	42,890,156
_	(7,941,569) 28,437,186	_	(4,599,818) 30,423,487	_	(6,405,379) 29,479,324	(4,286,839) 38,603,317
	291,547,406		281,074,590		283,859,085	271,039,411
	76,257,948 (305,599,072)		70,354,940 (261,216,725)		71,550,352 (245,255,559)	81,080,968 (242,155,802)
\$	62,206,282	\$	90,212,805	\$	110,153,878	\$ 109,964,577

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (TABLE 2)

		2015	2016	2017
EXPENSES				
Governmental Activities				
General government	\$	30,290,662	\$ 28,173,095	\$ 35,261,988
Judicial		17,939,814	17,735,112	22,274,374
Public safety		82,165,905	86,814,275	109,749,053
Public works		27,718,103	19,851,117	17,605,752
Housing and development		11,119,647	17,105,837	18,254,975
Health and welfare		6,553,586	8,973,917	9,940,194
Culture and recreation		7,484,518	12,155,930	13,033,320
Interest on long-term debt		4,193,869	3,922,637	4,825,637
Total Governmental Activities	1	187,466,104	194,731,920	230,945,293
Business-type Activities				
Tobesofkee Recreation		1,462,022	1,226,623	1,593,442
Solid Waste		10,979,235	13,475,185	11,249,729
Airport		1,780,602	1,910,706	1,884,643
Coliseum		1,818,188	2,258,386	1,830,691
Mulberry Street Parking Garage		167,369	166,553	179,604
Bowden Golf Course		561,994	611,970	720,558
Total Business-type Activities		16,769,410	19,649,423	17,458,667
Total Primary Government	\$ 2	204,235,514	\$ 214,381,343	\$ 248,403,960
PROGRAM REVENUES				
Governmental Activities				
Charges for services				
General government	\$	7,296,716	\$ 7,341,607	\$ 8,361,216
Judicial		2,421,653	2,468,449	2,510,199
Public safety		7,429,349	7,079,630	7,189,645
Other activities		2,729,242	2,786,994	2,386,687
Operating grants and contributions		4,819,639	4,895,989	8,248,564
Capital grants and contributions		8,537,724	5,440,451	3,698,632
Total Governmental Activities		33,234,323	30,013,120	32,394,943
Business-type Activities				
Charges for services				
Tobesofkee Recreation		675,966	747,247	758,906
Solid Waste		10,346,591	11,426,332	12,614,083
Airport		1,342,899	1,387,065	1,496,416
Coliseum		1,930	-	
Mulberry Street Parking Garage		149,499	140,622	153,991
Bowden Golf Course		319,983	283,949	303,849
Operating grants and contributions		-	572,445	165,534
Total Business-type Activities		12,836,868	 14,557,660	 15,492,779
Total Primary Government		46,071,191	\$ 44,570,780	\$ 47,887,722

	2018		2019		2020		2021		
\$	28,854,100	\$	37,246,486	\$	46,001,471	\$	45,620,684		
	20,254,786		22,356,437		25,790,404		24,909,844		
	90,520,341		85,534,257		86,548,435		84,141,693		
	19,088,846		16,420,729		18,465,317		51,119,379		
	13,790,513		15,571,144		12,541,149		26,776,098		
	9,311,368		8,009,846		7,928,696		8,957,912		
	14,767,434		13,154,076		14,586,119		11,581,834		
	4,386,818		4,392,917		4,495,129		4,804,847		
	200,974,206		202,685,892		216,356,720		257,912,291		
	1,536,576		1,402,581		1,610,685		1,644,955		
	17,434,748		12,136,159		14,920,490		11,810,152		
	1,997,072		1,934,129		1,800,262		1,944,078		
	1,708,007		1,358,371		1,743,025		1,829,234		
	156,163		87,917		· · · -		-		
	727,643		909,272		875,510		705,509		
	23,560,209		17,828,429		20,949,972		17,933,928		
\$	224,534,415	\$	220,514,321	\$	237,306,692	\$	275,846,219		
\$	8,512,227	\$	7,524,189	\$	8,070,077	\$	8,454,410		
	2,363,504		2,407,507	·	2,153,293	·	2,327,094		
	8,490,549		7,070,288		14,279,411		7,161,699		
	2,344,343		2,462,679		2,257,644		2,289,243		
	13,254,664		14,743,814		14,154,216		24,812,153		
	964,893		4,811,451		4,761,162		7,312,899		
_	35,930,180		39,019,928		45,675,803		52,357,498		
	776,607		715,305		676,654		794,269		
	13,325,284		14,815,565		13,213,538		14,794,371		
	1,448,812		734,193		738,634		1,004,555		
	<u>-</u>		102,742		201,147		201,800		
	135,828		-		-		-		
	235,013		240,360		289,144		444,522		
	2,175,791		572,593		45 440 447		47.000.545		
_	18,097,335	Φ.	17,180,758	Φ.	15,119,117	_	17,239,517		
\$	54,027,515	\$	56,200,686	\$	60,794,920	\$	69,597,015		

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (TABLE 2)

	2015	2016	2017
NET PROGRAM (EXPENSE)/REVENUE			
Governmental Activities	\$ (154,231,781)	\$ (164,718,800)	\$ (198,550,350)
Business-type Activities	(3,932,542)	(5,091,763)	(1,965,888)
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (158,164,323)	\$ (169,810,563)	\$ (200,516,238)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER			
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS			
Governmental Activities			
Taxes:			
Property taxes	\$ 72,581,356	\$ 64,982,880	\$ 64,562,099
Sales taxes	59,498,490	58,947,467	57,766,448
Other taxes	29,506,623	31,152,134	31,325,754
Investment earnings	-	1,247,563	1,221,953
Other revenues	40,315	121,029	128,424
Transfers	(4,234,838)	(3,906,539)	(4,156,769)
Total Governmental Activities	157,391,946	152,544,534	150,847,909
Business-type Activities			
Investment earnings	2,312	3,524	6,666
Transfers	4,234,838	3,906,539	4,156,769
Total Business-type Activities	4,237,150	3,910,063	4,163,435
Total Primary Government	\$ 161,629,096	\$ 156,454,597	\$ 155,011,344
CHANGE IN NET POSITION			
Governmental Activities	\$ 3,160,165	\$ (12,174,266)	\$ (47,702,441)
Business-type Activities	304,608	(1,181,700)	2,197,547
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,464,773	\$ (13,355,966)	\$ (45,504,894)

NOTES:

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

The increase in Housing and Development expenses in FY 2016 was partially due to a project coordinated with Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority representing \$5.1 million.

The FY 2016 increase in Solid Waste expenses is primarily due to adding the prior City of Macon incorporated area collection to an external contractor.

The FY 2016 decrease in capital grants was primarily due to the completion of a large Department of Transportation Grant, which reported \$4.4 million in FY 2015 and final revenue of \$368,300 in FY 2016.

The FY 2016 decrease in property tax was due to the elimination of the millage on the prior City of Macon Tax District. The District was taxed 9.7 mills in FY 2014, 4.85 in FY 2015, and eliminated completely in FY 2016.

The FY 2017 increased obligations for pension and post-employment benefit obligations caused increases in all Governmental Activities functions, excluding interest on long-term debt.

The FY 2017 decrease in business-type activities expenses was primarily due to a decrease in landfill post-closure liability of \$2 million.

The FY 2018 increase in business-type activities expenses was primarily due to an increase in landfill post-closure liability of \$3.5 million.

2021	 2020	2019	2018	
(205,554,793) (694,411) (206,249,204)	\$ (170,680,917) (5,830,855) (176,511,772)	\$ (163,665,964) (647,671) (164,313,635)	\$ (165,044,026) (5,462,874) (170,506,900)	\$
97,921,816 70,565,046 36,373,780 1,048,405 95,759 (9,763,307) 196,241,499	\$ 92,185,293 67,387,189 34,729,183 1,862,529 199,411 (4,797,452) 191,566,153	\$ 90,761,087 65,692,444 33,719,192 1,878,741 172,113 (2,537,391) 189,686,186	\$ 77,683,519 62,032,480 31,813,177 1,267,461 72,202 (4,728,825) 168,140,014	\$
55,097 9,763,307 9,818,404 206,059,903	\$ 89,240 4,797,452 4,886,692 196,452,845	\$ 96,581 2,537,391 2,633,972 192,320,158	\$ 27,811 4,728,825 4,756,636 172,896,650	\$
(9,313,294) 9,123,993 (189,301)	\$ 20,885,236 (944,163) 19,941,073	\$ 26,020,222 1,986,301 28,006,523	\$ 3,095,988 (706,238) 2,389,750	\$

The FY 2018 increase in governmental activities operating grants was primarily due to an Alternate Essential Air Service Program grant received with FY 2018 revenues totaling \$4 million.

The FY 2018 increase in business-type activities operating grants was primarily due to reimbursements from the Federal Emergency Management Agency for debris monitoring and removal incurred during Hurricane Irma.

The increase in property tax in FY 2018 was due to a 3 mill increase, raising the millage from 14.652 to 17.652.

The FY 2019 increase in general government expenses was primarily due to \$4 million contribution to OPEB Trust Fund.

The FY 2019 decrease in business-type activities expenses was primarily due to a decrease in landfill post-closure liability of \$2.3 million.

The FY 2019 increase in governmental activities capital grants and contributions was primarily due to federal transportation funds received for infrastructure improvements.

The increase in property tax in FY 2019 was due to a 3 mill increase, raising the millage from 17.652 to 20.652.

The FY 2020 increase in public safety charges for services was primarily due to \$7.9 million revenues collected in the DA Rico Fund.

The FY 2021 increase in transfers was primarily due to pre-funding of debt service.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (TABLE 3)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Property Tax	\$ 72,581,356	\$ 64,982,880	\$ 64,562,099	\$ 77,683,519	\$ 90,761,087	\$ 92,185,293	\$ 97,921,816
Sales Tax	59,498,490	58,947,467	57,766,448	62,032,480	65,692,444	66,176,091	70,565,046
Franchise Tax	11,513,962	12,203,273	11,783,849	11,590,866	12,104,934	12,392,381	12,204,838
Insurance Premium Tax	8,083,743	8,960,555	9,706,147	10,335,611	11,167,389	11,861,414	12,511,162
Hotel/Motel Tax	3,476,773	3,710,022	3,977,945	4,203,930	4,549,461	4,126,648	4,171,722
Alcoholic Beverage Tax	2,471,363	2,491,447	2,551,557	2,476,942	2,448,088	2,645,965	2,571,895
Intangible Tax	798,925	881,455	764,353	780,664	778,561	1,120,598	1,386,737
Other Taxes	3,161,857	2,905,382	2,541,903	2,425,164	2,670,759	2,582,177	4,726,687
Total Taxes	\$ 161,586,469	\$ 155,082,481	\$ 153,654,301	\$ 171,529,176	\$ 190,172,723	\$ 193,090,567	\$ 206,059,903

NOTES:

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

The decrease in property tax in FY 2016 was due to the elimination of the millage on the prior City of Macon Tax District. The District was taxed 9.7 mills in FY 2014, 4.85 in FY 2015, and eliminated completely in FY 2016.

The increase in property tax in FY 2018 was due to a 3 mill increase, raising the millage from 14.652 to 17.652.

The increase in property tax in FY 2019 was due to a 3 mill increase, raising the millage from 17.652 to 20.652.

The increase in property tax in FY 2021 was due to a tax increase since Macon-Bibb County did not adopt the rollback rate and the millage remained at 20.331.

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (TABLE 4)

	2015	2016	2017
General Fund:	\$ 256.576	\$ 354.583	\$ 475,679
Non-spendable Assigned	23,400,166	ъ 354,563 19,072,132	6,778,548
Unassigned	4,303,352	322.006	509,279
Total General Fund	27,960,094	19,748,721	7,763,506
All Other Governmental Funds			
Non-spendable, reported in:			
Special revenue funds	-	6,897	7,085
Capital projects funds	-	-	-
Restricted, reported in:			
Special revenue funds	6,167,496	7,082,488	7,682,405
Debt service funds	6,259,001	8,316,257	9,737,218
Capital projects funds	47,092,226	39,844,197	64,637,150
Committed, reported in:			
Special revenue funds	496,137	727,126	1,109,163
Assigned, reported in:			
Capital projects funds	1,334,423	178,790	175,337
Unassigned, reported in:			
Special revenue funds	(68,362)	(4,011)	(7,259)
Capital projects funds	(321,276)		
Total All Other Governmental Funds	60,959,645	56,151,744	83,341,099
Total Governmental Funds			
Non-spendable	256,576	361,480	482,764
Restricted	59,518,723	55,242,942	82,056,773
Committed	496,137	727,126	1,109,163
Assigned	24,734,589	19,250,922	6,953,885
Unassigned	3,913,714	317,995	502,020
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 88,919,739	\$ 75,900,465	\$ 91,104,605

NOTES:

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

The FY 2016 decrease in assigned and unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was the result of the FY 2016 decrease in fund balance totaling \$8.2 million.

The FY 2016 increase in restricted for debt service was the result of an increase in the Debt Service Fund of \$2.1 million, primarily due to GMA leasepool activity.

The FY 2016 decrease in restricted capital projects funds was due to ongoing project activity. The significant decreases included SPLOST 2012 Funds combined decrease of \$1.9 million, 2013 MBCUDA Fund \$2.7 million, TAD Second Street \$2 million.

The FY 2016 decrease in assigned fund balance of the General Fund was primarily the result of a decrease in funds assigned for working capital of \$12 million.

The FY 2017 increase in restricted for capital projects was primarily due to the issuance of \$35 million general obligation sales tax bonds in the SPLOST 2018 Fund.

The FY 2018 increase in non-spendable fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund was due to the sale of property in FY 2018 that included a long-term note receivable of \$900,000.

2018		2019	2020		 2021
\$	102,318 5,357,746	\$ 334,709 6,696,857	\$	359,296 7,686,267	\$ 326,652 7,650,398
	5,460,064	 11,991,062 19,022,628		25,113,098 33,158,661	 36,771,234 44,748,284
	-,,				, ,,,,
	4,011 900,000	5,986 -		5,152 -	5,257 -
	8,643,377 11,529,582 56,084,989	8,615,093 12,206,485 49,533,361		14,305,109 12,208,075 45,037,168	12,065,873 21,210,668 47,804,427
	1,630,990	2,156,959		2,550,566	3,622,352
	84,947	2,108,354		3,181,368	11,386,337
	(4,186) (200,221)	(61,529) (150,751)		(1,656) (87,193)	(2,825,002) (87,193)
	78,673,489	74,413,958		77,198,589	93,182,719
	1,006,329 76,257,948 1,630,990 5,442,693	340,695 70,354,940 2,156,959 8,805,211		364,448 71,550,352 2,550,566 10,867,635	331,909 81,080,968 3,622,352 19,036,735
\$	(204,407) 84,133,553	\$ 11,778,782 93,436,587	\$	25,024,249 110,357,250	\$ 33,859,039 137,931,003

The FY 2018 increase in restricted for debt service was the result of an increase in the Debt Service Fund of \$1.8 million, primarily due to GMA leasepool activity.

The FY 2018 decrease in restricted capital projects funds was due to ongoing project activity. The significant decreases included SPLOST 2018 Fund decrease of \$11.2 million and 2015 MBCUDA Fund \$3.7 million.

The FY 2019 increase in unassigned in General Fund was due to an FY 2019 increase in fund balance of \$13.5 million.

The FY 2019 decrease in restricted capital projects funds was due to ongoing project activity. The significant decreases included SPLOST 2012 County \$6 million and SPLOST 2012 City \$5.4 million.

The FY 2020 increase in restricted Special Revenue Funds was primarily due to an increase of \$4.6 million in the DA RICO Fund.

The FY 2021 increase in unassigned in General Fund was due to an FY 2021 increase in fund balance of \$11 million.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (TABLE 5)

	2015		2016	2017
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 161,536,844	\$	155,326,001	\$ 153,513,588
Licenses and permits	3,396,582		3,899,670	3,847,875
Intergovernmental	11,773,221		10,758,048	11,651,010
Charges for services	10,065,709		10,239,724	10,138,181
Fines	3,612,550		3,304,000	3,436,030
Investment earnings	1,096,101		1,328,652	1,306,940
Rentals	2,432,603		2,075,171	2,179,712
Other Revenues	986,160		936,279	2,436,636
Total Revenues	194,899,770		187,867,545	 188,509,972
EXPENDITURES				
General government	27,062,314		28,019,278	27,415,672
Judicial	17,936,060		18,266,302	19,195,708
Public safety	77,107,765		73,451,368	75,803,421
Public works	8,657,232		6,010,551	6,806,070
Housing and development	7,534,483		8,946,654	8,258,620
Health and welfare	8,940,605		9,013,169	9,844,635
Culture and recreation	10,799,500		9,858,326	9,863,094
Capital outlay	32,873,837		35,741,477	39,159,836
Debt service principal	14,789,766		10,031,056	27,740,766
Debt service interest and fees	3,618,095		4,263,064	4,224,742
Debt service issuance costs	857,710		196,975	1,067,285
Total Expenditures	210,177,367		203,798,220	229,379,849
Deficiency of Revenues				
Under Expenditures	 (15,277,597)		(15,930,675)	 (40,869,877)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	6,492,004		4,723,884	4,773,033
Transfers out	(8,530,051)		(7,481,105)	(7,998,429)
Payments to escrow agent	(12,322,814)		-	(3,234,200)
Issuance of bonds and leases	29,980,000		5,280,431	53,250,000
Premium on bonds	438,537		-	9,019,819
Discount on bonds	(29,827)		-	-
Insurance recoveries	40,315		121,029	128,424
Sale of capital assets	168,045	_	267,162	135,370
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	16,236,209		2,911,401	56,074,017
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 958,612	\$	(13,019,274)	\$ 15,204,140

2021		2020	2019)18	
206,266,279	\$	\$ 193,193,698	\$ 189,613,372	,354,362	\$
4,650,364	•	4,404,966	3,785,696	,401,263	•
27,904,124		18,880,832	17,617,689	,410,451	
10,758,636		9,824,207	10,544,542	,971,313	
2,360,715		10,169,438	2,698,307	,798,681	
1,018,025		2,293,788	2,683,563	,892,091	
2,148,030		2,147,759	2,145,475	,228,397	
1,625,982		713,973	1,152,705	966,202	
256,732,155		241,628,661	230,241,349	,022,760	
			200,2 : :,0 :0		
46,207,125		41,115,848	37,056,369	,737,005	
24,606,224		22,750,876	21,001,792	,251,579	
79,458,021		78,308,275	80,835,496	,678,826	
5,426,930		6,330,646	8,344,144	,973,923	
6,925,501		7,140,245	9,268,127	,675,170	
8,957,912		7,938,045	7,914,287	,215,809	
10,067,318		9,459,734	9,706,065	,964,278	
65,341,281		41,479,036	30,088,974	,583,737	
8,341,057		7,756,770	23,404,207	,539,846	
4,998,879		4,866,849	5,231,954	,468,503	
486,315		391,000	245,341	141,028	
260,816,563		227,537,324	233,096,756	,229,704	
(4,084,408)		14,091,337	(2,855,407)	,206,944)	
24,246,530		3,263,631	3,989,217	,990,600	
(26,631,605)		(6,576,425)	(6,590,716)	,046,481)	
(20,001,000)		(0,070,420)	(0,030,710)	,o-+o,+o1 <i>)</i> -	
33,880,449		5,638,547	13,904,813	,794,445	
-		-	-	-	
95,759		143,293	172,113	72,202	
67,028		360,280	683,014	,425,126	
31,658,161		2,829,326	12,158,441	,235,892	
27,573,753	\$	\$ 16,920,663	\$ 9,303,034	,971,052)	\$

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (TABLE 5)

	2015	2016	2017
Debt Service as a Percentage			
of Non-capital Expenditures	10.05%	7.91%	16.09%

NOTES:

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

The FY 2016 decrease in property tax in FY 2016 was due to the elimination of the millage on the prior City of Macon Tax District. The District was taxed 9.7 mills in FY 2014, 4.85 in FY 2015, and eliminated completely in FY 2016.

FY 2015 included the issuance of \$29,980,000 bonds to partially advance refund to certain series of 2007 and 2013 MBCUDA bonds and provide \$14 million for projects. FY 2016 included the issuance of \$5.3 million in MBCUDA bonds for development projects.

Several departments had decreases in personnel and benefits in FY 2016 due to the retirement incentive program initiated in FY 2015. Public safety expenditures in General Fund decreased \$3.7 million, with approximately \$2.8 million due to salary and benefit decreases.

Debt service principal decreased in FY 2016, primarily due to the advance refunding of certain series of 2007 and 2013 MBCUDA bonds with proceeds from 2015 MBCUDA bonds.

Debt service principal increased in FY 2017, primarily due to the refunding of certain series of debt including MBCUDA 2002A, 2009, and 2013A.

FY 2017 included the issuance of \$35 million general obligation sales tax bonds and \$18.25 million in refunding bonds, which resulted in increases in issuance costs and other financing sources.

Payments to escrow agent increased in FY 2017 with the advance refunding of MBCUDA Series 2002B (prior City of Macon) debt and MBCUDA Series 2002B (prior Bibb County) debt.

The FY 2018 increase in taxes was primarily the result of a 3 mill increase, raising the millage from 14.652 to 17.652.

The FY 2019 increase in taxes was primarily the result of a 3 mill increase, raising the millage from 17.652 to 20.652.

The FY 2019 increase in general government expenditures was primarily the result of a \$4 million contribution to OPEB Trust Fund.

The FY 2019 increase in debt service principal was primarily the result of refunding MBCUDA 2007 Hotel bonds of \$7.8 million.

The FY 2020 increase infine revenue was primarily due to forfeitures recognized in the DA RICO Fund, with FY 2020 fine revenues totaling \$7.9 million.

The FY 21 decrease in fine revenue was primarily due to forfeitures recognized in the DA RICO Fund in FY 20 of \$7.9 million.

					•
_	2018	2019	2020	2021	
	_				
	9.12%	13.54%	6.27%	5.72%	

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (TABLE 6)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Property Tax	\$ 72,531,731	\$ 65,226,400	\$ 64,421,386	\$ 77,508,705	\$ 90,201,736	\$ 92,288,424	\$ 98,116,355
Sales Tax	59,498,490	58,947,467	57,766,448	62,032,480	65,692,444	66,176,091	71,776,144
Hotel/Motel Tax	3,476,773	3,710,022	3,977,945	4,203,930	4,549,461	4,126,648	4,171,722
Alcoholic Beverage Tax	2,471,363	2,491,447	2,551,557	2,476,942	2,448,088	2,645,965	2,571,895
Intangible Tax	798,925	881,455	764,353	780,664	778,561	1,120,598	1,386,737
Real Estate Transfer Tax	226,800	242,711	247,479	210,985	253,411	384,613	410,416
Franchise Taxes	11,513,962	12,203,273	11,783,849	11,590,866	12,104,934	12,392,381	12,204,838
Financial gross receipts tax	434,314	412,110	388,439	366,832	349,538	226,984	243,446
Payment in lieu of taxes	441,241	364,457	497,671	406,302	325,557	356,219	314,049
Insurance Premium Tax	8,083,743	8,960,555	9,706,147	10,335,611	11,167,389	11,861,414	12,511,162
Interest and penalties	2,059,502	1,886,104	1,408,314	1,441,045	1,742,253	1,614,361	2,559,515
Total Taxes	\$ 161,536,844	\$ 155,326,001	\$ 153,513,588	\$ 171,354,362	\$ 189,613,372	\$ 193,193,698	\$ 206,266,279

NOTES:

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

The decrease in property tax in FY 2016 was due to the elimination of the millage on the prior City of Macon Tax District. The District was taxed 9.7 mills in FY 2014, 4.85 in FY 2015, and eliminated completely in FY 2016.

The increase in property tax in FY 2018 was due to a 3 mill increase, raising the millage from 14.652 to 17.652.

The increase in property tax in FY 2019 was due to a 3 mill increase, raising the millage from 17.652 to 20.652.

The increase in property tax in FY 2021 was due to a tax increase since Macon-Bibb County did not adopt the rollback rate and the millage remained at 20.331. There was also a significant increase in sales tax proceeds between FY 2020 and FY 2021.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (TABLE 7)

	2	015		2016	2017
Assessed Value					
Residential Property	\$ 2,0	96,647,260	\$	2,034,777,589	\$ 2,023,324,452
Commercial Property	1,4	55,905,068		1,475,420,757	1,514,467,545
Industrial Property	3	60,473,200		385,341,214	401,927,651
Other Real/Personal Property					
Historical		9,412,483		14,577,374	17,305,299
Agricultural		64,396,178		64,134,589	63,169,203
Preferential		49,776		49,776	49,776
Conservation Use		24,990,800		25,488,194	25,903,826
Forest Land Conservation Use		2,141,157		2,141,157	2,276,199
Motor Vehicle Property	3	01,551,920		210,348,700	158,458,740
Utility	1	45,053,995		149,150,102	155,467,852
Heavy Equipment		32,769		54,393	114,445
Mobile Home		7,048,057		6,781,313	6,227,174
Timber		115,580		441,200	 467,495
Total Property	4,4	67,818,243	'	4,368,706,358	4,369,159,657
Less Exemptions	3	62,673,941		368,931,436	372,127,060
Total Taxable Property					
Assessed Value	\$ 4,1	05,144,302	\$	3,999,774,922	\$ 3,997,032,597
Actual Value	\$ 11,1	69,372,238	\$	10,921,104,095	\$ 10,922,197,900
Total Direct Tax Rate		16.7940		14.6520	14.6520

SOURCE:

Macon-Bibb County Tax Commissioner's Office Georgia Department of Revenue

NOTES

Macon-Bibb County was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represent the first seven full fiscal years of the new government.

The County assesses property at the rate of 40% of estimated actual value, with the exception of timber, which is assessed at 100%.

Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 2,008,937,892 1,572,253,004 457,218,675	\$ 2,052,275,035 1,575,404,654 490,851,289	\$ 2,111,918,848 1,633,384,021 462,204,663	\$ 2,190,756,035 1,685,305,856 508,137,673
23,058,638 63,591,907 49,776 26,243,711 2,276,199	25,105,227 63,370,258 49,776 26,699,214 2,499,509	27,597,602 64,940,429 49,776 26,968,407 2,528,462	30,203,158 66,321,258 49,776 27,658,592 2,528,462
118,018,850 158,275,575 150,857 5,894,454 374,813	89,764,110 155,733,546 90,253 5,944,817 357,591	71,441,620 160,937,358 98,862 6,322,586 376,757	56,296,310 168,537,403 101,144 7,726,568 925,714
4,436,344,351 396,142,076	4,488,145,279 413,598,742	4,568,769,391	4,744,547,949 460,825,293
\$ 4,040,202,275	\$ 4,074,546,537	\$ 4,155,026,603	\$ 4,283,722,656
\$ 11,090,298,658	\$ 11,219,826,811	\$ 11,421,358,342	\$ 11,859,981,302
17.6520	20.6520	20.3310	20.3310

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (TABLE 8)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Macon-Bibb County Direct Rates							
General	16.7940	14.6520	14.6520	17.6520	20.6520	20.3310	20.3310
Total Direct Rate	16.7940	14.6520	14.6520	17.6520	20.6520	20.3310	20.3310
Bibb County School District	17.9450	17.9450	19.9450	19.8140	19.3140	18.8140	18.4930
Total Direct and Overlapping Rates	34.7390	32.5970_	34.5970	37.4660	39.9660	39.1450	38.8240

SOURCE:

Macon-Bibb County Tax Commissioner's Office.

NOTES:

Macon-Bibb County was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represent the first seven full fiscal years of the new government.

Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

The Direct Rate is calculated differently than the separate, individual tax rates. The individual millage rates for Macon-Bibb County are as follows:

Macon-Bibb County Millage Rates

General	14.6520	14.6520	14.6520	17.6520	20.6520	20.3310	20.3310
Macon City District	4.8500	<u> </u>					
Total Millage Rate	19.5020	14.6520	14.6520	17.6520	20.6520	20.3310	20.3310

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND FISCAL YEAR 2015 (TABLE 9)

	Fisca	al Year 20	21	Fiscal Year 2015					
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		
Georgia Power Company	\$ 100,468,025	1	2.35%	\$	61,974,413	1	1.51%		
Graphic Packaging International, Inc.	76,229,171	2	1.78%		60,598,573	2	1.48%		
YKK (USA), Inc.	43,617,339	3	1.02%		34,076,991	4	0.83%		
Coliseum Medical Centers	39,561,451	4	0.92%		44,325,040	3	1.08%		
Shoppes at River Crossing LLC	31,048,433	5	0.72%		23,489,250	6	0.57%		
Armstrong World Industries, Inc.	28,322,386	6	0.66%		18,383,728	9	0.45%		
Norfolk Southern Combined Railroad	24,096,601	7	0.56%		24,476,886	5	0.60%		
Bellsouth (AT&T) Telecommunications	23,715,029	8	0.55%		18,512,323	8	0.45%		
Walmart	20,240,715	9	0.47%		21,997,917	7	0.54%		
Atlanta Gas Light Co	19,756,864	10	0.46%		-		0.00%		
Verizon Wireless East LP	 		0.00%		16,874,097	10	0.41%		
Total	\$ 407,056,014		9.50%	\$	324,709,218		7.92%		

SOURCE:

Macon-Bibb County Tax Commissioner's Office

NOTES

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (TABLE 10)

	2015	2016	2017
Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year			
Original Levy	\$ 68,941,928	\$ 58,606,893	\$ 58,566,864
Adjustments	826,320	899,536	948,749
Total Adjusted Levy	\$ 69,768,248	\$ 59,506,429	\$ 59,515,613
Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy			
Amount	\$ 64,923,290	\$ 56,228,082	\$ 56,529,410
Percentage of Original Levy	94.17%	95.94%	96.52%
Percentage of Adjusted Levy	93.06%	94.49%	94.98%
Collections in Subsequent Years	\$ 2,327,576	\$ 1,947,767	\$ 1,634,810
Total Collections to Date			
Amount	\$ 67,250,866	\$ 58,175,849	\$ 58,164,220
Percentage of Adjusted Levy	96.39%	97.76%	97.73%

SOURCE:

Macon-Bibb County Tax Commissioner's Office

NOTES:

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

The information presented in this schedule relates to the County's property tax levies, and does not include those it collects on behalf of other governments.

2021	 2020	2019	 2018	
\$ 87,095,980 807,045	\$ \$ 84,475,846 422,841	84,150,895 435,868	\$ 71,320,433 639,573	\$
\$ 87,903,025	\$ \$ 84,898,687	84,586,763	\$ 71,960,006	\$
\$ 84,354,296 96.85%	\$ \$ 80,959,163 95.84%	80,800,158 96.02%	\$ 68,552,065 96.12%	\$
95.96%	95.36%	95.52%	95.26%	
\$ -	\$ \$ 1,750,685	1,785,224	\$ 1,798,668	\$
\$ 84,354,296 95.96%	\$ \$ 82,709,848 97.42%	82,585,382 97.63%	\$ 70,350,733 97.76%	\$

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (TABLE 11)

		2015	2016		2017
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds:					
Bonds	\$	33,650,000	\$	26,315,000	\$ 53,805,000
Premium/(Discount)		1,341,107		886,832	6,268,081
Revenue Bonds:					
Bonds		66,345,000		69,690,431	65,097,763
Premium/(Discount)		559,373		510,354	3,634,624
Certificates of Participation		13,452,000		13,452,000	13,452,000
Capital Leases		2,064,696		1,288,918	763,700
Note Payable - Due to component unit		_		_	1,432,251
Total		117,412,176	_	112,143,535	 144,453,419
Business-Type Activities					
Revenue Bonds:		1,850,000		1,265,000	645,000
Discount		(8,353)		(5,315)	(2,277)
Capital Leases		603,501		830,282	564,035
Notes Payable		111,002			
Total		2,556,150		2,089,967	1,206,758
Total Primary Government	\$	119,968,326	\$	114,233,502	\$ 145,660,177
Personal Income (in thousands)	\$	5,690,229	\$	5,899,611	\$ 6,008,761
Percentage of Personal Income		2.11%		1.94%	2.42%
Population		153,918		153,721	152,760
Per Capita		779		743	954

SOURCE:

Bureau of Economic Analysis for Population, Personal Income and Per Capita Personal income

NOTES:

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

Details regarding Macon-Bibb County's debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

The FY 2017 increase in general obligation bonds reflects the issuance of \$35 million in general obligation sales tax bonds.

The increase in Revenue Bonds is due to the increase in the outstanding balances of 2020 Urban Development Authority Taxable Revenue Bonds related to the City Hall Annex Hotel.

2018	 2019	2020	2021
\$ 46,049,278	\$ 36,810,000	\$ 33,605,000	\$ 30,250,000
5,348,454	4,612,285	4,029,681	3,447,077
65,085,910	65,233,573	66,884,848	96,030,244
3,388,443	3,136,947	2,886,827	2,633,954
13,452,000	13,452,000	13,452,000	
	, ,	, ,	13,452,000
913,944	652,865	243,184	144,181
 1,288,954	 1,142,254	 990,669	 835,437
 135,526,983	 125,039,924	 122,092,209	 146,792,893
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
462,128	393,291	322,281	-
 	 	 -	
 462,128	 393,291	 322,281	 -
\$ 135,989,111	\$ 125,433,215	\$ 122,414,490	\$ 146,792,893
\$ 6,119,162	\$ 6,385,462	\$ 6,539,253	\$ 6,847,238
2.22%	1.96%	1.87%	2.14%
152,862	153,095	153,159	153,200
890	819	799	958

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (TABLE 12)

	 2015	2016	2017
General Obligation Bonds:			
Bonds	\$ 33,650,000	\$ 26,315,000	\$ 53,805,000
Premium/(Discount)	1,341,107	886,832	6,268,081
Less Amounts Available in Capital Projects Funds			
Restricted for principal payments	 (7,836,875)	(7,919,547)	 (9,692,909)
Total	\$ 27,154,232	\$ 19,282,285	\$ 50,380,172
Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable			
Value of Property	0.24%	0.18%	0.46%
Per Capita	176	125	329

NOTES:

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

Details regarding Macon-Bibb County's debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 46,049,277 5,348,453	36,810,000 4,612,285	33,605,000 4,029,681	30,250,000 3,447,075
 (11,862,528)	 (4,065,753)	(4,131,447)	 (4,215,258)
\$ 39,535,202	\$ 37,356,532	\$ 33,503,234	\$ 25,351,817
0.36%	0.33%	0.25%	0.25%
259	244	190	192

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2020 (TABLE 13)

	_	Debt standing	Estimated Percentage Applicable		Estimated Share of Direct and rlapping Debt
General Obligation Debt	0/	2 400 000	4000/		00 400 000
Series 2017 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Bonds		6,120,000	100%		26,120,000
Series 2017 SPLOST Unamortized premium		3,447,075	100%		3,447,075
Series 2014 Tax Allocation District Bonds Second Street		4,130,000	100%	Ф.	4,130,000
Total Direct General Obligation Debt	\$ 33	3,697,075	100%	\$	33,697,075
Contractual Obligation Debt					
Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority Revenue Bonds					
Series 2015 Revenue Refunding Bass Pro & Sofkee Park	\$	7,075,000	100%		7,075,000
Series 2015 Revenue Refunding unamortized premium		245,975	100%		245,975
Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Revenue Bonds					
Series 2007 Hotel Project		1,360,000	100%		1,360,000
Series 2010 Revenue Refunding		12,756	100%		12,756
Series 2010 Revenue Refunding unamortized premium		690,000	100%		690,000
Series 2013B Public Projects		6,030	100%		6,030
Series 2013B Public Projects unamortized premium	1.	1,510,000	100%		11,510,000
Series 2015A Revenue Bonds	(3,015,000	100%		6,015,000
Series 2015B Revenue Bonds	;	3,246,278	100%		3,246,278
Series 2016A Revenue Bonds		1,803,901	100%		1,803,901
Series 2016C Revenue Bonds	14	4,965,000	100%		14,965,000
Series 2017A Revenue Refunding Bonds	2	2,363,441	100%		2,363,441
Series 2017A Revenue Refunding Bonds unamortized premium		190,000	100%		190,000
Series 2017B Revenue Refunding Bonds		8,506	100%		8,506
Series 2017B Revenue Refunding Bonds unamortized premium	;	3,500,000	100%		3,500,000
Series 2019 Revenue Bonds	-	7,651,979	100%		7,651,979
Series 2019 Refunding Revenue Bond		9,254,575	100%		19,254,575
Series 2020 Revenue Bond	13	3,872,625	100%		13,872,625
Certificates of Participation	13	3,452,000	100%		13,452,000
Capital Lease		147,919	100%		147,919
MBCUDA Promissory Note		834,552	100%		834,552
Total Direct Contractual Obligation Debt	108	3,205,537	100%		108,205,537
Total Direct Debt	14	1,902,612	100%		141,902,612
Overlapping Debt		798,221	100%		798,221
Macon-Bibb School District Contractual Obligation Debt Total Overlapping Debt		798,221	100%		798,221
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 142	2,700,833	100%	\$	142,700,833

SOURCES:

Macon-Bibb County Finance Department

Macon-Bibb School District information provided by Macon-Bibb County School District.

NOTES:

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the County. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Macon-Bibb County. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (TABLE 14)

	20)15	2016	 2017
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN				
Debt limit	\$ 446	6,781,824 \$	\$ 436,870,636	\$ 436,915,966
Total net debt applicable	25	5,813,125	18,395,453	44,112,091
Legal debt margin	\$ 420	0,968,699	\$ 418,475,183	\$ 392,803,875
Total net debt applicable to the limit				
as a percentage of debt limit		5.78%	4.21%	10.10%
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN CALCULATION				
Assessed value	\$ 4,105	5,144,302 \$	\$ 3,999,774,922	\$ 3,997,032,597
Add back: Exempt property	362	2,673,941	368,931,436	372,127,060
Total assessed value	4,467	7,818,243	4,368,706,358	4,369,159,657
Debt limit:				
(10% of total assessed value)	446	6,781,824	436,870,636	436,915,966
Debt applicable to limit:				
General obligation bonds	30	0,350,000	23,015,000	50,505,000
Tax allocation bonds	3	3,300,000	3,300,000	3,300,000
Less amount set aside for				
repayment of general				
obligation debt		7,836,875)	(7,919,547)	(9,692,909)
Total net debt applicable to limit	25	5,813,125	18,395,453	 44,112,091
Legal debt margin	\$ 420	0,968,699 \$	\$ 418,475,183	\$ 392,803,875

NOTES:

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

Under State of Georgia law, the government's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10% of total assessed property value.

The legal debt margin is the difference between the debt limit and the government's net general obligation debt outstanding applicable to the limit, and represents the government's legal borrowing authority.

 2018	 2019		2020	 2021
\$ 443,634,435	\$ 448,814,528	\$	456,876,939	\$ 474,454,795
\$ 34,186,749 409,447,686	\$ 32,744,247 416,070,281	\$	29,473,553 427,403,386	\$ 26,034,742 448,420,053
7.71%	7.30%		6.45%	5.49%
\$ 4,040,202,275 396,142,076	\$ 4,074,546,537 413,598,742	\$	4,155,026,603 413,742,788	\$ 4,283,722,656 460,825,293
 4,436,344,351	4,488,145,279	_	4,568,769,391	 4,744,547,949
443,634,435	448,814,528		456,876,939	474,454,795
42,875,000 3,174,277	32,125,000 4,685,000		29,195,000 4,410,000	26,120,000 4,130,000
(11,862,528) 34,186,749	(4,065,753) 32,744,247		(4,131,447) 29,473,553	 (4,215,258) 26,034,742
\$ 409,447,686	\$ 416,070,281	\$	427,403,386	\$ 448,420,053

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (TABLE 15)

	 2015	2016	 2017
Series 2002 MBCIDA Airport Improvement		_	
Available Revenue			
Operating Revenue	\$ 1,342,899	\$ 1,387,065	\$ 1,496,416
Expenses	(1,144,913)	(1,265,274)	(1,229,289)
Net Available Revenue	\$ 197,986	\$ 121,791	\$ 267,127
Debt Service			
Debt Service Principal	\$ 555,001	\$ 585,000	\$ 620,000
Debt Service Interest	133,725	102,895	70,400
Total Debt Service	\$ 688,726	\$ 687,895	\$ 690,400
Coverage	28.7%	17.7%	38.7%

NOTES:

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

Pledged revenue consists of airline lease and charges for services. Pledged revenue funds the payment of debt service. The General Fund provides annual transfers to fund expenses in excess of funds available after payment of debt service.

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization costs.

 2018	 2019	2020	2021
\$ 1,448,812	\$ 734,193	\$ 738,634	\$ 1,004,555
(1,340,147)	(1,320,227)	(1,789,316)	(1,938,648)
\$ 108,665	\$ (586,034)	\$ (1,050,682)	\$ (934,093)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	 -	 -	 -
\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (TABLE 16)

			2015		2016	 2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Population	(1)		152,422		154,057	153,205		152,862		153,095		153,159		153,671
Personal Income (in thousands)	(1)	\$:	5,710,667	\$:	5,896,275	\$ 5,950,607	\$ 6	5,119,162	\$ (6,385,462	\$ 6	6,539,253	\$ (6,539,253
Per Capita Personal Income	(1)	\$	37,466	\$	38,273	\$ 38,841	\$	40,031	\$	41,709	\$	42,696	\$	42,554
Unemployment Rate	(2)		8.0%		6.70%	5.90%		5.40%		4.50%		3.90%		4.50%

SOURCES:

NOTE

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of Economic Analysis. Figures are for prior calendar year.

⁽²⁾ U.S. Department of Labor Local Area Unemployment Statistics figures are for prior calendar year.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND FISCAL YEAR 2015 (TABLE 17)

	Fisc	cal Year	2021	Fise	cal Year	2015
			Percentage of Total County			Percentage of Total County
Employer	Employees ⁽¹⁾	Rank	Employment	Employees ⁽¹⁾	Rank	Employment
GEICO	6,100	1	5.47%	5,690	1	5.10%
Navicent Health of Central Georgia	4,900	2	4.39%	4,600	2	4.13%
Macon-Bibb County Board of Education	4,880	3	4.38%	3,700	3	3.32%
Macon-Bibb County, Georgia	2,125	4	1.91%	1,400	5	1.26%
Amazon Warehouse	1,560	5	1.40%			
Coliseum Health Systems	1,200	6	1.08%	2,103	4	1.89%
YKK (USA), Inc.	1,180	7	1.06%	740	7	0.66%
Walmart Super Stores	1,125	8	1.01%	937	6	0.84%
Mercer University	950	9	0.85%	600	8	0.54%
United States Postal Service	600	10	0.54%	600	9	0.54%
Totals	24,620		22.08%	20,370		18.27%
Average number of employees (2)	107,941			111,499		

SOURCES:

NOTE:

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

⁽¹⁾ Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority

⁽²⁾ Bureau of Economic Analysis

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (TABLE 18)

Function	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Government	267	212	257	238	243	217	274
Judicial	197	179	212	210	207	213	252
Public Safety	1,221	1,075	1,135	1,117	1,045	1,015	1,228
Public Works	214	163	152	135	121	122	141
Culture and Recreation	139	111	147	204	185	139	255
Housing and Development	49	46	51	42	39	25	41
Total	2,087	1,786	1,954	1,946	1,840	1,731	2,191

SOURCE:

Macon-Bibb County Budget Document

NOTES

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

The County initiated a retirement incentive program in FY 2015; over 230 employees retired in FY 2015 and FY 2016 as part of this

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (TABLE 19)

Function/Program	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Governmental activities							
Judicial:							
District Attorney cases filed	3,200	2,840	3,000	3,100	3,108	3,270	2,800
State Court cases filed	1,438	1,600	1,500	1,393	1,266	1,462	1,565
Probate Court caseload	4,857	4,857	4,857	5,276	4,474	5,977	7,774
Juvenile Court complaints and actions	1,793	1,972	2,169	1,261	953	916	579
Municipal Court tickets processed	15,415	14,596	18,000	14,895	14,833	15,506	10,285
Public Safety:							
Fire emergency calls answered	NA	NA	47,042	49,000	47,000	48,500	49,500
Animal welfare impounded animals	2,243	4,313	3,805	4,363	2,989	2,185	2,604
Housing and Development:							
Master Gardener volunteers estimated value	\$ 79,426	\$ 83,085	\$ 88,169	\$ 93,309	\$ 94,893	\$ 106,749	\$ 100,000
Business-type activities							
Tobesofkee Fund:							
Recreation individual admissions	84,640	90,000	90,000	90,000	49,214	53,307	92,507
Solid Waste Fund:							
Contract sanitation collection residential units	20,523	46,825	46,416	46,585	46,666	46,630	46,380
Airport Fund:							
Annual aircraft operations	19,692	20,000	20,000	18,500	19,260	19,800	20,300
Bowden Golf Course Fund:							
Weekend Green Fees and Carts for 18 Holes	\$ 27	\$ 25	\$ 25	\$ 28	\$ 26	\$ 26	\$ 26

SOURCE:

Macon-Bibb County Budget Document.

NOTES:

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for fiscal years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (TABLE 20)

Function	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Public Safety:							
Sheriff correction facility capacity	966	966	966	966	966	966	966
Sheriff work release center capacity	204	204	204	204	204	204	204
Fire stations	19	21	21	21	22	22	22
Public Works:							
County roads - mileage (1)	1,132	1,130	1,130	1,130	1,130	1,130	1,130
Culture and Recreation:							
Number of parks and recreation centers	128	128	128	128	129	129	129
solid Waste:							
Landfill total estimated annual tons disposed	72,261	42,573	33,907	33,652	30,204	23,000	14,43
sirport:							
Airports	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public property acres	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600
Bowden Golf Course:							
Yards of golf course	6,570	6,570	6,570	6,570	6,570	6,626	6,626
Centreplex:							
Auditorium Capacity	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700
Coliseum Capacity	9,000	9,000	9,252	9,252	9,252	9,252	9,25
obesofkee:							
Recreation area acres	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800

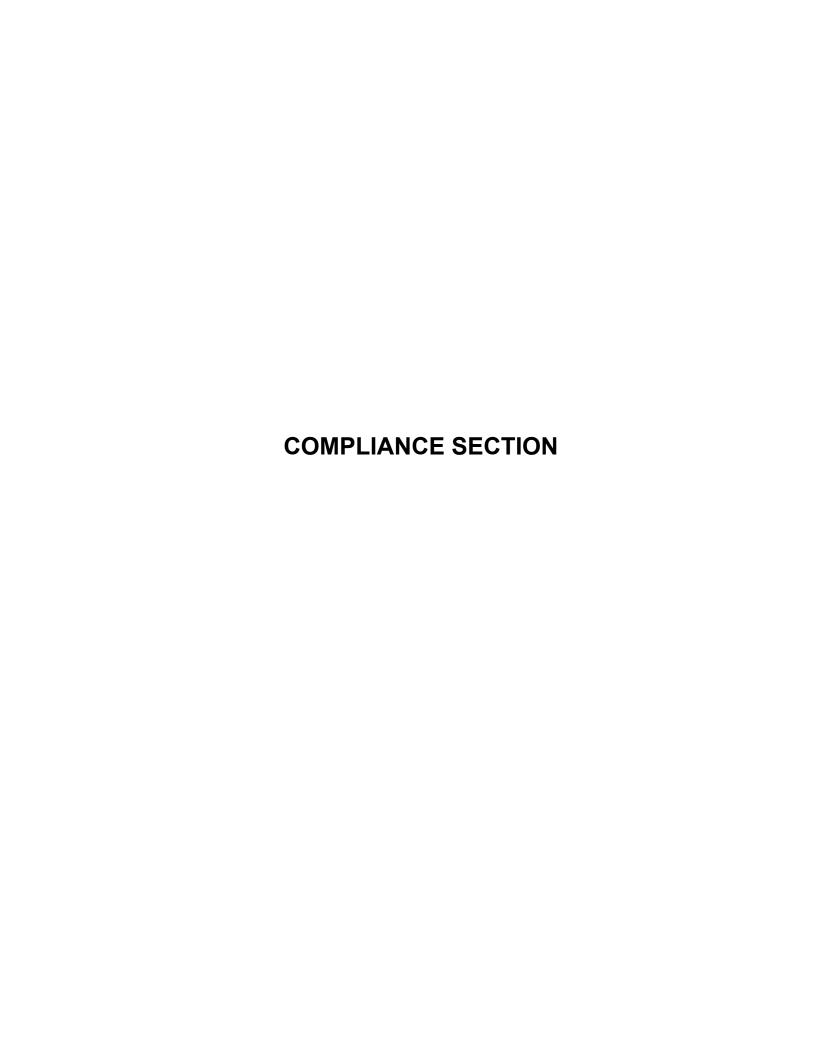
SOURCES:

Macon-Bibb County Finance Department and individual county departments, unless otherwise noted.

NOTE:

Macon-Bibb County has reduced the amount of tons received in the landfill to begin preparation for post-closure. Macon-Bibb County, Georgia was consolidated effective January 1, 2014. Information is presented for Fiscal Years 2015-2021 which represents the first seven years of the new government.

⁽¹⁾ Source - Georgia Department of Transportation - Georgia's Roadway Mileage and Characteristics Reports. Information is for County roads only.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners of Macon-Bibb County, Georgia Macon, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Macon-Bibb County, Georgia (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 15, 2022. Our report also includes a reference to other auditors. Other auditors audited the component unit financial statements of the Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority, the Middle Georgia Regional Library, the Macon-Bibb County Board of Health, the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority, the Macon-Bibb County Convention and Visitors Bureau, the Macon-Bibb County Planning and Zoning Commission, and the Development Authority of Bibb County as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Macon-Bibb County, Georgia's Response to Finding

The County's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia February 15, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Commissioners of Macon-Bibb County, Georgia Macon, Georgia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Macon-Bibb County, Georgia's (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

The County's basic financial statements include the operations of the Macon-Bibb County Transit Authority as of June 30, 2021, which received \$11,198,007 in federal awards which are not included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards of the County for the year ended June 30, 2021. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the Macon-Bibb County Transit Authority. The results of the Macon-Bibb County Transit Authority's audit in accordance with the Uniform Guidance is included in the separately issued financial statements of the Macon-Bibb County Transit Authority.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal* Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each of the Other Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program, and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia February 15, 2022

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title			Total Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development					
Community Development Block Grant Program	14.218	B14-MC-13-0005, B15-MC-13- 0005, B18-MC-13-0005, B19- MC-13-0005, B20-MW-13-0005	\$ 1,361,431	\$ 533,833	
Home Investment Partnership Program	14.239	M15-MC-13-0202, M16-MC-13- 0202, M17-MC-13-0202, M18- MC-13-0202, M19-MC-13-0202	104,598	33,714	
Emergency Solutions Program	14.231	E-18-MC-13-0005, E-19-MC-13- 0005, E-20-MW-13-0005	276,400	268,182	
(Passed through the Georgia Department of Community Affairs) Neighborhood Stabilization Program	14.228	08-NS-5066	98,656		
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			\$ 1,841,085	\$ 835,729	
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Payments for Essential Air Services	20.901	DOT-OST-2007-28671	\$ 4,576,822	\$ -	
(Passed through Georgia Department of Transportation) Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Jeffersonville Road Grant Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.205	342080-351095-351090	5,912,001 5,912,001		
Airport Improvement Program Middle Georgia Regional Airfield Beacon Downtown Runway Rehab Alternative Analysis Downtown Airport 10/28 Construction Downtown DBE Plan	20.106 20.106 20.106 20.106	AP020-9041-42 (021) AP020-9036-41 (021) AP021-9046-45 (021) FY21-23 DBE	118,257 53,241 52,062 11,385 234,945		
(Passed through Governor's Office of Highway Safety) Highway Safety Cluster H.E.A.T. Grant H.E.A.T. Grant Pedestrian Safety Pedestrian Safety Total Highway Safety Cluster Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.600 20.600 20.616 20.616	GA-2020-402 PT-026 GA-2021- FAST 402 GA-2020-405h FHX-089 GA-2021-405h FHX-044	186,317 41,166 8,547 185 236,215 \$ 10,959,983	- - - - - - \$	
U.S. Department of the Treasury					
(Passed through Georgia Governor's Office of Planning and Budget) COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund - Part 1 COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund - Part 2	21.019 21.019	GA-0000479 GA-0003654	\$ 2,405,256 5,612,263	\$ -	
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			\$ 8,017,519	\$ -	

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Identification Number	Total Expenditures		Passed Through to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security						
(Passed through Georgia Emergency Management Agency) Homeland Security Grant Program						
GEMA 18 K9	97.067	EMW-2019-SS-00072 SHO-115	\$	27,281	\$	_
GEMA 19 Homeland Fire	97.067	EMW-2019-SS-00072 SHO-93	•	2,363	•	_
GEMA 20 EOD	97.067	EMW-2020-SS-00089 SHO-39		39,200		_
Total Homeland Security Grant Program				68,844		
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	OEM20-011 PPA		49,999		
Hazard Mitigation	97.039	HMPG 4284-0017		2,100		
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			\$	120,943	\$	-
U.S. Department of Justice						
Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program						
JAG 2017	16.738	2017-DJ-BX-0405	\$	16,984	\$	-
JAG 2019	16.738	2019-DJ-BX-0702		29,947		-
Coronavirus Supplement	16.738	2020-VD-BX-0942	1	96,210		-
Total Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program				143,141		-
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program						
Domestic Violence SCF Initiative	16.828	2018-HO-BX-0004		54,633		
Victim Witness Assistance Program						
Victim Witness Assistance - SG 20	16.576	C18-8-264		42,553		-
Victim Witness Assistance - DA 20	16.576	C18-8-264		20,854		-
Victim Witness Assistance - DA Comp Advocate 20	16.576	C18-8-263		18,294		-
Victim Witness Assistance - SG 21	16.576	C19-8-103		115,734		-
Victim Witness Assistance - DA 21	16.576	C19-8-103		97,596		-
Victim Witness Assistance - DA Comp Advocate 21	16.576	C18-8-102		58,215		-
2019 S.T.O.P. VAWA	16.576	w19-8-026		24,989		-
2020 S.T.O.P. VAWA	16.576	w20-8-054		25,658		-
Total Victim Witness Assistance Program				403,893		
Total U.S. Department of Justice			\$	601,667	\$	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2	1,541,197	\$	835,729

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Macon-Bibb County, Georgia (the "County"), and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code* of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2. DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The County chose not to use the 10% de minimis cost rate for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 3. NON-CASH AWARDS

The County did not receive non-cash federal awards during the year ended June 30, 2021.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared				
in accordance with GAAP	Unmodified			
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?	_X_YesNo			
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	YesX_None Reported			
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	YesX_No			
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:	Vaa. V. Na			
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No			
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes _X_None Reported			
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200516(a)?	Yes <u>X</u> No			
Identification of major programs:				
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
21.019	Coronavirus Relief Fund			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between				
Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000			
Auditee gualified as low risk auditee?	Vac			

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2021 - 001. Management of Grant Revenue, Receivables, Unavailable Revenues, and Unearned Revenues

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles require revenues to be recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned. As part of this processes, the County should review all revenue transactions to determine reporting in the proper period.

Condition: The County did not properly account for grant revenues and the related receivables and unavailable revenues in the Grants Fund.

Context: During our testing of grant revenues and related receivables and unavailable revenues, we noted amounts that were not properly stated. An adjustment to the Grants Fund was made to properly reflect these balances.

Cause: Management oversight.

Effect: The following adjustment was made to properly state the grant revenues and related receivables and unavailable revenues:

• An entry to increase accounts receivable by \$12,018, increase unavailable revenues by \$1,018,047, and decrease grant revenues by \$1,006,029.

Recommendation: We recommend that the County establish procedures to review all grant activity after year-end to determine reporting in the proper period.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action: We concur. We will establish procedures to review all grant activity after year-end to determine reporting in the proper period.

SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

None reported.



Macon-Bibb County Finance Office 700 Poplar Street Room 307 Macon, Georgia 31201 Phone: (478) 751-7240

Fax: (478) 751-7252

Christy W. Iuliucci Finance Director Karen B. McDuffie Assistant Finance Director

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

2021 - 001 Management of Grant Revenue, Receivables, Unavailable Revenues and Unearned Revenues

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action Plan: Christy Iuliucci, Finance Director

Corrective Action Plan: Management will implement a process to verify all grant activity is reported in the proper period.

Anticipated Completion Date: Fiscal year 2022